

used jetter for sale

Used Jetter for Sale: Your Comprehensive Guide to Buying Quality Sewer Cleaning Equipment

If you're in the market for reliable and cost-effective sewer cleaning solutions, a **used jetter for sale** might be the perfect choice. These powerful machines are essential for plumbers, municipal maintenance crews, and industrial facilities looking to maintain clean and functional sewer lines without the high costs of brand-new equipment. This guide will walk you through everything you need to know about purchasing a used jetter, including benefits, key features, considerations, and tips for making an informed decision.

Understanding Used Jetter Equipment

What is a Jetting Machine?

A jetter, also known as a high-pressure water jetting machine, is equipment designed to clear blockages and debris from sewer lines, pipes, and drains using high-pressure water streams. These machines typically feature a water pump, a hose reel, and a powerful water jetting nozzle.

Why Choose a Used Jetter?

Opting for a used jetter can offer several advantages:

1. **Cost Savings:** Significant reduction in purchase price compared to new equipment.
2. **Immediate Availability:** Used machines are often ready for quick deployment, avoiding long lead times.
3. **Proven Performance:** Many used jetters have a track record of reliable operation if properly maintained.
4. **Eco-Friendly:** Purchasing used equipment supports reuse and recycling efforts, reducing environmental impact.

Key Features to Consider When Buying a Used Jetter

1. Power and Pressure Capabilities

The effectiveness of a jetter depends largely on its pressure and flow rate:

- **Pressure (PSI):** Ranges from 2,000 to over 10,000 PSI depending on application (e.g., residential, industrial).
- **Flow Rate (GPM):** Impacts cleaning efficiency; higher GPM is suitable for tougher blockages.

2. Pump Type and Condition

- **Types of Pumps:** Triplex plunger pumps are common for heavy-duty tasks, while axial piston pumps are suitable for lighter work.
- **Condition:** Check for signs of wear, leaks, and maintenance history.

3. Hose Length and Diameter

- **Hose Length:** Ranges typically from 50 to 400 feet; longer hoses are better for extensive sewer lines.
- **Diameter:** Usually between $\frac{1}{2}$ inch to $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch; larger diameters handle more debris and higher pressures.

4. Mobility and Size

- Consider whether the jetter is portable or trailer-mounted based on your work environment.
- Compact models are easier to transport and store.

5. Additional Features

- **Rotating Nozzles:** Enhance cleaning power.
- **Dual-Pressure Settings:** Provide versatility for different tasks.
- **Water Tank Capacity:** Affects operational runtime; larger tanks mean longer work without refilling.

Benefits of Buying a Used Jetter

Cost Efficiency

Purchasing a used jetter can save you up to 50-70% compared to new models, allowing small businesses and municipalities to access high-quality equipment within budget constraints.

Availability and Variety

Used equipment is often readily available through auctions, dealers, or private sellers, providing a broader selection of brands, models, and configurations.

Proven Reliability

Many used jetters have demonstrated durability over years of service, especially when purchased from reputable sources with detailed maintenance records.

Environmental Impact

Opting for used equipment supports sustainable practices by extending the lifecycle of machinery and reducing waste.

Where to Find Used Jetter for Sale

1. Certified Equipment Dealers

Many dealers specialize in used industrial and sewer cleaning equipment, offering inspected and refurbished machines with warranties.

2. Online Marketplaces

Popular platforms include:

- MachineryTrader
- Ritchie Bros. Auctioneers

- eBay
- IronPlanet

Always verify seller credibility and request detailed photos and maintenance history.

3. Auctions and Liquidation Sales

Industrial auctions often feature used jetters from companies upgrading their fleet. These can be excellent opportunities for bargains but require careful inspection.

4. Local Equipment Resellers and Classifieds

Check local listings or contact resellers who may have used jetters available for immediate inspection and purchase.

