

out of the past film noir

Out of the Past film noir stands as a quintessential example of the classic film noir genre, embodying its themes of moral ambiguity, fatalism, and complex characterizations. Released in 1947 and directed by Jacques Tourneur, the film has been lauded for its atmospheric storytelling, intricate plot, and evocative visual style. Its enduring influence can be seen in countless films and media that have followed, cementing its place as a pillar of American noir cinema. In this article, we will explore the film's historical context, narrative structure, stylistic features, thematic elements, and its legacy within the broader scope of film noir.

Historical Context and Production Background

The Post-War Era and the Rise of Film Noir

The late 1940s marked a significant period for American cinema, influenced heavily by the aftermath of World War II. The disillusionment and anxieties of the era gave rise to film noir, a genre characterized by its dark visual palette, morally complex characters, and themes of corruption and existential dread. *Out of the Past* emerged during this fertile period, reflecting societal fears and personal despair.

The Creative Team Behind *Out of the Past*

The film was produced by RKO Radio Pictures and features notable talents:

- **Director:** Jacques Tourneur, known for his mastery of atmosphere and suspense.
- **Screenplay:** Based on the novel "Build My Gallows High" by Geoffrey Homes (a pseudonym for Daniel Mainwaring).
- **Lead Actors:** Robert Mitchum as Jeff Bailey and Jane Greer as Kathie Moffat.

Tourneur's direction, combined with the compelling screenplay and performances, contributed to the film's lasting appeal.

Plot Summary and Narrative Structure

A Nonlinear, Complex Plot

Out of the Past tells the story of Jeff Bailey, a private investigator who is haunted by his past and a love affair gone awry. The plot unfolds through a series of flashbacks, revealing Jeff's involvement with Kathie Moffat, a femme fatale, and her dangerous past.

Key plot points include:

1. Jeff's attempt to escape his criminal past by relocating to a small town.
2. The re-emergence of Kathie, seeking Jeff's help to escape her criminal life.
3. The unraveling of a web of lies, deception, and betrayal as Jeff is pulled back into danger.
4. The tragic culmination that underscores the inescapable nature of fate.

Use of Flashbacks and Voiceover Narration

The narrative employs a classic noir device: voiceover narration by Jeff, which guides viewers through the story and adds an introspective layer to his character. The nonlinear structure enhances the sense of inevitability and moral ambiguity.

Visual Style and Cinematography

Chiaroscuro Lighting and Shadow Play

The film's visual style is a hallmark of noir cinema, employing stark contrasts between light and shadow to evoke mood and highlight moral ambiguity. Tourneur's use of low-key lighting creates a sense of mystery and foreboding.

Camera Techniques and Composition

Notable stylistic elements include:

- Deep focus shots that emphasize isolation and entrapment.
- Creative use of framing to suggest psychological states.
- Tracking shots that follow characters through dark, moody environments.

These techniques contribute to the film's immersive atmosphere and emphasize its themes of entrapment and fatalism.

Themes and Symbolism

Moral Ambiguity and the Femme Fatale

At the core of *Out of the Past* is moral complexity. Characters are neither wholly good nor evil, embodying the noir tendency to blur moral boundaries. Kathie Moffat exemplifies the archetype of the femme fatale—seductive, manipulative, and dangerous—driving the plot with her elusive motives.

Fate, Destiny, and Inescapability

The film underscores the idea that past sins and choices cannot be escaped. Jeff's attempt at rebirth is thwarted by the inescapable pull of his history, illustrating a core noir theme of fatalism.

Corruption and Moral Decay

The film depicts a corrupt world where trust is fragile, and morality is compromised. The characters' actions reveal a landscape of betrayal, greed, and moral decay.

Symbolism and Visual Motifs

Common motifs include:

- Dark alleys and shadowed rooms symbolizing moral ambiguity.
- Reflections and mirrors representing duality and deception.
- Empty streets and night settings emphasizing loneliness and despair.

