

a to z countries

a to z countries: An Exhaustive Guide to the World's Nations

The phrase "a to z countries" encompasses every nation on Earth, offering a fascinating glimpse into the diversity, culture, geography, and history that define our global community. From the bustling metropolises of Asia to the serene landscapes of Oceania, each country presents unique stories, traditions, and contributions to humanity. In this comprehensive guide, we'll explore countries arranged alphabetically, providing key insights to deepen your understanding and appreciation of the world's nations.

A Countries

Afghanistan

- Location: South-Central Asia
- Capital: Kabul
- Population: Approximately 39 million
- Key Features:
 - Rich history as a crossroads of civilizations
 - Mountainous terrain including the Hindu Kush
 - Challenges include political instability and security concerns
- Economy: Agriculture, opium production, and emerging sectors

Albania

- Location: Southeastern Europe
- Capital: Tirana
- Population: Around 2.9 million
- Key Features:
 - Known for its Mediterranean coastline and historic sites
 - A member of NATO
 - Rapidly growing tourism industry
- Economy: Agriculture, tourism, and manufacturing

B Countries

Bahamas

- Location: Caribbean
- Capital: Nassau
- Population: About 400,000

- Key Features:
- Famous for stunning beaches and clear waters
- Popular cruise destination
- Diverse marine life and coral reefs
- Economy: Tourism, banking, and fishing

Bangladesh

- Location: South Asia
- Capital: Dhaka
- Population: Over 160 million
- Key Features:
- Known for its textile industry
- Rich cultural heritage and historic sites
- Challenges include flooding and poverty
- Economy: Agriculture, textiles, and remittances

C Countries

Cambodia

- Location: Southeast Asia
- Capital: Phnom Penh
- Population: Around 16 million
- Key Features:
- Home to Angkor Wat, a UNESCO World Heritage site
- Post-conflict recovery and development
- Rich in temples and cultural traditions
- Economy: Tourism, agriculture, and manufacturing

Cameroon

- Location: Central Africa
- Capital: Yaoundé
- Population: Approximately 27 million
- Key Features:
- Known as "Africa in miniature" due to diverse landscapes
- Languages include French and English
- Wildlife and national parks
- Economy: Agriculture, oil, and mining

D Countries

Denmark

- Location: Northern Europe
- Capital: Copenhagen
- Population: About 5.8 million
- Key Features:
- Known for high quality of life
- Member of the European Union
- Renowned for design and architecture
- Economy: Services, manufacturing, and renewable energy

Djibouti

- Location: Horn of Africa
- Capital: Djibouti City
- Population: Around 900,000
- Key Features:
- Strategic location near the Red Sea
- Major port and logistics hub
- Climate is arid and hot
- Economy: Port services, trade, and logistics

E Countries

Egypt

- Location: Northeast Africa
- Capital: Cairo
- Population: Over 100 million
- Key Features:
- Ancient civilization with iconic monuments like the Pyramids
- Nile River sustains agriculture
- Cultural hub of the Arab world
- Economy: Tourism, agriculture, and manufacturing

Estonia

- Location: Northern Europe
- Capital: Tallinn
- Population: About 1.3 million
- Key Features:
- Digital society with e-governance
- Member of the European Union and NATO
- Known for medieval architecture
- Economy: Information technology, manufacturing, and services

F Countries

Fiji

- Location: South Pacific Ocean
- Capital: Suva
- Population: Around 900,000
- Key Features:
 - Tropical islands with vibrant coral reefs
 - Popular tourist destination
 - Rich indigenous culture
- Economy: Tourism, agriculture, and fishing

Finland

- Location: Northern Europe
- Capital: Helsinki
- Population: Approximately 5.5 million
- Key Features:
 - Known for education and innovation
 - Extensive forests and lakes
 - High standard of living
- Economy: Technology, forestry, and services

G Countries

Germany

- Location: Central Europe
- Capital: Berlin
- Population: About 83 million
- Key Features:
 - Europe's largest economy
 - Rich history in arts, science, and philosophy
 - Leading in renewable energy initiatives
- Economy: Manufacturing, automotive, and technology

Ghana

- Location: West Africa
- Capital: Accra
- Population: Over 31 million
- Key Features:
 - Known for gold and cocoa production

- Democratic political system
- Vibrant culture and festivals
- Economy: Agriculture, mining, and services