Inspection and Evaluation Tips for Used Jetter Purchases

1. Visual Inspection

- Look for signs of corrosion, rust, or physical damage.
- Check hoses, nozzles, and fittings for wear or cracks.
- Inspect the pump and engine for leaks or corrosion.

2. Operational Testing

- If possible, run the jetter to assess pressure output and water flow.
- Listen for unusual noises from the pump or engine.
- Verify that all controls and safety features function correctly.

3. Review Maintenance Records

- Look for consistent servicing, part replacements, and repairs.
- Request documentation for recent repairs or upgrades.

4. Evaluate the Usage History

- Understand the duration and intensity of use.
- Ask about previous applications to assess wear levels.

Cost Considerations and Budget Planning

Typical Price Range for Used Jetter

- Small, lightweight models: \$5,000 - \$15,000
- Mid-range, trailer-mounted units: \$15,000 - \$40,000
- Heavy-duty, industrial models: \$40,000 and above

Additional Costs to Budget For

- Transportation and delivery charges
- Necessary repairs or refurbishments
- Accessories and replacement parts
- Operational training if required

Tips for a Successful Purchase

1. Define your specific needs and operational scope to select the right model.
2. Research multiple sources and compare prices and conditions.
3. Prioritize purchasing from reputable dealers with transparent histories.
4. Inspect the equipment thoroughly or hire a professional inspector.
5. Negotiate terms, warranties, and after-sales support.
6. Ensure compatibility with your existing infrastructure and accessories.

Maintenance and Care for Your Used Jetter

Regular Maintenance Tasks

- Check and replace pump seals and valves periodically.
- Inspect hoses and nozzles for wear and replace as needed.
- Lubricate moving parts and inspect belts and filters.
- Flush the system after each use to prevent corrosion and buildup.

Storage Tips

- Store in a dry, sheltered environment.
- Protect hoses and electrical components from weather exposure.
- Perform routine inspections before and after deployment.

Conclusion

Investing in a **used jetter for sale** can be a strategic move for contractors, municipal agencies, and industrial facilities looking to expand their sewer cleaning capabilities without overspending. By understanding the key features, assessing the condition of equipment, and following best practices during the purchasing process, you can secure a reliable, high-quality machine that meets your operational needs. Remember, thorough inspection and reputable sourcing are critical to ensuring your investment pays off in performance and longevity. With the right used jetter, you'll be well-equipped to tackle sewer maintenance challenges efficiently and cost-effectively.

Frequently Asked Questions

What should I consider when buying a used jetter?

When purchasing a used jetter, consider its age, hours of use, maintenance history, condition of key components like the pump and hoses, and whether it comes with a warranty or after-sales support.

Where can I find reliable used jetters for sale?

Reliable sources include industrial equipment dealerships, online marketplaces like eBay or Equipment Trader, and specialized plumbing or sewer line equipment sellers. Always verify seller reputation and inspect the equipment before purchase.

How much does a used jetter typically cost?

Prices vary based on the jetter's size, age, and condition, but generally used jetters range from \$2,000 to \$10,000. Higher-end, commercial-grade models may cost more, while smaller or older units are more affordable.

What are the advantages of buying a used jetter over a new one?

Buying a used jetter can offer significant cost savings, immediate availability, and access to high-quality equipment at a lower price. However, it's important to thoroughly inspect the unit to ensure reliability.

Are there any risks associated with purchasing a used jetter?

Yes, risks include potential wear and tear, hidden damages, or outdated technology. To mitigate these risks, request maintenance records, conduct a thorough inspection, and if possible, test the equipment before purchase.

How do I ensure the used jetter I buy is in good working condition?

Ensure the jetter is tested prior to purchase, check for leaks, verify the condition of the pump and motor, review maintenance history, and consider having it inspected by a professional technician if possible.

