

Islam and the Antichrist

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Understanding the relationship between Islam and the concept of the Antichrist involves exploring Islamic eschatology, the signs of the Day of Judgment, and how these beliefs compare and contrast with other religious traditions. This comprehensive overview aims to shed light on the Islamic perspective regarding the Antichrist, known in Arabic as Al-Masih ad-Dajjal, and the role he plays in end-times scenarios.

Islamic Eschatology and the Concept of the Antichrist

Islamic teachings, derived from the Quran and Hadith (sayings and actions of Prophet Muhammad), contain detailed descriptions of the events surrounding the end of the world. Central to these descriptions is the appearance of the Antichrist figure, Dajjal, who is considered a major sign of the approaching Day of Judgment.

Who is Dajjal in Islamic Belief?

Dajjal is depicted as a deceiving false messiah who will emerge during a time of chaos and upheaval. His role is to mislead people, promote falsehood, and test their faith before the final divine intervention.

Key traits of Dajjal include:

- Having one eye, often described as "blind" or "deformed."
- Performing false miracles to deceive people.
- Claiming divinity or prophecy.
- Spreading corruption and chaos globally.

Sources of Islamic Texts on Dajjal

The primary sources mentioning Dajjal are:

1. The Hadith Collections, particularly Sahih Muslim and Sahih Bukhari.
2. Descriptions in the Quran, though less explicit, are supplemented by prophetic traditions.

These texts depict Dajjal as a major fitnah (trial) for humanity, emphasizing the importance of vigilance and faith.

Signs of the Coming of Dajjal

Islamic eschatology outlines various signs indicating the imminent appearance of Dajjal. These signs are categorized as minor and major signs, with Dajjal's emergence considered one of the major signs.

Minor Signs

Minor signs include:

- Widespread moral decay and corruption.
- Loss of trustworthiness and honesty.
- Prevalence of false prophets and deceitful leaders.
- Increased natural disasters and societal upheaval.
- Widespread ignorance and decline in religious knowledge.

Major Signs

Major signs occur closer to the Day of Judgment and include:

- The appearance of Dajjal.
- The descent of Prophet Jesus (Isa), who will confront Dajjal.
- The emergence of Gog and Magog (Yajuj and Majuj).
- The rising of the Sun from the west.
- The appearance of the Beast (Dabbat al-ard) that will speak to people.

The emergence of Dajjal is considered one of the most significant and dangerous signs, requiring believers to remain steadfast.

The Role of Prophet Jesus in Islamic End-Times Beliefs

A distinctive feature of Islamic eschatology is the expectation of the return of Prophet Jesus (Isa) at the end of times.

Prophet Jesus' Return and Confrontation with Dajjal

Islam teaches that:

- Jesus will descend from the heavens, specifically from the eastern sky, in Damascus or near Jerusalem.
- He will identify Dajjal and confront him, ultimately defeating him.
- Jesus will restore justice, uphold the true monotheistic faith, and establish peace.
- His return signifies the triumph of righteousness over falsehood.

This narrative underscores the importance of faith and vigilance against deception.

Differences and Similarities with Christian Concepts of the Antichrist

While both Islam and Christianity discuss a figure associated with deception and evil in the end times, there are notable differences and similarities.

Similarities

- Both traditions describe a deceptive figure who claims divinity or messianic status.
- The figure appears during a time of chaos and tests the faith of believers.
- Destruction and chaos follow the emergence of this figure.
- Both figures are ultimately defeated by a divine figure—Jesus in Christianity and Prophet Jesus (Isa) in Islam.

Differences

- The Christian Antichrist (Antichrist) is often depicted as a singular charismatic leader who opposes Christ and persecutes believers, whereas Dajjal is a deceiving false messiah with specific physical traits.
- Islam emphasizes Dajjal's physical deformity and the miracles he performs to deceive, whereas Christian descriptions focus more on his theological and political opposition to Christ.
- In Islam, Dajjal's appearance is a temporary test before Jesus' return; in Christianity, the Antichrist is often associated with a broader period of tribulation and the rise of the Antichrist regime.