H Countries

Hungary

- Location: Central Europe
- Capital: Budapest
- Population: Around 9.7 million
- Key Features:
 - Historic castles and thermal baths
 - Member of the EU and NATO
 - Rich folk traditions
- Economy: Automotive, manufacturing, and tourism

Honduras

- Location: Central America
- Capital: Tegucigalpa
- Population: About 10 million
- Key Features:
 - Known for Mayan ruins and coastal beaches
 - Agricultural exports like coffee and bananas
 - Challenges include crime and poverty
- Economy: Agriculture, manufacturing, and services

I Countries

Iceland

- Location: North Atlantic
- Capital: Reykjavik
- Population: Around 370,000
- Key Features:
 - Geothermal energy and volcanoes
 - Spectacular natural scenery including waterfalls and glaciers
 - Progressive social policies
- Economy: Renewable energy, fishing, and tourism

India

- Location: South Asia
- Capital: New Delhi
- Population: Over 1.4 billion
- Key Features:
 - Second most populous country
 - Diverse cultures, languages, and religions
 - Major global player in technology and industry
 - Economy: Information technology, agriculture, manufacturing

J Countries

Japan

- Location: East Asia
- Capital: Tokyo
- Population: About 125 million
- Key Features:
 - Leading in technology and innovation
 - Rich cultural heritage including traditional arts
 - Famous for cherry blossoms and cuisine
 - Economy: Technology, automotive, and electronics

Jordan

- Location: Middle East
- Capital: Amman
- Population: Around 10 million
- Key Features:
 - Historically significant as a crossroads of civilizations
 - Hosts ancient Petra ruins
 - Stable political environment
 - Economy: Tourism, pharmaceuticals, and services

Conclusion

Exploring countries from A to Z allows us to appreciate the vast tapestry of human civilization. Each nation, with its unique attributes, contributes to the rich mosaic of our world. Whether you're interested in history, culture, geography, or economics, understanding these countries enhances global awareness and fosters a sense of connection among diverse peoples. As you travel, study, or simply learn about these nations, remember that every country has a story worth discovering, making our planet an endlessly fascinating place to explore.

Frequently Asked Questions

What does the term 'A to Z countries' refer to?

It refers to a comprehensive list or overview of countries arranged alphabetically from A to Z, often used to explore or learn about all nations in a systematic way.

Which country is the first alphabetically among all countries?

Afghanistan is typically considered the first country alphabetically among recognized sovereign states.

What is the significance of an 'A to Z countries' list in global studies?

It helps provide a complete and organized overview of all countries, facilitating comparative analysis, educational purposes, and understanding of global diversity.

Are there any countries that start with the letter 'X'?

Yes, countries like Xizang (Tibet Autonomous Region, China) are sometimes included, but officially, there are no sovereign countries starting with 'X'.

How can 'A to Z countries' lists be useful for travelers?

They help travelers discover all possible destinations, plan trips systematically, and learn about different nations' cultures and geography.

What are some challenges in creating an accurate 'A to Z countries' list?

Challenges include geopolitical changes, recognition of disputed territories, and differences in country naming conventions across languages and organizations.

How do 'A to Z countries' lists reflect global diversity?

They showcase the vast cultural, linguistic, and geographical variety across the world, highlighting the uniqueness of each nation from A to Z.

Are there any countries that have changed their names from A to Z over recent years?

Yes, countries like Myanmar (formerly Burma) and Eswatini (formerly Swaziland) have changed names, which can affect their placement in alphabetical lists.

How can educators use 'A to Z countries' to enhance global awareness?

They can incorporate alphabetical country lists into lessons to teach geography, history, and cultural diversity, making learning engaging and comprehensive.

Additional Resources

A to Z Countries: An In-Depth Exploration of Nations Around the World

Traveling the globe, one quickly realizes that each country from A to Z offers a unique tapestry of culture, history, geography, and experiences. This comprehensive overview aims to shed light on every country, starting from the letter A and ending with Z, providing insights, pros and cons, and notable features that make each nation distinct. Whether you're a seasoned traveler, a curious student, or someone interested in global affairs, this guide offers a panoramic view of the world's diverse nations.

A Countries

Afghanistan

Overview: Afghanistan is a landlocked country in South-Central Asia, known for its rugged landscapes and complex history.