Additional Resources

Used Jetter for Sale: A Comprehensive Guide to Buying and Utilizing Second-Hand Jetters

In the realm of industrial cleaning and maintenance, used jetters for sale have gained significant attention among contractors, municipalities, and

facility managers seeking cost-effective yet reliable solutions for their pipe and sewer cleaning needs. As high-pressure water jetting becomes a standard method for removing blockages, grease, and debris from pipelines, the demand for quality used jetters has grown. This article provides an in-depth exploration of the used jetter market, detailing what buyers should consider, the benefits and risks involved, and practical tips to ensure a successful purchase.

Understanding the Used Jetter Market

Used jetters refer to high-pressure water jetting machines that have been previously owned but are still operational and available for resale. The market for used jetters has expanded alongside the increasing adoption of hydro-jetting technology, driven by the need for efficient, environmentally friendly cleaning methods.

Market drivers include:

- Cost Savings: New jetters can be expensive, often costing tens of thousands of dollars. Buying used can reduce capital expenditure significantly.
- Availability of Diverse Equipment: The secondary market offers a wide variety of models suited for different applications, from small residential jobs to heavy-duty industrial tasks.
- Flexibility for Smaller Operations: Smaller companies or startups may prefer used equipment to test the waters before investing in new machinery.

Market challenges include:

- Variability in equipment condition
- Limited warranties or after-sales support
- The need for thorough inspection and evaluation before purchase

Types of Used Jetter Equipment Available

Used jetters are available in several configurations, each suited for specific applications:

1. Trailer-Mounted Jetters

- Portable and easy to tow
- Suitable for municipal sewer cleaning, industrial applications
- Typically range in pressure from 3,000 to 20,000 PSI

2. Truck-Mounted Jetters

- Installed on service trucks
- High pressure and flow capabilities
- Ideal for large-scale or continuous operations

3. Handheld or Small-Scale Jetters

- Compact units for residential or small commercial use
- Lower pressure, portable, and lightweight

Key specifications to consider:

- Pressure (PSI): Determines the force of water jetting
- Flow Rate (GPM): Influences cleaning speed
- Tank Size: Affects operational duration
- Power Source: Gas engine, diesel, or electric motors
- Hose Length and Diameter: For reaching different pipe lengths and diameters

Advantages of Buying a Used Jetter

Opting for a used jetter offers several notable benefits:

Cost-Effectiveness

- Significant savings compared to new equipment
- Potential for negotiating favorable terms

Immediate Availability

- Used jetters are often ready for quick delivery
- Less lead time than custom-building a new machine

Access to Higher-End Models

- Purchase higher-capacity or advanced models that might be unaffordable new

Trial and Testing

- Opportunity to assess equipment performance before committing to a new purchase

Risks and Considerations When Purchasing Used Jetter Equipment

While there are clear advantages, buyers must be aware of potential risks:

Equipment Condition and Reliability

- Used jetters may have wear and tear, affecting performance
- Hidden damages or prior misuse can lead to costly repairs

Lack of Warranty and Support

- Many used units are sold "as-is," with limited or no warranties
- After-sales support may be limited, making repairs challenging

Compatibility and Upgrades

- Older models may lack modern features or compatibility with newer accessories
- Upgrading components can incur additional costs

Legal and Certification Issues

- Ensure equipment complies with current safety and environmental standards
- Verify ownership and avoid purchasing stolen or illegally obtained equipment

How to Evaluate and Purchase a Used Jetter

To ensure a successful acquisition, buyers should follow a systematic evaluation process:

1. Verify Seller Credibility

- Purchase from reputable dealers or certified refurbishers
- Request references or reviews from previous buyers

2. Conduct a Thorough Inspection

- Check the overall physical condition: rust, leaks, hose integrity
- Review maintenance records if available
- Test key functions: pressure output, flow rate, motor operation

3. Request Operational Demonstrations

- Observe the jetter in action
- Confirm it meets specified performance parameters

4. Review Equipment History

- Age of the equipment
- Past usage and maintenance history
- Previous repairs and modifications

5. Clarify Terms and Warranties

- Understand the sale terms
- Check for any warranties or return policies
- Inquire about available parts and service support

Cost Range and Market Pricing

Pricing for used jetters varies widely based on:

- Equipment type and size
- Age and hours of operation
- Condition and maintenance history
- Brand reputation and model features

Typical price ranges:

Equipment Type	Price Range (USD)
Small handheld jetters	\$1,000 – \$5,000
Trailer-mounted jetters	\$10,000 – \$30,000
Truck-mounted jetters	\$30,000 – \$100,000+

Buyers should compare prices across multiple sources, including online marketplaces, specialized dealers, and auctions, to identify fair market value.

