

lord's prayer in arabic

Lord's Prayer in Arabic

The Lord's Prayer, also known as the Our Father, is one of the most revered and widely recited prayers in Christianity. It encapsulates core Christian beliefs about God's holiness, the coming of His kingdom, daily dependence on Him for sustenance, forgiveness, and guidance. For Arabic-speaking Christians, whether they are from Middle Eastern countries, Arabic-speaking diaspora communities, or studying biblical texts, the Lord's Prayer holds profound spiritual significance. Its original language, Aramaic, was the language Jesus spoke, but it has been translated into numerous languages, with the Arabic version playing a vital role in the faith and worship of millions. This article explores the Lord's Prayer in Arabic, its historical background, its structure, significance, and variations across Christian denominations.

Historical Background of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic

Origins of the Prayer

The Lord's Prayer is recorded in the New Testament in two primary passages: Matthew 6:9-13 and Luke 11:2-4. Jesus provided this prayer as a model for his disciples to emulate in their worship and daily life. While the original language of Jesus was Aramaic, the earliest existing manuscripts of the New Testament were written in Greek. Over centuries, the prayer was translated into numerous languages, including Latin, Coptic, Syriac, and Arabic.

Spread of Christianity in the Arab World

Christianity entered the Arab world soon after its inception, especially through the spread of Eastern Christianity and the influence of the Byzantine Empire. Arabic-speaking Christians, such as the Coptic, Maronite, and Melkite communities, translated and preserved the biblical texts, including the Lord's Prayer, in their liturgical traditions. The translation of the Bible into Arabic, known as the Vulgate or Syriac versions, was crucial in making the teachings of Jesus accessible to Arab Christians.

Arabic Bible Translations

The earliest complete Arabic translations of the Bible date back to the 9th and 10th centuries, with notable versions such as the Sahidic and Syriac texts. The most widespread modern translation is the Van Dyck or Smith & Van Dyck version, completed in the 19th century. The Lord's Prayer in Arabic has been preserved and recited across various denominations, including the Eastern Orthodox, Roman Catholic, Protestant, and Coptic churches.

The Text of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic

Traditional Arabic Version

The most commonly used version of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic, based on the biblical text, is as follows:

``plaintext

أَبَا الَّذِي فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ، لِيَتَقَدَّسَ اسْمُكَ، لِيَأْتِ مَلَاكُوتُكَ، لِيَتَكُنْ مَشِيئَتُكَ، كَمَا فِي السَّمَاءِ كَذَلِكَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ.
أَعْطِنَا خُبْرَتَنَا كَقَاةِ الْيَوْمِ، وَاعْفِرْ لَنَا دُنُوبَنَا، كَمَا نَعْفِرُ لِمَنْ أَيْضًا لِمَنْ يُعَصِّبُ إِلَيْنَا. وَلَا تُدْخِلْنَا فِي تَجْرِيةٍ، لَكِنْ نَجِّنَا مِنَ الشَّرِّ.
لَأَنَّ لَكَ الْمُلْكَ، وَالْقُوَّةَ، وَالْمَجْدُ، إِلَى أَبَدِ الْآبَادِينَ. آمِينَ.

Breakdown of the Text

This version faithfully reflects the biblical source and is used in most Arabic Christian liturgies. The prayer begins with addressing God as "Our Father in heaven" and proceeds through petitions for His name to be hallowed, for His kingdom to come, for daily sustenance, forgiveness, and divine protection from evil.

Structural Analysis of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic

Main Components

The prayer can be divided into several key parts:

- Addressing God:** "Our Father in heaven" — recognizing God's divine authority and relationship with believers.
- Hallowing God's Name:** "Let your name be sanctified" — acknowledging God's holiness.
- Petition for the Coming of God's Kingdom:** "Let your kingdom come" — expressing hope for divine rule.
- Desire for Divine Will:** "Let your will be done on earth as it is in heaven" — aligning human actions with divine intentions.
- Requests for Daily Needs:** "Give us today our daily bread" — dependence on God's provision.
- Confession and Forgiveness:** "Forgive us our sins, as we forgive those who sin against us" — emphasizing repentance and mercy.

7. **Protection from Evil:** "Lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil" — seeking divine guidance and safety.
8. **Concluding Doxology:** "For yours is the kingdom, the power, and the glory forever" — acknowledging God's eternal sovereignty.