Characters and Performances

Jeff Bailey (Robert Mitchum)

Mitchum's portrayal exemplifies the stoic, morally conflicted protagonist. His cool demeanor masks inner turmoil, embodying the archetype of the noir hero.

Kathie Moffat (Jane Greer)

Greer's performance as the femme fatale is iconic, combining sensuality with menace. Her character's elusive motives and tragic arc encapsulate the dangerous allure of noir women.

Supporting Characters

Other notable characters include:

- Gordon (Kirk Douglas), a rival and morally ambiguous figure.
- Jeff's love interest, Ann (Rhonda Fleming), representing innocence lost.

Legacy and Influence of Out of the Past

Critical Reception and Classic Status

Upon release, the film received praise for its atmospheric storytelling and visual style, earning its status as a classic of noir cinema. Over time, critics have lauded it for its narrative complexity and thematic depth.

Influence on Film Noir and Beyond

Out of the Past has influenced countless filmmakers and remains a touchstone for noir aesthetics and storytelling. Its themes of fatalism and moral ambiguity continue to resonate in modern cinema.

Enduring Cultural Significance

The film's iconic imagery, such as Mitchum's laconic presence and the shadowed cityscapes, have become symbols of film noir. It is frequently studied in film courses and referenced in popular culture.

Conclusion

Out of the Past exemplifies the enduring power of film noir, blending stylistic innovation with profound thematic exploration. Its intricate plot, atmospheric visuals, and complex characters have cemented its place as a masterpiece of American cinema. As a reflection of post-war disillusionment and moral ambiguity, it continues to captivate audiences and influence filmmakers, preserving its legacy as a quintessential film noir.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main plot of the film noir 'Out of the Past'?

'Out of the Past' centers on a private eye who is pulled into a complicated web of crime,

deception, and past secrets when he becomes involved with a femme fatale and a dangerous man from his previous life.

Why is 'Out of the Past' considered a classic film noir?

'Out of the Past' is regarded as a quintessential film noir due to its moody lighting, complex narrative structure, morally ambiguous characters, and themes of fate and betrayal that define the genre.

Who are the main actors in 'Out of the Past'?

The film stars Robert Mitchum as Jeff Bailey, Jane Greer as Kathie Moffat, and Kirk Douglas as Whit Sterling.

What are some signature stylistic elements of 'Out of the Past'?

The film features high-contrast lighting, shadowy visuals, noir's signature voice-over narration, and bleak, atmospheric settings that contribute to its tense and suspenseful mood.

How does 'Out of the Past' explore themes of fatalism and moral ambiguity?

The film depicts characters trapped by their pasts and decisions, emphasizing the inevitability of their doom and the blurred lines between good and evil, which are central themes in noir storytelling.

What impact did 'Out of the Past' have on the film noir genre?

'Out of the Past' is often credited with defining many noir tropes and conventions, influencing countless films with its storytelling style, visual aesthetic, and complex characters.

Is 'Out of the Past' based on a true story or a novel?

No, 'Out of the Past' is an original screenplay written by Daniel Mainwaring and directed by Jacques Tourneur, not based on a true story or a novel.

What is the significance of the film's ending in 'Out of the Past'?

The ending underscores the inescapability of fate and the tragic consequences of past sins, leaving viewers with a sense of melancholy and moral reflection characteristic of noir films.

Where can I watch 'Out of the Past' today?

'Out of the Past' is available on various streaming platforms, DVD/Blu-ray releases, and classic film channels, making it accessible for modern audiences interested in film noir history.

Additional Resources

Out of the Past is widely regarded as a quintessential example of film noir, a genre that emerged in the 1940s characterized by its dark visual style, morally complex characters, and themes of fatalism and corruption. Released in 1947 and directed by Jacques Tourneur, this film has stood the test of time as a masterful exploration of crime, betrayal, and doomed love. Its atmospheric cinematography, compelling narrative, and haunting performances cement its status as a landmark in noir cinema. This review delves into the various aspects that make Out of the Past a timeless classic, examining its thematic depth, visual style, characters, and legacy within the noir genre.