Where to Find Used Jetter Equipment for Sale

Several channels facilitate access to used jetters:

- Online Marketplaces: Websites like MachineryTrader, EquipNet, and eBay often list used jetters.
- Specialized Dealers: Companies that refurbish and sell used industrial equipment.
- Auctions: Industrial equipment auctions can offer opportunities for competitive pricing.
- Trade Shows and Industry Events: Opportunities to inspect equipment and establish dealer relationships.
- Local Classifieds and Equipment Resellers: Regional sources may offer immediate access and personalized service.

Future Trends and Considerations

The used jetter market is influenced by technological advancements and environmental regulations. Trends include:

- Integration of Smart Technology: Remote monitoring, diagnostics, and automation features are becoming more common, even in used equipment.
- Focus on Sustainability: Eco-friendly features and energy-efficient motors may increase the value of newer or well-maintained used jetters.
- Reconditioning and Certification Programs: Certified pre-owned programs can provide added confidence and warranty options.

Conclusion: Making an Informed Purchase Decision

Purchasing a used jetter can be a strategic move for many organizations looking to balance cost and performance. However, success hinges on diligent evaluation, understanding of market dynamics, and careful negotiation. Buyers should prioritize equipment condition, seller credibility, and after-sales support to maximize the value of their investment.

By thoroughly researching and assessing available options, organizations can acquire reliable, high-performing used jetters that serve their operational

needs effectively while remaining within budget. As the industry continues to evolve, the used jetter market is poised to become an increasingly vital resource for cost-conscious professionals seeking quality and efficiency in pipeline maintenance.

Used Jetter For Sale

used jetter for sale: American Miller , 1928

used jetter for sale: American bankruptcy reports , 1906

used jetter for sale: *The Northwestern Reporter* , 1912

used jetter for sale: American Bankruptcy Reports, Annotated ... , 1906

used jetter for sale: *Domestic Engineering and the Journal of Mechanical Contracting* , 1929

used jetter for sale: *The Driller* , 1964

used jetter for sale: Benjamin's Treatise on the Law of Sale of Personal Property with References to the American Decisions Judah Philip Benjamin, Arthur Beilby Pearson, Hugh Fenwick Boyd, Charles Lyon Corbin, 2024-01-09 Reprint of the original, first published in 1883.

used jetter for sale: American Druggists' Circular and Chemical Gazette , 1863

used jetter for sale: *The Jewelers' Circular* , 1917

used jetter for sale: *Domestic Engineering* , 1929

used jetter for sale: *Michigan Municipal Review* , 1999

used jetter for sale: California Cultivator , 1918

used jetter for sale: American Brewers' Review , 1905

used jetter for sale: *Farm Implement News* , 1922

used jetter for sale: *Weekly Florists' Review* Gilbert Leonard Grant, 1913

used jetter for sale: Farm Machinery and Equipment , 1899

used jetter for sale: *Official Gazette of the United States Patent Office* United States. Patent Office, 1937

used jetter for sale: *O.C.S. Oversight of 1978 Amendments* United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on the Outer Continental Shelf, 1979

used jetter for sale: *American Florist* , 1902

used jetter for sale: *A Digest of the Decisions Under the National Bankruptcy Act of 1898 Reported in the American Bankruptcy Reports, Volumes 1 to [27] Inclusive, (1898-1942) and of the Notes Therein Contained, with a Table of the Decisions Reported Therein and a Table of Sections of the Act of 1898, Construed In, Or Considered In, Or Affected By, Such Decisions* Melvin Thomas Bender, Harold Jay Hinman, 1909