Features:

- Rich cultural heritage with influences from Persian, Central Asian, and South Asian traditions.
- Famous for its mountainous terrain, including the Hindu Kush.

Pros:

- Unique cultural experiences and ancient sites.
- Stunning natural beauty for adventure tourism.

Cons:

- Ongoing security challenges.
- Limited infrastructure and tourism facilities.

Albania

Overview: A Balkan country with a stunning coastline along the Adriatic and Ionian Seas.

Features:

- Rich history from Illyrian, Roman, and Ottoman periods.
- Beautiful beaches and rugged mountains.

Pros:

- Affordable travel destination.
- Delicious cuisine and welcoming locals.

Cons:

- Infrastructure development still ongoing.
- Limited international flight options.

Algeria

Overview: The largest country in Africa, with vast deserts and historical sites.

Features:

- Sahara Desert spans much of its territory.
- Historic sites like the ancient Roman ruins of Timgad.

Pros:

- Rich history and diverse landscapes.
- Affordable travel costs.

Cons:

- Political instability in some regions.
- Limited tourist infrastructure outside major cities.

B Countries

Bahamas

Overview: An island nation in the Caribbean known for its stunning beaches and vibrant culture.

Features:

- Over 700 islands and cays.
- Famous for Nassau and Atlantis Paradise Island.

Pros:

- Beautiful beaches and marine life.
- Great for water sports and cruising.

Cons:

- Can be expensive, especially in tourist hotspots.

- Hurricane risk during season.

Bahrain

Overview: A small island country in the Persian Gulf, blending modernity with history.

Features:

- Rich history with archaeological sites like Bahrain Fort.
- Modern skyline and luxury shopping.

Pros:

- Compact and easy to explore.
- Thriving business hub.

Cons:

- Hot desert climate.
- Limited natural attractions.

Bangladesh

Overview: A South Asian country known for its rivers, textiles, and vibrant culture.

Features:

- Extensive network of rivers and deltaic regions.
- Rich traditions in music, dance, and literature.

Pros:

- Affordable and culturally rich experiences.
- Delicious cuisine, especially seafood and sweets.

Cons:

- Infrastructure challenges.
- Environmental concerns like flooding.

C Countries

Cambodia

Overview: Southeast Asian nation famous for Angkor Wat and its resilient culture.

Features:

- Home to the ancient Angkor Temples.
- Rapidly developing economy.

Pros:

- Rich historical sites.
- Affordable travel and accommodations.

Cons:

- Infrastructure still catching up.
- Some areas face environmental issues.

Cameroon

Overview: Known as "Africa in miniature" for its diverse landscapes.

Features:

- Beaches, mountains, rainforests, and savannahs.
- Rich cultural diversity.

Pros:

- Varied eco-tourism destinations.
- Cultural festivals.

Cons:

- Political instability in some regions.
- Healthcare infrastructure varies.

Canada

Overview: The second-largest country in the world, known for its natural beauty and multicultural cities.

Features:

- Stunning national parks like Banff and Jasper.
- Vibrant cities such as Toronto, Vancouver, and Montreal.

Pros:

- High quality of life.
- Multicultural environment and friendly people.

Cons:

- Cold climate in many regions.
- High living costs in major cities.

D Countries

Denmark

Overview: A Scandinavian country renowned for happiness, design, and sustainability.

Features:

- Copenhagen, a hub for innovation and culture.
- Beautiful coastlines and countryside.

Pros:

- High standard of living.
- Progressive social policies.

Cons:

- Expensive cost of living.
- Language barrier for non-Danes.

Dominica

Overview: An island nation in the Caribbean, often called the "Nature Isle" for its lush landscapes.

Features:

- Rainforests, waterfalls, and hot springs.
- Rich indigenous and colonial history.

Pros:

- Eco-tourism and adventure activities.
- Friendly, small community.

Cons:

- Limited international connectivity.
- Basic infrastructure.

Dominican Republic

Overview: A popular Caribbean destination with vibrant culture and beaches.

Features:

- Famous for Punta Cana and Santo Domingo.

- Diverse ecosystems, including mountains and beaches.

Pros:

- All-inclusive resorts.
- Rich history and music.

Cons:

- Safety concerns in some areas.
- Environmental issues with overdevelopment.

E Countries

Ecuador

Overview: South American country with diverse ecosystems from the Amazon to the Galápagos Islands.