Variations of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic

Differences Across Christian Denominations

While the core content remains consistent, slight variations exist depending on the denomination and liturgical tradition:

- **Coptic Orthodox:** The prayer is often recited in Coptic dialects, with some minor wording differences but similar structure.
- **Roman Catholic:** Uses the Latin translation adapted to Arabic, maintaining the traditional petitions.
- **Eastern Orthodox:** Incorporates specific liturgical phrases and may include additional doxologies.
- **Protestant:** Variations may include modern language updates or paraphrased versions for contemporary worship.

Common Variants in Phrases

Some common differences involve the phrases for forgiveness and temptation:

- "Forgive us our trespasses" vs. "Forgive us our sins" (مَغْفِرَ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا)
- "Lead us not into temptation" vs. "Do not bring us into temptation" (لَا تُدْخِلْنَا فِي تَجْرِبَةٍ)

Despite these variations, the essential meaning remains consistent, emphasizing the themes of divine reverence, dependence, forgiveness, and divine protection.

Significance of the Lord's Prayer in the Arab World

Spiritual and Cultural Importance

For Arabic-speaking Christians, the Lord's Prayer is more than a liturgical recitation; it is a spiritual anchor. It is frequently recited in daily prayers, during church services, and special occasions like baptisms and weddings. Its memorization and recitation foster a sense of community, continuity with tradition, and personal connection with God.

Educational Role

Learning the Lord's Prayer in Arabic often serves as an introductory scripture for children and new believers. It helps instill foundational Christian beliefs and practices. Schools and churches frequently teach the prayer as part of religious education.

Interfaith and Ecumenical Contexts

While primarily a Christian prayer, the Lord's Prayer is sometimes discussed in interfaith dialogues, emphasizing shared values like reverence for God and the importance of forgiveness. Its presence in Arabic Christian communities demonstrates the rich heritage and resilience of Christianity in the Arab world.

Conclusion

The Lord's Prayer in Arabic remains a central prayer for millions of Christians across the Middle East and the broader Arabic-speaking world. Its translation preserves the profound spiritual truths conveyed by Jesus and highlights the deep-rooted history of Christianity in Arab culture. Whether recited in solemn worship or personal devotion, the prayer serves as a powerful reminder of God's holiness, sovereignty, and loving kindness. Its enduring significance underscores the universal and timeless nature of Jesus' teachings, transcending language and cultural boundaries to unite believers in prayer and faith.

Frequently Asked Questions

ما هو النص العربي الكامل لصلاة الربانية؟

نص صلاة الربانية باللغة العربية هو: أبانا الذي في السماوات، ليتقدس اسمك، ليأت ملكوتك، لتكن مشيئتك، كما في السماء كذلك على الأرض. أعطنا خبزنا كفاف يومنا، واغفر لنا ذنوبنا، كما نغفر نحن أيضاً للمذنبين إلينا، ولا تدخلنا في تجربة، لكن نجنا من الشر. آمين.

ما هي أهمية صلاة الربانية في العبادة الإسلامية أو المسيحية؟

صلاة الربانية تعتبر من أهم الصلوات في المسيحية، إذ يُعتبر نصها نموذجاً للصلاة الموجهة إلى الله، وتعبر عن التواصل والثقة بالله، وتُعلّم المؤمنين كيف يطلبون المغفرة والرزق والحماية من الشر. في الإسلام، رغم أنها ليست جزءاً من الصلوات الإسلامية، إلا أن مبادئها تتشابه مع أدعية القرآن والأحاديث التي تدعو إلى التواصل والتضرع لله.

إلى العربية؟ 'Lord's Prayer' كيف يُترجم اسم

يُترجم إلى العربية بـ 'صلاة الربانية' أو 'صلاة السيد'، ويُعرف أيضًا بـ 'صلاة يسوع' نسبةً إلى 'Lord's Prayer' اسم يسوع المسيح الذي علمها لتلاميذه.

هل توجد اختلافات في نص صلاة الربانية بين الطوائف المسيحية المختلفة؟

نعم، هناك بعض الاختلافات الطفيفة في نص صلاة الربانية بين الطوائف المسيحية، مثل الكاثوليكية، الأرثوذكسية، والبروتستانتية، خاصة في صياغة المقدمة أو بعض العبارات، لكن الجوهر يبقى نفسه وهو طلب القداسة، الرزق، المغفرة، والحماية من الشر.

ما هي المعاني الروحية العميقة وراء كلمات صلاة الربانية؟

تحمل كلمات صلاة الربانية معاني عميقة، حيث تعبر عن التقديس لله، وطلب الملكوت، والتسليم لإرادة الله، وطلب الخبز اليومي، المغفرة، والحماية من الشر، مما يعكس علاقة الإنسان بالله واحتياجه المستمر لرحمته وقيادته الروحية.