Overview of Out of the Past

Plot Summary

Out of the Past follows private investigator Jeff Bailey (Robert Mitchum), whose peaceful small-town life is disrupted when a visitor from his past, Kathie Moffat (Jane Greer), re-enters his life. Kathie is a femme fatale with a shadowy history, and her presence drags Jeff back into a web of deception, murder, and moral ambiguity. As Jeff recounts his story to a detective, flashbacks reveal his involvement with Kathie and the dangerous man they both fear—Gordon M. (Kirk Douglas), a ruthless gangster. The narrative unfolds as Jeff grapples with his feelings for Kathie and his desire to escape the past, leading to a tragic and inevitable conclusion.

Historical Context

Out of the Past was produced during Hollywood's Golden Age, at a time when film noir was burgeoning as a distinctive style. It captures the post-World War II zeitgeist—an era marked by disillusionment, existential questioning, and skepticism of authority. Its influence extends beyond its era, inspiring countless films and filmmakers.

Visual Style and Cinematography

Noir Aesthetic

One of the defining features of Out of the Past is its striking visual style. Director Jacques Tourneur, in collaboration with cinematographer Nicholas Musuraca, employs chiaroscuro lighting, deep shadows, and high-contrast imagery to evoke a sense of mystery and moral ambiguity. The film's use of shadow and light not only enhances its visual appeal but also symbolizes the moral complexities faced by its characters.

Key Visual Features

- Low-Key Lighting: Creates mood and emphasizes the noir atmosphere.
- Urban and Desert Landscapes: Contrasts between cityscapes and open spaces reflect the internal conflicts of characters.
- Dutch Angles: Occasionally used to disorient viewers, reinforcing the sense of unease.

Pros and Cons of Visual Style

Pros:

- Creates an immersive noir atmosphere.
- Highlights themes of duality and moral ambiguity.
- Enhances character psychology through visual cues.

Cons:

- The heavy shadowing can sometimes obscure details, making some scenes visually dense.
- The film's black-and-white aesthetic may feel dated to modern viewers seeking color.

Narrative Structure and Themes

Nonlinear Storytelling

Out of the Past employs a non-linear narrative, with Jeff recounting his past to a detective in a series of flashbacks. This structure allows viewers to piece together the story gradually, heightening suspense and emphasizing the theme of memory and regret.

Major Themes

- Fate and Fatalism: Characters seem doomed by their past choices, embodying the noir belief that individuals cannot escape their destiny.
- Corruption and Morality: The film explores moral ambiguity, where characters are neither wholly good nor evil.
- Love and Betrayal: The doomed romance between Jeff and Kathie underscores the destructive power of passion.

Narrative Features

- Use of voice-over narration provides insight into Jeff's inner thoughts.
- The story's layered layers of deception and shifting loyalties create a complex narrative web.

Character Analysis

Jeff Bailey (Robert Mitchum)

Jeff is the archetypal noir hero—calm, stoic, and morally conflicted. His sense of duty and

desire for redemption clash with his past actions, making him a tragic figure.

Strengths:

- Subtle, nuanced performance by Mitchum.
- Embodies the noir anti-hero archetype.

Weaknesses:

- His passivity can sometimes make him seem detached.

Kathie Moffat (Jane Greer)

Kathie is the quintessential femme fatale, alluring yet dangerous. Her manipulative nature and complex motivations make her a compelling character.

Strengths:

- Strong, charismatic performance.
- Adds layers of ambiguity—her motives are never entirely clear.

Weaknesses:

- Some viewers may perceive her as merely a plot device rather than a fully fleshed-out character.

Supporting Characters

- Gordon M. (Kirk Douglas): The ruthless villain whose presence looms over the narrative.
- Detective Whit (Paul Henreid): Represents law and order, contrasting Jeff's morally gray world.

Performance and Direction

Acting

Out of the Past features stellar performances, particularly from Mitchum and Greer. Mitchum's cool demeanor and subtle gestures convey Jeff's internal conflict, while Greer's portrayal of Kathie embodies seduction and menace.