Related to used jetter for sale

"I use to", or "I used to" - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange The important part is that "used to" must be pronounced /yustə/, with an /st/, not a /zd/. This is true for the past terminative idiom in this example, and also for the different idiom

use vs. used what is the correct usage? [duplicate] I am trying to find out if this question is correct. Did Wang Bo used to be awkward? Should I write "use to be" instead of "used to be," or is "used to be" correct in this sentence?

grammaticality - "Is used" vs. "has been used" vs. "was used" 8 It has been used as the symbol is correct here. Use Present Perfect when the action referred to started in the past, and either continues (or continues to have relevance) at the time of

The difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" [closed] What is the difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" and when to use each of them? Here, I have read the following

example: I used to do something: "I used to drink

When is "some" used as plural and when is it used as singular? I am trying to explain to an ESL student how to understand when to treat "some" as plural and when to treat it as singular. One clear rule is when "some" is the subject followed

'I was using', 'I have used', 'I have been using', 'I had used' - what I have used cocaine. I took cocaine at least once sometime in the past. I was using cocaine. In the past, I was a habitual user of cocaine. EDIT: As the comment says, this can

"Used to" or "used for"? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange To me, "used to" and "used for" are incompatible, as shown in the examples below. However, I am unable to substantiate this. MS Word doesn't "see" the differences, so I turned to

word choice - When should we use "and" and/or "and/or"? - English It is used within the AP Stylebook, for example. I have never seen a reference to and/or in any spoken English textbooks, and as such, when answering how it is spoken, I can only speak

differences - Didn't used to or didn't use to? - English Language Here is a question that has been nagging me for a few years: Which is the right usage: "Didn't used to" or "didn't use to?"

Examples: We lived on the coast for years but we

What's the negation of "I used to be"? Surely not "I didn't used to be"? What is the negative form of "I used to be"? I often hear "I didn't used to be" but that sounds awfully wrong in my ears

"I use to", or "I used to" - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange The important part is that "used to" must be pronounced /yustə/, with an /st/, not a /zd/. This is true for the past terminative idiom in this example, and also for the different idiom

use vs. used what is the correct usage? [duplicate] I am trying to find out if this question is correct. Did Wang Bo used to be awkward? Should I write "use to be" instead of "used to be," or is "used to be" correct in this sentence?

grammaticality - "Is used" vs. "has been used" vs. "was used" 8 It has been used as the symbol is correct here. Use Present Perfect when the action referred to started in the past, and either continues (or continues to have relevance) at the time of

The difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" [closed] What is the difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" and when to use each of them? Here, I have read the following example: I used to do something: "I used to drink

When is "some" used as plural and when is it used as singular? I am trying to explain to an ESL student how to understand when to treat "some" as plural and when to treat it as singular. One clear rule is when "some" is the subject followed

'I was using', 'I have used', 'I have been using', 'I had used' - what I have used cocaine. I took cocaine at least once sometime in the past. I was using cocaine. In the past, I was a habitual user of cocaine. EDIT: As the comment says, this can

"Used to" or "used for"? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange To me, "used to" and "used for" are incompatible, as shown in the examples below. However, I am unable to substantiate this. MS Word doesn't "see" the differences, so I turned to

word choice - When should we use "and" and/or "and/or"? - English It is used within the AP Stylebook, for example. I have never seen a reference to and/or in any spoken English textbooks, and as such, when answering how it is spoken, I can only speak

differences - Didn't used to or didn't use to? - English Language Here is a question that has been nagging me for a few years: Which is the right usage: "Didn't used to" or "didn't use to?"