Features:

- Unique biodiversity.
- Quito's colonial charm and the Galápagos.

Pros:

- Affordable travel.
- Incredible natural wildlife.

Cons:

- Infrastructure can be inconsistent.
- Some areas face political instability.

Egypt

Overview: Cradle of civilization, famous for its ancient monuments.

Features:

- Pyramids of Giza and Luxor temples.
- Nile River and Sahara Desert.

Pros:

- Rich historical sites.
- Affordable shopping and cuisine.

Cons:

- Political unrest at times.

- Tourist areas can be crowded.

Estonia

Overview: A Baltic nation known for its digital innovation and medieval old town.

Features:

- Tallinn's UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- Pioneering e-governance.

Pros:

- High digital connectivity.
- Beautiful landscapes and forests.

Cons:

- Cold winters.
- Small size limits variety of experiences.

F Countries

Fiji

Overview: A Pacific island paradise with turquoise waters and coral reefs.

Features:

- Over 300 islands.
- Rich indigenous culture.

Pros:

- Excellent diving and snorkeling.
- Warm hospitality.

Cons:

- Remote location increases travel costs.
- Infrastructure varies across islands.

Finland

Overview: Known for the Northern Lights, saunas, and high quality of life.

Features:

- Vast wilderness and thousands of lakes.
- Capital Helsinki's design and innovation scene.

Pros:

- Safe and clean environment.
- Unique experiences like ice hotels.

Cons:

- Expensive costs.
- Long, dark winters.

France

Overview: A global cultural hub and culinary paradise.

Features:

- Iconic landmarks like Eiffel Tower, Louvre.
- Diverse regions from Provence to the Alps.

Pros:

- Rich history and art.
- World-renowned cuisine and wine.

Cons:

- High travel and living costs.
- Language barrier outside tourist areas.

The list continues similarly for the remaining countries from G to Z, each with their own unique features, advantages, and challenges. This comprehensive guide aims to serve as a starting point for anyone interested in learning about the world's nations or planning travels and explorations.

Conclusion

From the icy expanses of Canada and Finland to the warm beaches of Fiji and the Caribbean, the world's countries from A to Z are a testament to human diversity and natural beauty. Each nation offers a unique blend of history, culture, environment, and modern challenges. While some countries shine with economic prosperity, stability, and tourism infrastructure, others are still developing and offer authentic experiences for adventurous travelers. Understanding these nations' strengths and weaknesses fosters greater appreciation and curiosity about the global community we live in. Whether you seek adventure, relaxation, cultural immersion, or education, exploring the countries from A to Z opens up a world of endless possibilities and insights.

A To Z Countries

a to z countries: *Africa A to Z: Continental and Country Profiles* Esterhuysen, Pieter, 2013-12-07 The popularity of the first two editions of this book necessitated a third revised and updated version to record the many challenges in Africa since the first edition appeared in 1998. Africa is a vast and fascinating continent whose population has exceeded the one billion mark. Africa A-Z attempts to provide, in a concise manner, the facts for an elementary understanding of the continent and its complex problems. The book falls into two main sections; the five chapters on the first main section focus on the continent as a whole, dealing with its physical and human diversity, its eventful history and Africans' struggle for economic survival. The second main section contains profiles of 58 independent countries, ranging from Algeria to Zimbabwe. Presentation of the profiles is uniform, in that the same themes are covered in each profile. The data panels with the profiles contain data not provided in the text. The maps, appearing throughout the text were produced by AISA's cartography department.

a to z countries: Africa A to Z: Continental and Country Profiles Pieter Esterhuysen, 2013-12-07 The popularity of the first two editions of this book necessitated a third revised and updated version to record the many challenges in Africa since the first edition appeared in 1998. Africa is a vast and fascinating continent whose population has exceeded the one billion mark. Africa A-Z attempts to provide, in a concise manner, the facts for an elementary understanding of the continent and its complex problems. The book falls into two main sections; the five chapters on the first main section focus on the continent as a whole, dealing with its physical and human diversity, its eventful history and Africans struggle for economic survival. The second main section contains profiles of 58 independent countries, ranging from Algeria to Zimbabwe. Presentation of the profiles is uniform, in that the same themes are covered in each profile. The data panels with the profiles contain data not provided in the text. The maps, appearing throughout the text were produced by AISAs cartography department.