Direction

Jacques Tourneur's direction is understated yet effective. His focus on mood, atmosphere, and visual storytelling helps elevate the film beyond a simple crime story. Tourneur's ability to balance character development with suspense is a key factor in the film's enduring appeal.

Sound and Music

The film's score, composed by David Raksin, complements its visual style perfectly. The haunting music underscores moments of tension and melancholy, enriching the emotional

impact.

Pros:

- Enhances the noir atmosphere.
- Memorable themes that linger with viewers.

Cons:

- Some may find the score somewhat sparse or minimal compared to modern standards.

Legacy and Influence

Critical Reception

Out of the Past received critical acclaim upon release and has been hailed as one of the greatest film noirs ever made. Its influence can be seen in countless films and TV shows that explore themes of moral ambiguity and fatalism.

Cultural Impact

The film's archetypal characters and visual style have become staples of noir cinema. Its depiction of the femme fatale and the doomed anti-hero continue to influence filmmakers and storytellers.

Preservation and Restoration

Restorations of Out of the Past have helped preserve its visual and audio quality, allowing new generations to experience its artistry.

Pros and Cons Summary

Pros:

- Masterful noir visual style with striking cinematography.
- Complex, layered narrative with non-linear storytelling.
- Strong performances, especially from Mitchum and Greer.
- Rich thematic exploration of fate, morality, and love.
- Influential legacy that shaped the noir genre.

Cons:

- Some visual elements may feel dated or overly shadowed to modern audiences.
- Characters can sometimes lack depth or feel archetypal.
- The slow pacing may not appeal to all viewers.

Conclusion

Out of the Past stands as a landmark film noir that exemplifies the genre's core themes

and stylistic elements. Its blend of atmospheric visuals, compelling storytelling, and nuanced performances creates an immersive experience that continues to resonate with audiences. The film's exploration of moral ambiguity, inevitable fate, and tragic love encapsulates the essence of noir, making it a must-watch for fans of classic cinema and those interested in the darker facets of human nature. As a timeless piece of cinematic art, *Out of the Past* not only defines the genre but also offers a haunting reflection on the inescapable past and the shadows it casts on the present.

Out Of The Past Film Noir

out of the past film noir: Out of the Past Barry Gifford, 2001-01-01 For both the film buff and the general moviegoer a handbook that unlocks the secrets of a hundred noir movies Gifford knows his noir. The essays are better than some of the films he writes about. - Elmore Leonard For a tour of noir cinema this handbook is the perfect companion and Barry Gifford is an ideal guide. His choice selection of films exposes the menacing, moody, and oftentimes violent underbelly of this dark movie genre that occupies a favorite niche in American popular culture. Some are classics, some are little known and seldom seen, but all, once viewed, are deeply remembered by aficionados of noir. Gifford's roll call of unforgettables includes these, and more: *The Asphalt Jungle*, *Body and Soul*, *Body Heat*, *Charley Varrick*, *Chinatown*, *The Devil Thumbs a Ride*, *D.O.A.*, *Double Indemnity*, *High Sierra*, *Key Largo*, *Kiss of Death*, *Mean Streets*, *Mildred Pierce*, *Mr. Majestyk*, *Out of the Past*, *The Strange Love of Martha Ivers*, *Strangers on a Train*, *White Heat*, along with several noir classics from Europe -- *Repulsion*, *The Hidden Room*, *Shoot the Piano Player*, *The 400 Blows*, *Odd Man Out*. Gifford identifies the directors and names the many noir stars, the greats and not-so-greats who were cast in the indelible roles of hoods, B-girls, psychopaths, grifters, gumshoes, waifs, tarts, femme fatales, mobsters, molls, and ex-cons. In an introduction novelists Edward Gorman and Dow Mossman applaud Gifford's selections and his insights: The movies discussed here range from the lowest of the B's to the biggest of the A's, and this book is going to make you want to run out and locate every one of them (and good luck to you; finding *The Devil Thumbs a Ride* could take you a lifetime). Through Barry Gifford's eyes we begin to see their similarities and their value. What Andrew Sarris did for the mainstream film in *The American Cinema*, Barry does here for the crime film. With a connoisseur's insight and an offbeat sensitivity perfectly tailored to his subjects, Gifford's brief essays cover a hundred of the noir buff's favorites. His highly polished impressions take the reader through five decades of noir to find both the heart and the art of the plotline. Barry Gifford is a poet, novelist, and playwright. He lives in the San Francisco Bay Area. Among his books is *Hotel Room Trilogy* (University Press of Mississippi).