كيف يمكن تعلم صلاة الربانية بشكل صحيح باللغة العربية؟

يمكن تعلم صلاة الربانية بشكل صحيح من خلال تكرار نصها، فهم معاني كلماتها، والاستماع إلى تلاوتها من قبل مرشدين دينيين، بالإضافة إلى ممارستها في الصلوات اليومية، مع التركيز على الخشوع والتدبر في معانيها العميقة.

Additional Resources

Lord's Prayer in Arabic

The Lord's Prayer, known as "الصلاة الربانية" (As-Salāt ar-Rabbāniyah) in Arabic, is one of the most revered and widely recited prayers in Christianity. It encapsulates core spiritual themes such as reverence for God, supplication, repentance, and forgiveness. For Arabic-speaking Christian communities, the prayer holds profound religious and cultural significance, serving as a spiritual anchor across diverse denominations including Eastern and Western Christianity. This article explores the origins, linguistic nuances, theological implications, and cultural importance of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic, offering a comprehensive guide for readers interested in its depth and significance.

Origins and Historical Context of the Lord's Prayer

Biblical Roots and Jesus' Teachings

The Lord's Prayer originates from the New Testament of the Bible, specifically in the Gospel of Matthew (Matthew 6:9-13) and the Gospel of Luke (Luke 11:2-4). It is presented as a model of prayer taught by Jesus Christ to his disciples, emphasizing humility, trust, and spiritual alignment with God's will.

In the biblical context, Jesus' instructions serve to guide believers on how to communicate

with God effectively. The prayer's core themes—praising God's holiness, asking for daily sustenance, seeking forgiveness, and requesting deliverance from evil—are central to Christian spirituality worldwide.

Translation and Transmission into Arabic

The translation of the Lord's Prayer into Arabic dates back to early Christian communities in the Middle East, with earliest translations appearing during the early centuries of Islam and Christianity's coexistence in the region. The prayer has been preserved through various liturgical traditions, including the Coptic, Syriac, and Latin liturgical rites, all of which have contributed to its Arabic renditions.

Over centuries, the prayer has been integrated into Arabic Christian liturgies, hymns, and personal devotions. Its enduring presence underscores its importance across different eras and regions, from Egypt and Lebanon to Palestine and beyond.

The Arabic Text of the Lord's Prayer

The most widely recognized version of the Lord's Prayer in Arabic, used by many Christian denominations, is:

Arabic Script:

اللهم انا الذي في السماوات، ليتقدس اسمك، ليأت ملكوتك، لتكن مشيئتك، كما في السماء كذلك على الأرض.
أعطنا خبزنا كفاف يومنا، واغفر لنا ذنوبنا، كما نغفر نحن أيضا للمذنبين إلينا، ولا تدخلنا في تجربة، لكن نجنا من الشر. آمين.

Linguistic and Theological Analysis of the Prayer in Arabic

Language Features and Literary Style

The Arabic version of the Lord's Prayer exhibits rich linguistic features characteristic of classical Arabic, such as:

- Formal and Reverent Tone: The use of formal pronouns like "اللهم" (O Allah) and respectful verbs.
- Parallelism: Phrases like "ليتقدس اسمك" (hallowed be Your name) and "ليأت ملكوتك" (Your kingdom come) showcase balanced structures that enhance memorability and emphasis.
- Parallel and Antithetic Clauses: The prayer pairs petitions with divine attributes, reinforcing theological themes.

Key Theological Concepts Embedded in the Text

1. God's Holiness and Sovereignty:

- "اللهم انا الذي في السماوات" (Our Father who is in the heavens) emphasizes God's transcendence.
- "ليتقدس اسمك" (hallowed be Your name) affirms God's holiness.

2. Kingdom and Will:

- "ليأت ملكوتك" (Your kingdom come) and "لتكن مشيئتك" (Your will be done) highlight submission to divine authority.

3. Daily Dependence and Provision:

- "أعطنا خبزنا كفاف يومنا" (Give us this day our daily bread) reflects reliance on God for sustenance.

4. Forgiveness and Reconciliation:

- "واغفر لنا ذنوبنا" (Forgive us our trespasses) and "كما نغفر نحن أيضا للمذنبين إلينا" (as we forgive those who trespass against us) stress the importance of forgiveness.

5. Protection from Evil:

- "ولا تدخلنا في تجربة، لكن نجنا من الشر" (Lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil) underscores spiritual vigilance.

Cultural and Liturgical Significance

Variations Across Christian Denominations

While the core text remains consistent, minor variations exist among different Christian communities:

- Catholic Arabic Text:

- Often includes the phrase "لأن لك الملك والقوة والمجد إلى الأبد" (For yours is the kingdom, the power, and the glory forever), added as a doxology.