Theological Lessons and Moral Implications

Islamic teachings about Dajjal serve as moral guidance for believers, emphasizing key lessons:

1. **Vigilance and Faith:** Believers are encouraged to remain steadfast in faith and avoid deception.
2. **Knowledge and Awareness:** Learning about the signs of Dajjal helps believers recognize and resist his influence.
3. **Trust in Divine Protection:** Muslims are taught to seek refuge in Allah from the trials of Dajjal, especially through prayers and supplication.
4. **Unity and Justice:** The end-times scenario underscores the importance of justice, righteousness, and reliance on divine guidance.

Islamic scholars often advise Muslims to recite specific supplications, such as the Dua for protection against Dajjal, and to adhere to the teachings of Islam.

Contemporary Perspectives and Interpretations

Modern scholars and believers interpret the descriptions of Dajjal in various ways:

- **Literal Interpretation:** Some view Dajjal as a literal, physical figure who will appear in the future.

- Symbolic Interpretation: Others see Dajjal as a symbol of widespread deception, materialism, and moral decline.
- Globalization and Technology: The rise of global interconnectedness and technological advancements are sometimes seen as signs aligning with descriptions of Dajjal's deception.

Despite differing views, the consensus emphasizes the importance of holding onto faith and understanding the signs to prepare for the end times.

Conclusion

Islam's perspective on the Antichrist, Dajjal, is rooted in detailed prophetic traditions that highlight his significance as a major end-times trial. Recognizing the signs, understanding the role of Prophet Jesus (Isa), and adhering to Islamic teachings are crucial for believers facing these challenges. The Islamic view emphasizes the temporary nature of Dajjal's deception and the ultimate victory of divine justice with the return of Prophet Jesus. By studying these teachings, Muslims aim to strengthen their faith, remain vigilant, and prepare for the divine events foretold in their scriptures.

Summary of Key Points:

- Dajjal is a deceptive figure with specific physical traits, emerging before the Day of Judgment.
- Prophet Jesus (Isa) will return, confront Dajjal, and restore justice.
- Signs of Dajjal's appearance include societal chaos, moral decline, and natural disasters.
- Believers are encouraged to remain steadfast, seek divine protection, and recognize the signs.
- Islamic teachings share similarities with Christian concepts but differ in details and emphasis.

Understanding the Islamic perspective on the Antichrist provides insight into the broader narrative of faith, perseverance, and divine justice that is central to Muslim eschatology.

Frequently Asked Questions

What does Islamic theology say about the appearance of the Antichrist (Al-Dajjal)?

In Islamic teachings, Al-Dajjal is considered a major sign of the Day of Judgment, described as a false messianic figure who will appear before the end times to deceive people. Muslims believe he will have special abilities and will be a major test of faith before the return of Jesus (Isa).

How is the Antichrist described in the Hadiths compared to Christian texts?

Hadiths describe Al-Dajjal as a deceiver with one eye, capable of performing miracles to mislead people, whereas Christian texts often depict the Antichrist as a charismatic figure opposing Christ. Both portray him as a major deceiver, but Islamic descriptions emphasize his specific physical features and role as a false prophet.

What are the signs of the Antichrist's arrival according to Islamic tradition?

Islamic sources mention several signs, including the appearance of Al-Dajjal, the descent of Jesus (Isa), the emergence of the Beast, widespread corruption, and the loss of faith among people, leading up to the end of the world.

What is the Islamic perspective on how to protect oneself from the Antichrist?

Muslims are advised to seek refuge in Allah through prayers, recitation of specific verses from the Quran (like Surah Al-Kahf), and following the teachings of Prophet Muhammad to safeguard against the deception of Al-Dajjal.