out of the past film noir: Film Noir William Luhr, 2012-01-04 Film Noir offers new perspectives on this highly popular and influential film genre, providing a useful overview of its historical evolution and the many critical debates over its stylistic elements. Brings together a range of perspectives on a topic that has been much discussed but remains notoriously ill-defined Traces the historical development of the genre, usefully exploring the relations between the films of the 1940s and 1950s that established the noir universe and the more recent films in which it has been frequently revived Employs a clear and intelligent writing style that makes this the perfect introduction to the genre Offers a thorough and engaging analysis of this popular area of film studies for students and scholars Presents an in-depth analysis of six key films, each exemplifying important trends of film noir: *Murder, My Sweet*; *Out of the Past*; *Kiss Me Deadly*; *The Long Goodbye*; *Chinatown*; and *Seven*

out of the past film noir: Jacques Tourneur Chris Fujiwara, 2015-05-07 At least three of director Jacques Tourneur's films--*Cat People*, *I Walked with a Zombie* and *The Leopard Man*--are

recognized as horror classics. Yet his contributions to these films are often minimized by scholars, with most of the credit going to the films' producer, Val Lewton. A detailed examination of the director's full body of work reveals that those elements most evident in the Tourneur-Lewton collaborations--the lack of monsters and the stylized use of suggested violence--are equally apparent in Tourneur's films before and after his work with Lewton. Mystery and sensuality were hallmarks of his style, and he possessed a highly artistic visual and aural style. This insightful critical study examines each of Tourneur's films, as well as his extensive work on MGM shorts (1936-1942) and in television. What emerges is evidence of a highly coherent directorial style that runs throughout Tourneur's works.

out of the past film noir: The Elusive Auteur Barrett Hodsdon, 2017-05-21 The director's authorial role in filmmaking--the extent to which a film reflects his or her individual style and creative vision--has been much debated among film critics and scholars for decades. Drawing on generations of criticism, this study describes how the designation auteur has gone from stylistic criterion to product label--in what has always been an essentially collaborative industry. Examining the controversy in regard to Hollywood directors, the author compares directors and would-be auteurs of the classic studio system with those of contemporary Hollywood and its new climate of cultural entrepreneurship.

out of the past film noir: The Philosophy of Steven Soderbergh R. Barton Palmer, Steven Sanders, 2011 At the age of twenty-six, Steven Soderbergh launched his career in the film industry with astonishing success. His film *sex, lies, and videotape* (1989), which he wrote in only eight days, won the prestigious Palm d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival, a bittersweet blessing that shaped high expectations for the young director. The film, also nominated for an Academy Award, is regarded by most film experts as a turning point in the history of American independent cinema. *The Philosophy of Steven Soderbergh* examines Soderbergh's full body of work, from films that brought him commercial success such as *Erin Brockovich* (2000), to more controversial films such as *The Limey* (1999), which put his name among the ranks of such celebrated filmmakers as the Coen brothers, David Lynch, and Orson Welles. Editors R. Barton Palmer and Steven M. Sanders introduce readers to the imaginative storylines, philosophically salient themes, and inventive approaches to filmmaking that distinguish Soderbergh's work. Expert scholars analyze Soderbergh's films individually, exploring topics such as the nature of reality in *Solaris* (2002); the heritage of Enlightenment thought in *Schizopolis* (1996); guilt, punishment, and redemption in *The Limey* (1999); altruism in *Erin Brockovich* (2000); truth, knowledge, and ethics in *sex, lies, and videotape* (1989); politics as reality and fiction in *K Street* (2004); and Kantian ethics, performance, and agency in *Traffic* (2000) and the *Ocean's* trilogy (2001-2007). Like the Coens and David Lynch, Soderbergh places emphasis on character over narrative, self-conscious stylistic display and visual exuberance, and a deep, often disturbing engagement with the problematic aspects of the human condition. His films take on a variety of cinematic forms, often by joining the traditions of film noir and crime cinema with European styles and themes. By consistently challenging the viewer to question the foundations of knowledge, understanding, and reality, Soderbergh's films have played a significant role in the advancement of American art cinema. R. Barton Palmer is Calhoun Lemon Professor of Literature at Clemson University and the author or editor of many books. Steven M. Sanders, professor emeritus of philosophy at Bridgewater State University