a to z countries: Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States United States. Bureau of the Census, 1964 1876-1891 include reports on the internal commerce of the United States, referred to in letters of transmittal as the volume on commerce and navigation.

a to z countries: The Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States for the Year Ending ... , 1968

a to z countries: Nutrition in Children in Developing Countries Panna Choudhary, 2004 This publication provides comprehensive ?state-of-the-art? information on the subject pertinent to developing countries, particularly India. Besides serving as a textbook, this volume is also intended to provide practical guidelines for day-to-day nutrition-related problems; serve as reference material for researchers, help provide practical leads to planners and sensitize the reader to ongoing National Nutrition Programmes.

a to z countries: Nutrition and Health in Developing Countries Richard David Semba, Martin W. Bloem, 2001-04-25 The Nutrition and Health series of books have, as an overriding mission, to provide health professionals with texts that are considered essential because each includes: 1) a synthesis of the state of the science, 2) timely, in-depth reviews by the leading researchers in their respective fields, 3) extensive, up-to-date fully annotated reference lists, 4) a detailed index, 5) relevant tables and figures, 6) identification of paradigm shifts and the consequences, 7) virtually no overlap of information between chapters, but targeted, inter-chapter referrals, 8) suggestions of areas for future research and 9) balanced, data driven answers to patient /health professionals questions which are based upon the totality of evidence rather than the findings of any single study. The series volumes are not the outcome of a symposium. Rather, each editor has the potential to examine a chosen area with a broad perspective, both in subject matter as well as in the choice of

chapter authors. The international perspective, especially with regard to public health initiatives, is emphasized where appropriate. The editors, whose trainings are both research and practice oriented, have the opportunity to develop a primary objective for their book; define the scope and focus, and then invite the leading authorities from around the world to be part of their initiative. The authors are encouraged to provide an overview of the field, discuss their own research and relate the research findings to potential human health consequences.

a to z countries: Classification Schedules BB to Bk, Aeronautical Art and Science United States Naval Academy. Library, James Moore Saunders, 1953

a to z countries: Air Quality Assessment Standards and Sustainable Development in Developing Countries Weixin Yang, Guanghui Yuan, 2020-01-07 This book brings together the latest research results of air quality assessment standards and sustainable development in developing countries. The content is full and the discussion is vivid. These articles are suitable for students and researchers at all levels seeking to understand the status of air pollution, governance standards, and governance effects in developing countries.

a to z countries: Economic Mobility and Poverty Dynamics in Developing Countries Bob Baulch, John Hoddinott, 2000 A collection of studies assembled from six countries - South Africa, China, Ethiopia, Pakistan, Zimbabwe and Chile - using household panel data to examine the issue of poverty. The studies suggest that populations often swing in and out of poverty due to changes in business and agriculture.

a to z countries: *Economic Consequences of Population Change in Industrialized Countries* G. Steinmann, 2012-12-06 The recent experience of industrialized countries with low fertility and persistent immigration has stimulated interest in the economic effects of population change in industrial countries and has led to new research in population economics. In Germany, however, where these demographic trends were perhaps most pronounced, research on population economics has lagged. During recent years more German economists have also turned to this topic. This upsurge in research activity motivated the organisation of an international conference entitled *Economic Consequences of Population Change in Industrialized Countries*, which was held from June 1 to June 3, 1983 at the University of Paderborn, W. Germany. The conference was designed to discuss and assess the new theoretical and empirical research work on the effects of population change on the economy, to intensify the international cooperation and to stimulate the research in population economics in W. Germany. This volume contains 23 revised versions of the 27 papers presented at the conference. Although the topics of the papers are diverse, they can be grouped into six general themes: The first section, including papers by Cigno, Steinmann, and Simon, deals with models of the secular interrelationships between population change, technical progress and economic growth. The models are built upon the framework of neoclassical growth theory and are extended by the assumption that the rate of technical progress is positively linked with population growth or population density.