Does Islam believe the Antichrist will be a physical being or a metaphorical figure?

Islamic teachings generally describe Al-Dajjal as a physical being with specific features, though some interpretations see him as a symbol of widespread deception and corruption. The majority view is that he will be a real person who appears as part of the end times signs.

How do Islamic teachings reconcile the Antichrist with the concept of monotheism?

Islam emphasizes that Al-Dajjal's deception will test believers' faith in the oneness of Allah. Muslims are instructed to recognize his false claims and remain steadfast in their belief in Allah's sovereignty to resist his influence.

What role does Jesus (Isa) play in defeating the Antichrist in Islamic eschatology?

According to Islamic tradition, Jesus will return to Earth, confront and kill Al-Dajjal, and restore justice and faith. His return is a key event in ending the deception of the Antichrist and establishing a period of peace.

Are there any common misconceptions about Islam and the Antichrist?

A common misconception is that Islam views Al-Dajjal as the same as the Christian Antichrist, but while both figures symbolize deception, their descriptions and roles differ in their respective religious teachings. Islam emphasizes the physical presence of Al-Dajjal as a test for believers.

Additional Resources

Islam and the Antichrist: An In-Depth Analysis of End Times Prophecies and Religious Perspectives

The topic of Islam and the Antichrist has garnered significant interest among theologians, scholars, and believers across different faiths. It delves into the complex intersection of Islamic eschatology, Christian prophetic traditions, and how these beliefs interpret the figure of the Antichrist—known in Islamic tradition as the Dajjal—and their potential implications in the end times. Understanding this subject requires a nuanced examination of religious texts, prophetic narratives, and the theological differences and similarities between Islam and Christianity regarding eschatological figures.

Understanding the Concept of the Antichrist in Christianity

The Biblical Foundations of the Antichrist

In Christian theology, the Antichrist is often portrayed as a deceiver and false messiah who will emerge during the end times. The primary biblical sources referencing the Antichrist include:

- 1 John and 2 John: These epistles mention the spirit of the Antichrist and warn believers about deceivers who deny Christ.
- 2 Thessalonians 2:3-4: Describes the "man of lawlessness" who opposes God and exalts himself above all that is called God.
- The Book of Revelation (Chapter 13): Introduces a beast that rises from the sea, often associated with the Antichrist figure.

Characteristics and Role of the Antichrist in Christian Eschatology

The Antichrist is typically characterized as:

- A charismatic leader who deceives many.
- A figure who performs false miracles and signs.
- Someone who promotes a global system opposed to God's commandments.
- The ultimate opponent of Christ, culminating in a final battle at Armageddon.

Christian teachings often see the Antichrist as a singular individual who will appear before the Second Coming of Jesus Christ, deceiving many and establishing a false peace before God's judgment.

Islamic Perspectives on the Dajjal (Antichrist)

The Dajjal in Islamic Eschatology

In Islam, the figure most closely associated with the Christian Antichrist is the Dajjal. The term "Dajjal" literally means "deceiver" or "liar," and Islamic traditions describe him as a major sign of the approaching Day of Judgment.

Sources and Narratives about the Dajjal

The primary sources about the Dajjal include:

- Hadith Collections: Sayings of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him), notably in Sahih Bukhari and Sahih Muslim.
- Qur'anic References: While the Qur'an does not explicitly mention the Dajjal, some scholars interpret certain verses as allusions to deception and false messianic figures.

Characteristics and Signs of the Dajjal

Islamic teachings describe the Dajjal with specific attributes:

- Appearance: Blind in one eye (the right eye), with the word "Kafir" (disbeliever) written on his forehead.
- Deception: Will perform miracles, such as bringing rain, reviving the dead, and manipulating nature.
- Methods: Uses deception to mislead people, promising false salvation and wealth.
- Duration: Will appear for a limited time (often cited as 40 days) before being defeated by Jesus (Isa) and the Mahdi.