out of the past film noir: Cinemas of the World James Chapman, 2003 In *Cinemas of the World*, James Chapman examines the relationship between film and society in the modern world

out of the past film noir: Film Theory Philip Simpson, Andrew Utterson, Karen J. Shepherdson, 2004 This major new collection identifies the critical and theoretical concepts which have been most significant in the study of film and presents a historical and intellectual context for the material examined.

out of the past film noir: Crime Films Thomas Leitch, 2002-08-15 This book surveys the entire range of crime films, including important subgenres such as the gangster film, the private eye film, film noir, as well as the victim film, the erotic thriller, and the crime comedy. Focusing on ten

films that span the range of the twentieth century, Thomas Leitch traces the transformation of the three leading figures that are common to all crime films: the criminal, the victim and the avenger. Analyzing how each of the subgenres establishes oppositions among its ritual antagonists, he shows how the distinctions among them become blurred throughout the course of the century. This blurring, Leitch maintains, reflects and fosters a deep social ambivalence towards crime and criminals, while the criminal, victim and avenger characters effectively map the shifting relations between subgenres, such as the erotic thriller and the police film, within the larger genre of crime film that informs them all.

out of the past film noir: *David Cronenberg's A History of Violence* Bart Beaty, 2008-11-01 Arguably the most famous and critically acclaimed Canadian filmmaker, David Cronenberg is celebrated equally for his early genre films, like *Scanners* (1981) and *The Fly* (1986), and his dark artistic vision in films such as *Dead Ringers* (1988) and *Crash* (1996). The 2005 film *A History of Violence* was a mainstream success that marked Cronenberg's return to the commercial fold of Hollywood after years of independent art house filmmaking. His international reputation grew and the film was honoured with numerous awards and two Oscar nominations (for screenwriter Josh Olson and supporting actor William Hurt). David Cronenberg's *A History of Violence* - the lead title in the new Canadian Cinema series - presents readers with a lively study of some of the filmmaker's favourite themes: violence, concealment, transformation, sex, and guilt. Bart Beaty introduces us to Cronenberg's film, situating it in the context of its aesthetic influences, and argues for its uniquely English-Canadian qualities. The author contends that *A History of Violence* is a nuanced study of masquerade and disguise, a film that thwarts our expectations of film genre as much as it challenges our perception of national geography and cultural mythology. As a contribution to the Canadian Cinema series, the volume also presents readers with an overview of Cronenberg's career, the production history of the film, a discussion of its critical reception, and a filmography. David Cronenberg's *A History of Violence* is a book for fans, critics, and cinephiles alike.