- Orthodox and Protestant Versions:

- May differ slightly in wording or order but retain the central themes.

Usage in Worship and Devotion

The Lord's Prayer is integral to daily prayers, liturgical services, and special religious occasions in Arabic-speaking churches. It is recited during Mass, vespers, and personal prayer times, serving as a unifying element that transcends cultural boundaries within Christianity.

Cultural Impact Beyond Religious Contexts

In Arabic culture, the prayer has also influenced art, poetry, and music, symbolizing spiritual humility and divine trust. Its recitation fosters communal bonds and personal reflection among believers.

Significance in Interfaith Contexts

Although primarily a Christian prayer, the Lord's Prayer in Arabic resonates with broader monotheistic themes common across Islam and Judaism. The invocation of God's holiness,

mercy, and sovereignty aligns with shared spiritual values, fostering interfaith dialogue and mutual respect.

Challenges and Misconceptions

Variations and Misinterpretations

- Some may confuse the Lord's Prayer with other Arabic prayers or supplications, leading to misinterpretations.
- Translation nuances can sometimes alter perceived meanings; thus, understanding the original biblical context and linguistic subtleties is crucial.

Preservation of Authenticity

Efforts are ongoing within Christian communities to preserve the prayer's original wording and spiritual essence amid linguistic and cultural changes.

Conclusion

The Lord's Prayer in Arabic stands as a testament to the enduring power of spiritual tradition, linguistic beauty, and theological depth. Its rich history and widespread usage underscore its significance not only within the Christian faith but also as a cultural and spiritual symbol for millions of Arabic-speaking believers around the world. Whether recited in a quiet moment of personal devotion or during grand liturgical ceremonies, this prayer continues to inspire humility, faith, and a deep sense of divine connection.

As language and culture evolve, the core message of the Lord's Prayer remains timeless — a universal call for divine guidance, forgiveness, and spiritual sustenance that resonates across faiths and generations.

[Lord S Prayer In Arabic](#)

lord s prayer in arabic: [The Lord's Prayer in Arabic Colouring Book](#) Esther Pincini, 2016-06-01 Colour in one character or one phrase per day and feel yourself restored, knowing that the beautiful characters you are colouring are the time-honoured Lord's Prayer given to us by Jesus Christ himself. It is an honour to experience this unchangingly powerful prayer in such a visually intricate and beautiful language. Includes bonus page at the end with prayer in Arabic, Arabic pronunciation and English translation. English Translation of the Arabic text within: Our Father Who art in heaven, Hallowed be thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done on earth as in heaven. Give us our daily bread. And forgive our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, the power and the glory forever. Amen.

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Gospels, i.e. the Gospels preserved in the Syriac and Christian Palestinian Aramaic dialects. It builds upon the work of traditional Muslim scholars, including al-Biqā'ī (d. ca. 808/1460) and al-Suyūṭī (d. 911/1505), who wrote books examining connections between the Qur'ān on the one hand, and Biblical passages and Aramaic terminology on the other, as well as modern western scholars, including Sidney Griffith who argue that pre-Islamic Arabs accessed the Bible in Aramaic. The Qur'ān and the Aramaic Gospel Traditions examines the history of religious movements in the Middle East from 180-632 CE, explaining Islam as a response to the disunity of the Aramaic speaking churches. It then compares the Arabic text of the Qur'ān and the Aramaic text of the Gospels under four main themes: the prophets; the clergy; the divine; and the apocalypse. Among the findings of this book are that the articulator as well as audience of the Qur'ān were monotheistic in origin, probably bilingual, culturally sophisticated and accustomed to the theological debates that raged between the Aramaic speaking churches. Arguing that the Qur'ān's teachings and ethics echo Jewish-Christian conservatism, this book will be of interest to students and scholars of Religion, History, and Literature.

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changing perception on both sides. Collating over 30 chapters, written by experts from around the world, the volume presents a wide range of perspectives. Case studies from the Muslim presence in the Iberian Peninsula between the Middle Ages and the modern age set off the Handbook, along with an outline of Muslims in America up to the twentieth century. The second part covers concepts around new conditions in terms of consolidating identities, the emergence of new Muslim actors, the appearance of institutions and institutional attitudes, the effects of Islamic presence on the arts and landscapes of the West, and the relational dynamics like ethics and gender. Exploring the influence of Islam, particularly its impact on society, culture and politics, this interdisciplinary volume is a key resource for policymakers, academics and students interested in the history of Islam, religion and the contemporary relationship between Islam and the West.

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