The Role of the Dajjal in Islamic End Times

Muslims believe that the Dajjal will be a major trial for humanity, testing faith and obedience. His emergence is considered one of the major signs indicating the approach of the Day of Judgment. The defeat of the Dajjal by Jesus is viewed as a pivotal event that restores justice and truth.

Comparing the Christian and Islamic Views on the Antichrist and Dajjal

Similarities

- Deceiver Role: Both figures are associated with deception and false miracles.
- End Times Significance: Their appearance signals a period of upheaval and tests of faith.
- Opposition to God: Both are seen as opposing divine truth and righteousness.
- Defeat by Jesus: In both traditions, Jesus (or Isa in Islam) plays a key role in defeating these figures.

Differences

Aspect Christianity Islam
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Name Antichrist Dajjal
Appearance Not specifically described Blind in one eye, "Kafir" on forehead
Duration of Stay No specific duration Approximately 40 days
Miracles False signs and wonders Miracles used to deceive
Defeated By Jesus Christ at His Second Coming Jesus (Isa) and the Mahdi

Theological Implications

While both religions acknowledge a deceptive figure in the end times, their narratives reflect different theological frameworks. Christianity often views the Antichrist as a singular, personal evil figure, whereas Islamic tradition emphasizes the Dajjal as a major but temporary impostor, with ultimate victory belonging to Jesus and the righteous.

The Role of Jesus (Isa) in Confronting the Antichrist and Dajjal

Christian Perspective

In Christian eschatology, Jesus Christ's Second Coming involves:

- Defeating the Antichrist.
- Establishing His kingdom of peace and righteousness.
- Judging the living and the dead.

Islamic Perspective

In Islamic tradition, Jesus (Isa) returns to:

- Fight and kill the Dajjal.
- Restore justice and establish peace.
- Lead the righteous in the final days, culminating in the Day of Judgment.

Shared Eschatological Themes

Both traditions agree that Jesus’s return is pivotal in ending the deception of the Antichrist/Dajjal and establishing divine justice.

Theological and Interfaith Reflections

Common Ground

- Both faiths recognize the importance of truth, justice, and divine guidance in the end times.
- The figure of the deceiver serves as a test of faith and righteousness.
- Jesus's return is crucial in overcoming deception and restoring divine order.

Differences and Dialogue Opportunities

- The specific identity and characteristics of these figures differ significantly.
- The narratives reflect distinct theological doctrines about prophecy, salvation, and divine justice.
- Interfaith dialogue can focus on shared eschatological themes to promote understanding and respect.

Conclusion: Navigating the Complexities of Islam and the Antichrist

The relationship between Islam and the Antichrist is a profound area of study that bridges prophetic traditions, theological doctrines, and interfaith understanding. While the Christian concept of the Antichrist and the Islamic depiction of the Dajjal share common themes of deception, trial, and divine victory, their differences highlight the unique eschatological visions within each faith.

For believers and scholars alike, understanding these narratives enriches the appreciation of how different religions perceive the final confrontation between good and evil. It also underscores the importance of dialogue rooted in shared values and the recognition of divine sovereignty over the course of history and eternity.

As discussions about Islam and the Antichrist continue to evolve, fostering mutual respect and comprehensive knowledge remains essential in promoting peaceful coexistence and spiritual insight in a diverse world.