out of the past film noir: *The Film Appreciation Book* Jim Piper, 2014-11-18 This is a book for cinephiles, pure and simple. Author and filmmaker, Jim Piper, shares his vast knowledge of film and analyzes the most striking components of the best movies ever made. From directing to cinematography, from editing and music to symbolism and plot development, *The Film Appreciation Book* covers hundreds of the greatest works in cinema, combining history, technical knowledge, and the art of enjoyment to explain why some movies have become the most treasured and entertaining works ever available to the public, and why these movies continue to amaze viewers after decades of notoriety. Read about such classic cinematic masterpieces as *Citizen Kane*, *Gandhi*, *Midnight Cowboy*, *Easy Rider*, *True Grit*, *Gone With the Wind*, and *The Wizard of Oz*, as well as more recent accomplishments in feature films, such as *Requiem for a Dream*, *Munich*, *The King's Speech*, and *The Hurt Locker*. Piper breaks down his analysis for you and points out aspects of production that movie-lovers (even the devoted ones) would never recognize on their own. This book will endlessly fascinate, and by the time you get to the last chapter, you're ready to start all over again. In-depth analysis and thoughtful and wide-ranging film choices from every period of cinema history will ensure that you never tire of this reading companion to film. Allworth Press, an imprint of Skyhorse Publishing, publishes a broad range of books on the visual and performing arts, with emphasis on the business of art. Our titles cover subjects such as graphic design, theater, branding, fine art, photography, interior design, writing, acting, film, how to start careers, business and legal forms, business practices, and more. While we don't aspire to publish a New York Times bestseller or a national bestseller, we are deeply committed to quality books that help creative professionals succeed and thrive. We often publish in areas overlooked by other publishers and welcome the author whose expertise can help our audience of readers.

out of the past film noir: *The Shifting Definitions of Genre* Lincoln Geraghty, Mark Jancovich, 2008-04-07 Histories of science fiction often discuss Fritz Lang's *Metropolis* as a classic work within the genre--yet the term science fiction had not been invented at the time of the film's release. If the genre did not have a name, did it exist? Does retroactive assignment to a genre change our

understanding of a film? Do films shift in meaning and status as the name of a genre changes meaning over time? These provocative questions are at the heart of this book, whose thirteen essays examine the varying constructions of genre within film, television, and other entertainment media. Collectively, the authors argue that generic labels are largely irrelevant or even detrimental to the works to which they are applied. Part One examines the meanings of genre and reveals how the media is involved in the production and dissemination of generic definitions. Part Two considers specific films (or groups of films) and their relationships within various categorizations. Part Three focuses on the closely tied concepts of history and memory as they relate to the perceptions of genre.

out of the past film noir: Rethinking the Femme Fatale in Film Noir J. Grossman, 2009-10-21 In the context of nineteenth-century Victorin noir and close readings of original-cycle film noir, Julie Grossman argues that the presence of the femme fatale figure, as she is understood in film criticism and popular culture, is drastically over-emphasized and has helped to sustain cultural obsessions with bad women.

out of the past film noir: Happy Days Benjamin L. Alpers, 2024-01-12 After the techno-futurism of the 1950s and the utopian 1960s vision of a "great society," the 1970s saw Americans turning to the past as a source for both nostalgic escapism and serious reflection on the nation's history. While some popular works like *Grease* presented the relatively recent past as a more innocent time, far away from the nation's post-Vietnam, post-Watergate malaise, others like *Roots* used America's bicentennial as an occasion for deep soul-searching. *Happy Days* investigates how 1970s popular culture was obsessed with America's past but often offered radically different interpretations of the same historical events and icons. Even the figure of the greaser, once an icon of juvenile delinquency, was made family-friendly by Henry Winkler's Fonzie at the same time that he was being appropriated in more threatening ways by punk and gay subcultures. The cultural historian Benjamin Alpers discovers similar levels of ambivalence toward the past in 1970s neo-noir films, representations of America's founding, and neo-slave narratives by Alex Haley and Octavia Butler. By exploring how Americans used the 1970s to construct divergent representations of their shared history, he identifies it as a pivotal moment in the nation's ideological fracturing.