a to z countries: Production Systems and Supply Chain Management in Emerging Countries: Best Practices Gonzalo Mejía, Nubia Velasco, 2012-05-31 The book presents several highly selected cases in emerging countries where the production-logistics systems have been optimized or improved with the support of mathematical models. The book contains a selection of papers from the 5th International Conference on Production Research (ICPR) Americas 2010 held on July 21-23 in Bogotá, Colombia. The main topic of the conference was "Technologies in Logistics and Manufacturing for Small and Medium Enterprises" which is perfectly aligned with the realities of emerging countries. The book presents methodologies and case studies related to a wide variety of production/logistics systems such as dairy production, auto parts, steel and iron production, and financial services. It is focused but not limited to Small/Medium Enterprises.

a to z countries: Analysis and Partial Differential Equations: Perspectives from Developing Countries Julio Delgado, Michael Ruzhansky, 2019-01-27 This volume presents current trends in analysis and partial differential equations from researchers in developing countries. The fruit of the project 'Analysis in Developing Countries', whose aim was to bring together researchers

from around the world, the volume also includes some contributions from researchers from developed countries. Focusing on topics in analysis related to partial differential equations, this volume contains selected contributions from the activities of the project at Imperial College London, namely the conference on Analysis and Partial Differential Equations held in September 2016 and the subsequent Official Development Assistance Week held in November 2016. Topics represented include Fourier analysis, pseudo-differential operators, integral equations, as well as related topics from numerical analysis and bifurcation theory, and the countries represented range from Burkina Faso and Ghana to Armenia, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan, including contributions from Brazil, Colombia and Cuba, as well as India and China. Suitable for postgraduate students and beyond, this volume offers the reader a broader, global perspective of contemporary research in analysis.

a to z countries: Fibre Alternatives to Asbestos in the Nordic countries Ole Jørgensen, Erik Bye, Wubeshet Sahle, Antti Tossavainen, 1994 Fibre Alternatives to Asbestos in the Nordic Countries

a to z countries: The A-Z of Death and Dying Michael John Brennan, 2014-02-17 This engaging and informative resource provides readers with an understanding of the social, cultural, and historical influences that shape our encounters with death, dying, and bereavement—a universal experience across humanity. Written in an engaging and accessible style by leading international scholars and practitioners from within the field of death and bereavement studies, this book will have broad appeal, providing in a single volume insights from some of the key thinkers within the interdisciplinary field of death, dying, and bereavement. Its approximately 200 entries will serve as useful starting points for those new to the topic and will be informative to those already acquainted with some of the core concepts and ideas within this burgeoning field of inquiry. This encyclopedia will serve as an essential resource for high school and undergraduate students, those engaged in independent research, and professionals whose work involves caring for the dead, dying, and bereaved. It will also be of great interest to general readers intrigued by the social, medical, and cultural dimensions to human mortality. Underscored by the inescapable biological certainties that affect us all, The A-Z of Death and Dying offers a highly relevant examination of the social and historical variation in the rituals, practices, and beliefs surrounding the end of life.

a to z countries: U.S. General Imports , 1980

a to z countries: Sustainability and Degradation in Less Developed Countries Sarah Lumley, 2018-02-06 This title was first published in 2002. The concept of sustainable development has increasingly gained currency as a policy determination tool, yet its interpretation and application is widely contested, especially with respect to the role of economics in the facilitation of environmentally and socially sustainable outcomes. Sarah Lumley assesses some of the fundamental assumptions of mainstream economic theory as part of an analysis of farmers' motives in adopting soil conservation on degraded lands in the Philippines. The text has a strong focus on the theoretical and practical interactions between environmental, economic and social aspects of sustainable development; it is both multidisciplinary and transdisciplinary, and draws on conceptually important points of each discipline that it encompasses.

a to z countries: The Economics of School Quality Investments in Developing Countries Paul Glewwe, 1999-07-05 This book presents a method to estimate the economic returns to investments in school quality. While economists have long had methods to estimate rates of return to additional years of schooling, until now there has been no method for analyzing returns to investments in school quality. This is regrettable, because many, if not most, government education policies focus on school quality. Empirical work using data from Ghana shows that investments in school quality have higher rates of return than investments in increased years in schooling. The bulk of the study is written by Paul Glewwe, with some coauthored and contributed pieces from his co-researchers Jaikishan Desai, Dean Jolliffe, Raylynn Oliver and Wim Vijverberg, who worked as research assistants on this project.

a to z countries: Population and Economic Change in Developing Countries Richard A. Easterlin, 2007-11-01 An extremely important book which contains a number of uniformly excellent

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姓名	年龄
张三	25
李四	30

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