Islam And The Antichrist

islam and the antichrist: The Islamic Antichrist Joel Richardson, 2015 Originally published in 2006 as Antichrist: Islam's Awaited Messiah. Second edition (hardcover) published 2009 as The Islamic Antichrist.

islam and the antichrist: The Islamic Antichrist Myth Charles Bassett, 2020-06-07 The debate among Christians continues to rage: Exactly where will the Antichrist come from? And to what religion will he belong? Over the last ten years, an increasing number of pastors and prophecy experts have abandoned their support for the traditional Roman Antichrist view and are now promoting the Islamic Antichrist Theory. The Beast of the Apocalypse, they now say, will rise out of Islam-somewhere in the Middle East-and he will conquer the world with a vast army of unstoppable Muslim warriors. In support of this conjecture, proponents of the Islamic Antichrist Theory point to

several pertinent facts. For example: The Bible repeatedly refers to the Antichrist by Arabic titles, such as King of Babylon, King of Tyre, the Assyrian, etc. In agreement with Revelation 20:4, Islam requires the beheading of those who will not submit to their leader's authority. The Greek letters for 666-according to some experts-actually stand for: In the name of Allah, we will make war. Yet despite all these facts, the Bible clearly states that the Antichrist's homeland lies to the northwest of Israel-a region completely devoid of Arabic nations. Indeed, the principle of divine retribution requires that God take vengeance on a Roman Caesar, as payment for Rome's execution of Jesus in 32 A.D. and its destruction of Jerusalem a short time later. Here, in *The Islamic Antichrist Myth*, Charles K. Bassett examines fifteen of the most popular arguments in support of the Islamic Antichrist Theory, and patiently explains why each one is wrong. Once this myth is dispelled, says Bassett, the only logical conclusion is that the Antichrist must be a Roman, and he must come out of Europe.

islam and the antichrist: *The Islamic Antichrist* John Preacher, 2012-10-13 God has begun to reveal the truth about the End Days and the Rise of the Islamic Antichrist, whom the Muslims call Imam Madhi. In this book we will show conclusively that only Islam can fill the role of the Antichrist. You will be shown how Islam is trying to revive its Islamic Caliphate in the Middle-East, which perfectly fulfils the role of the Biblical Empire of the Beast. And also how Islam is planning to create a New Islamic World Order, through Global Jihad, which will begin with the conquering of Jerusalem. We'll compare Muslim tradition about the Last Days and Christian end time scripture, only to discover some shocking revelations, that have remained hidden until now, which will tear the veil and mystery off the end days for good. Finally you'll discover what the Real Mark of the Beast is, and how it connects to 666. Even the book of Revelation has been made easy to understand, and you'll be shown exactly what end time Global Disasters you can expect in chronological order. Jesus said many would be deceived by the signs and wonders of the Antichrist who claims to be God and his False Prophet. And a Great Apostasy and falling away from Jesus Christ will occur. This book aims to equip you with the knowledge you need, so as not to be deceived. God is revealing Satan's entire secret plan, which he doesn't want you to know. In order that none will perish through lack of knowledge. This book is God's warning to Muslims and all others who will listen, that terrible days of tribulation lie ahead, and that it's time to repent and get right with God, before it's too late! This paperback is being sold at cost price, you can also download this book for free at: http://www.sharepdfbooks.com/HANMQ56EZYWI/The_Islamic_Antichrist.pdf.html

islam and the antichrist: What Is the Antichrist-Islam Connection? Roland L. Back, Michael Back, 2006-11-26 A scholarly study of the symbols in Daniel and Revelation specifically addressing what role the religion of Islam will play in the rise of the Antichrist.

islam and the antichrist: *Antichrist* Joel Richardson, 2006 A highly acclaimed and fascinating examination of Islamic and biblical end-time prophecies. Discover the startling similarities between the biblical Antichrist and Islam's Messiah figure known as Imam al-Mahdi. A must read for anyone interested in Islam, Bible prophecy or the underlying spiritual factors behind many of today's current events.

islam and the antichrist: Savior Or Destroyer? Daniel D. Spruill, 2006-07-01 Marie Rivier faced many obstacles in life. She was a cripple unable to walk in her childhood, but Blessed Mother Mary cured her. Everything she did was through Mary. Refused entry into a Community of Sisters, she determined to begin her own convent. She founded the Sisters of the Presentation of Mary during the French Revolution, when all the convents were being closed. She had a great love for the poor and was willing to give her own clothes to them. Over 500 orphans were given the love of a mother and a safe home with her. Her Sisters are now in 18 countries making Jesus Christ known and loved. Marie Rivier was beatified by Pope John Paul II May 23, 1982. This book has been written for grade school children. But anyone wanting to know Mother Rivier would profit by reading this short biography.