Examples: We lived on the coast for years but we

What's the negation of "I used to be"? Surely not "I didn't used to be"? What is the negative form of "I used to be"? I often hear "I didn't used to be" but that sounds awfully wrong in my ears

"I use to", or "I used to" - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange The important part is that "used to" must be pronounced /yustə/, with an /st/, not a /zd/. This is true for the past terminative idiom in this example, and also for the different idiom

use vs. used what is the correct usage? [duplicate] I am trying to find out if this question is

correct. Did Wang Bo used to be awkward? Should I write "use to be" instead of "used to be," or is "used to be" correct in this sentence?

grammaticality - "Is used" vs. "has been used" vs. "was used" 8 It has been used as the symbol is correct here. Use Present Perfect when the action referred to started in the past, and either continues (or continues to have relevance) at the time of

The difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" [closed] What is the difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" and when to use each of them? Here, I have read the following example: I used to do something: "I used to drink

When is "some" used as plural and when is it used as singular? I am trying to explain to an ESL student how to understand when to treat "some" as plural and when to treat it as singular. One clear rule is when "some" is the subject followed

'I was using', 'I have used', 'I have been using', 'I had used' - what I have used cocaine. I took cocaine at least once sometime in the past. I was using cocaine. In the past, I was a habitual user of cocaine. EDIT: As the comment says, this can

"Used to" or "used for"? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange To me, "used to" and "used for" are incompatible, as shown in the examples below. However, I am unable to substantiate this. MS Word doesn't "see" the differences, so I turned to "Essential

word choice - When should we use "and" and/or "and/or"? It is used within the AP Stylebook, for example. I have never seen a reference to and/or in any spoken English textbooks, and as such, when answering how it is spoken, I can only speak

differences - Didn't used to or didn't use to? - English Language Here is a question that has been nagging me for a few years: Which is the right usage: "Didn't used to" or "didn't use to?" Examples: We lived on the coast for years but we

What's the negation of "I used to be"? Surely not "I didn't used to What is the negative form of "I used to be"? I often hear "I didn't used to be" but that sounds awfully wrong in my ears

"I use to", or "I used to" - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange The important part is that "used to" must be pronounced /yustə/, with an /st/, not a /zd/. This is true for the past terminative idiom in this example, and also for the different idiom

use vs. used what is the correct usage? [duplicate] I am trying to find out if this question is correct. Did Wang Bo used to be awkward? Should I write "use to be" instead of "used to be," or is "used to be" correct in this sentence?

grammaticality - "Is used" vs. "has been used" vs. "was used" 8 It has been used as the symbol is correct here. Use Present Perfect when the action referred to started in the past, and either continues (or continues to have relevance) at the time of

The difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" [closed] What is the difference between "I used to" and "I'm used to" and when to use each of them? Here, I have read the following example: I used to do something: "I used to drink

When is "some" used as plural and when is it used as singular? I am trying to explain to an ESL student how to understand when to treat "some" as plural and when to treat it as singular. One clear rule is when "some" is the subject followed

'I was using', 'I have used', 'I have been using', 'I had used' - what I have used cocaine. I took cocaine at least once sometime in the past. I was using cocaine. In the past, I was a habitual user of cocaine. EDIT: As the comment says, this can

"Used to" or "used for"? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange To me, "used to" and "used for" are incompatible, as shown in the examples below. However, I am unable to substantiate this. MS Word doesn't "see" the differences, so I turned to "Essential

word choice - When should we use "and" and/or "and/or"? It is used within the AP Stylebook, for example. I have never seen a reference to and/or in any spoken English textbooks, and as such, when answering how it is spoken, I can only speak

differences - Didn't used to or didn't use to? - English Language Here is a question that has been nagging me for a few years: Which is the right usage: "Didn't used to" or "didn't use to?"

Examples: We lived on the coast for years but we

What's the negation of "I used to be"? Surely not "I didn't used to What is the negative form of "I used to be"? I often hear "I didn't used to be" but that sounds awfully wrong in my ears

Related Articles

- [introduction to criminal justice practice and process 4th edition pdf](#)
- [1750 form army](#)
- [houghton mifflin reading grade 3 pdf](#)

[Back to Home](#)