islam and the antichrist: The 12th Imam: Rise of the Antichrist James W. Parker, 2022-10-17 Today the news is filled with accounts of the rising tide of Islamic governments across the Middle East based on Sharia Law leading into an Islamic caliphate. Iran is now closer than ever

to developing a nuclear weapon and Muslim terrorism against the United States is increasing as the events in Benghazi have shown. Against this backdrop, in the not too distant future, Iran has successfully developed several nuclear bombs and decided to use them against Israel and the West. The attack goes better than planned as the nuclear attacks coincide with the biblical event known as the rapture, which devastates America, but leaves the Muslim world virtually untouched due to the small number of Christians within their borders. This disparity now leaves the Islamic countries in a perfect situation to continue their move to take over the world and to unite it under Islam. Iran receives unexpected help from the Mahdi, the long awaited Islamic messiah, whose coming was predicted 1,200 years ago. The 12th Imam is based on actual prophecies found in the Bible, Jewish and Islamic writings that parallel each other, making for an exciting read leaving one to wonder how much is fiction and how much is soon to be reality. In a story ripped from today's headlines, Iran has launched a nuclear attack on Israel and the Great Satan, the United States. The president of Iran has little idea that his grand plan would initiate a series of events that fulfill prophecies in both Islamic and Christian holy writings. The return of the Islamic Messiah, the one the Bible calls the Antichrist, is imminent. The missiles go astray and destroy the Dome of the Rock. While the Israeli attack fails, Iranian agents succeed in destroying the nation's capital as well as several American cities. At the same time, Christians are removed from the earth in a mass exodus. The 12th Imam, the long awaited Islamic Messiah, returns from the Jamkaran well, from a slumber of nearly 1,200 years. These events unite Jewish, Islamic and the remaining Christian adherents as each of their end-times writings converge on a single individual. The Twelfth Imam: Rise of the Antichrist is a fast-paced thriller that will keep the reader on a rollercoaster ride that never slows down. The book is not your normal work of Christian end-times non-fiction. Its doomsday premise is based not just on real-world events, but actual threat assessments from national security experts and think tanks regarding scenarios that can plunge America back to the dark ages. About 1.8 billion live under Islam, the second largest religion. Islam has been trying to take over the world since Mohamed established it in the 6th century. Shia Islam, Iran being one of the largest Shiite countries, believes in a coming Islamic Messiah, the 12th Imam, who will come and rule the world for 7 years at the end of time. Antichrist? Many Shiites believe they can hurry his return by destroying Israel. Islamic details about the 12th Imam line up with Bible details about the Antichrist. Could the Religion of the Antichrist be with us already? James Parker has taken the well-established Bible doctrine of the rapture and presented it with a fresh look by tying it to Islamic end-time prophecies. Parker has shown there is a clear Islamic connection to Christian end-time prophecies regarding the antichrist. His first novel is a fast-paced political action thriller that will appeal to religious and secular lovers of mystery and mayhem. The action takes place mostly in New York City and the Islamic countries of the Middle East. Parker skillfully weaves together end times theology from the three great Abrahamic religions - Judaism, Christianity, and Islam - and explores a maze of ancient prophecies that, if unchecked, might lead to "the end of days."

islam and the antichrist: Mistaken Identity S. Douglas Woodward, 2016-04-17 ISLAMIC JIHAD: IMAGES OF TERRORISM, BOMBINGS, DECAPITATIONS, AND DESTRUCTION. Americans, Europeans, and Israelis share a strong sense of foreboding that Western Civilization stands on the cusp of collapse due to insidious individuals radicalized by Salafist and Wahhabist doctrine pledged to strike down infidels. The violence of the Middle East continues unabated driving many Muslims north to Europe seeking peace, safety, and a better life. However, citizens of Western civilizations can't help but fear that lurking within the million plus immigrants crossing into Europe (with others destined for the U.S.) are vast numbers of jihadis pledged to murder Christians, Jews, secular humanists, and moderate Muslims - all in Allah's name. Combined with this turbulent situation churns the apocalyptic conviction many Evangelicals hold that the Apocalypse lies just ahead. Could radical Islam be the catalyst to trigger last days' events? What's more, might the dreaded Antichrist predicted by Biblical prophecy be energized by radical jihadist thinking? Could Islam become a dominant one-world religion foreseen by biblical prophets? Many who study eschatology have concluded this view comprises the most likely scenario. The idea that Antichrist will arise amidst

radical Islam has been successfully promoted for a decade. It has altered the conventional perspective of a large segment of those who adhere to Futurism, the position that large portions of Holy Scripture (passages within Daniel, Isaiah, Matthew 24, Luke 21, and Revelation) await future fulfillment. Known as The Islamic Antichrist Theory, much more has been conjectured than the religious sentiment of the Antichrist - the most essential viewpoints of the conventional prophetic scenario have been unseated. Many are unaware this has happened. In short, the theory proposes that Antichrist, Gog, the Mahdi, and Daniel's king of the north are all one and the same. Likewise, the theory conflates the last days war of Gog/Magog with Armageddon making the two only one event. Lastly, Islamic Antichrist Theory regionalizes the scope of Bible prophecy dismissing the longstanding fear that Antichrist superintends a Luciferian New World Order in which all nations are assimilated into a single government limiting human freedom. This alternate prophetic view obscures other prominent threats that we overlook to our peril.

islam and the antichrist: The Islamic Antichrist Joel Richardson, 2009 In 'The Islamic Antichrist', Richardson exposes Western readers to the traditions of Islam and predicts that the end times may not be far away. His book will stun readers unaware of the similarities between the Antichrist and the Islamic Jesus. His research on the relationship between Christian end-time prophecy and Islamic expectations of world domination will shock readers and shape the debate over radical Islam for years to come. This is the book to read to understand Islam's potential role in fulfilling the prophecies of the Bible--Page 2 of cover.

islam and the antichrist: The Coming Fall of Islam in Iran Reza Safa, 2006 Safa, a former Shiite Muslim and a recognized authority on Islamic issues, chronicles what God is doing in the Islamic world, including Iran, where thousands of former faithful Muslims are converting to Christianity.

islam and the antichrist: Islam - the Cloak of Antichrist Jack Smith, 2011-10-26 Islam stands on the brink of world domination. Surprisingly, the Bible prophesied Islam's dangerous role on the global scene before the religion was even born. Are you ready? Do you know Islam's history? Prepare yourself and your family to overcome the coming delusion through this new book. Learn more at www.whenthepiecesfit.org.

islam and the antichrist: Mideast Beast Joel Richardson, 2012 Whereas most students of the Bible have long held that some form of humanism or universalist religion would catapult the Antichrist to world power, this book systematically proves the biblical case for an Islamic Antichrist.

islam and the antichrist: The Legend of the Anti-Christ Stephen J. Vicchio, 2009-07-01 In The Legend of the Anti-Christ, Stephen Vicchio offers a concise and historical approach to the history of the idea of the Anti-Christ, including precursors to the idea, the development of the idea in the New Testament, as well as the understandings of the legend of the Anti-Christ in the history of Christianity. Vicchio also raises the question of why there is so much emphasis in the modern world about the idea.

islam and the antichrist: Pedro de Valencia and the Catholic Apologists of the Expulsion of the Moriscos Grace Magnier, 2010 Drawing on arguments for and against the expulsion of the Moriscos, and using previously unpublished source material, this book compares the case against banishment made by the Christian humanist Pedro de Valencia with that in favour pleaded by Catholic apologists.

islam and the antichrist: Islam Is Not the So-Called Religion of Peace, and in Fact Will Supply Both the Antichrist and the False Prophet in the Last Days Before Christ Comes Back to Earth in Israel! neville stephens, 2018-07-03 Brilliant new book by the the English Taffy Neville Stephens on why Islam is NOT the religion of peace, and in fact this false religion and ideology will supply both of the evil characters portrayed in the Book of Revelation as The Antichrist and The False Prophet in these Last Days before JESUS come back to earth! Nev is now retired and lives in Wales and specialises In End Times Bible Prophecies. Nev is a retired Postmaster from Watford near London in the UK but now lives in his second home, the land of his parents in South Wales along with his wife Hazel. Nev is an author and speaker and also an administrator and blogger and is well known for

arranging Bible Prophecy Conferences. These can be arranged by contacting Nev via his exciting blog. Neville also speaks at some of these with his cutting edge powerpoint presentations on what is happening in The Middle East. The English Taffy is also an author, and in his latest book titled The Antichrist - Who Is He Nev has caused quite a storm with his amazing revelations that we need to look for an Islamic Antichrist & False Prophet as he castigates the erroneous Revived Roman Empire scenario in detail. Nev's other recent book published in June titled Bible Prophecy In The Psalms is also causing something of a stir and quickly sold out at his latest Conference speaking engagement in Wales in June. And Nev has just published this, his third recent book on why Islam is the evil end times religion to deceive so many people. Copies of these three, plus his other books, are all available at Amazon at very cheap prices.

islam and the antichrist: Islam in Relation to the Christ Impulse Andrei Younis, 2015-06-01 Islam came into being around AD 600 as a monotheistic, Abrahamic religion revealed through the Prophet Muhammad. Awareness of Islam in the West has grown dramatically in the twenty-first century, but there remains much misunderstanding of the interrelationship between Islam and Christianity, both their commonalities and differences. Andrei Younis elucidates esoteric reasons behind the emergence of Islam from the perspective of Steiner's Spiritual Science. He draws on more than thirty years of studying Steiner's works, as well as on first-hand knowledge gained from living in various Islamic countries and cultures. His purpose is to reconcile the origins, beliefs, and meanings of Islam and Christianity. Looking closely at the history and various manifestations of Islam, Younis discusses the spiritual impulses behind Islamic beliefs and practices, grounding his commentary in both the Koran and the Bible. Comprehending this anthroposophic perspective on the emergence of Islam is key to understanding why Islam manifests as it does today. Whereas this book will be enlightening and even surprising to most open-minded Western readers, it is not meant to be a foundation for beliefs (or non-belief), but as a springboard for thought and new avenues of understanding and compassion in a dangerous time.

islam and the antichrist: Dajjal (the Anti-Christ) Abu Abu Rahma, 2018-06-14 This book deals with details about Dajjal, the Antichrist, including its description, appearance, emergence, trials and tribulations, and whether it is a person or a system, or both. The aim is to present the topic in a systematic and understandable manner and clarify doubts and misconceptions along the way through a study of the Hadiths [sayings of the Prophet Muhammad] and without resorting to outside matters such as theories and current affairs unless really required and explicitly in sync with the events prophesied. There is much more that can be said and connections to events from our times may be added to further elaborate on some matters but that has been refrained from, unless absolutely necessary, and the book only focuses on Hadiths and their study. Take, for example, this: greedy corporations seek to control water world over and do not consider it a human right. Such people and their policies fit right into the system of the Dajjal but this book only studies Hadiths; linking of current affairs with Hadiths is left to the reader to make on their own and if they have a clear and better picture of Hadiths free of misconceptions, myths, and legends, the analysis they make would be closer to accuracy than otherwise.

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