out of the past film noir: Ida Lupino, Director Therese Grisham, Julie Grossman, 2017-05-23 Dominated by men and bound by the restrictive Hays Code, postwar Hollywood offered little support for a female director who sought to make unique films on controversial subjects. But Ida Lupino bucked the system, writing and directing a string of movies that exposed the dark underside of American society, on topics such as rape, polio, unwed motherhood, bigamy, exploitative sports, and serial murder. The first in-depth study devoted to Lupino's directorial work, this book makes a strong case for her as a trailblazing feminist auteur, a filmmaker with a clear signature style and an abiding interest in depicting the plights of postwar American women. *Ida Lupino, Director* not only examines her work as a cinematic auteur, but also offers a serious consideration of her diverse and long-ranging career, getting her start in Hollywood as an actress in her teens and twenties, directing her first films in her early thirties, and later working as an acclaimed director of television westerns, sitcoms, and suspense dramas. It also demonstrates how Lupino fused generic elements of film noir and the social problem film to create a distinctive directorial style that was both highly expressionistic and grittily realistic. *Ida Lupino, Director* thus shines a long-awaited spotlight on one of our greatest filmmakers.

out of the past film noir: Film Criticism, the Cold War, and the Blacklist Jeff Smith, 2014-03-26 *Film Criticism, the Cold War, and the Blacklist* examines the long-term reception of several key American films released during the postwar period, focusing on the two main critical lenses used in the interpretation of these films: propaganda and allegory. Produced in response to the hearings held by the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HUAC) that resulted in the Hollywood blacklist, these films' ideological message and rhetorical effectiveness was often muddled by the inherent difficulties in dramatizing villains defined by their thoughts and belief systems rather than their actions. Whereas anti-Communist propaganda films offered explicit political exhortation,

allegory was the preferred vehicle for veiled or hidden political comment in many police procedurals, historical films, Westerns, and science fiction films. Jeff Smith examines the way that particular heuristics, such as the mental availability of exemplars and the effects of framing, have encouraged critics to match filmic elements to contemporaneous historical events, persons, and policies. In charting the development of these particular readings, *Film Criticism*, the Cold War, and the Blacklist features case studies of many canonical Cold War titles, including *The Red Menace*, *On the Waterfront*, *The Robe*, *High Noon*, and *Invasion of the Body Snatchers*.

out of the past film noir: *The Women's Companion to International Film* Annette Kuhn, Susannah Radstone, 1994-01-01 Includes short entries for actresses, genres, studios and topics.

out of the past film noir: *The Origins of Cool in Postwar America* Joel Dinerstein, 2017-05-17 An “entertaining” study of the enduring concept of coolness, and the mix of cultures and historical events that shaped it (The New York Times). Cool. It was a new word and a new way to be, and in a single generation, it became the supreme compliment of American culture. *The Origins of Cool in Postwar America* uncovers the hidden history of this concept and its new set of codes that came to define a global attitude and style. As Joel Dinerstein reveals, cool began as a stylish defiance of racism, a challenge to suppressed sexuality, a philosophy of individual rebellion, and a youthful search for social change. Through portraits of iconic figures, he illuminates the cultural connections and artistic innovations among Lester Young, Humphrey Bogart, Robert Mitchum, Billie Holiday, Frank Sinatra, Jack Kerouac, Albert Camus, Marlon Brando, James Dean, and others. We eavesdrop on conversations among Jean-Paul Sartre, Simone de Beauvoir, and Miles Davis, and on a forgotten debate between Lorraine Hansberry and Norman Mailer over the “white Negro” and black cool. We come to understand how the cool worlds of Beat writers and Method actors emerged from the intersections of film noir, jazz, and existentialism. Out of this mix, Dinerstein sketches nuanced definitions of cool that unite concepts from African-American and Euro-American culture: the stylish stoicism of the ethical rebel loner; the relaxed intensity of the improvising jazz musician; the effortless physical grace of the Method actor. To be cool is not to be hip and to be hot is definitely not to be cool. “Eminently readable. Much more than just a history of cool, this book is a studied examination of the very real, often problematic social issues that popular culture responds to.” —Publishers Weekly (starred review) “The kind of book that makes learning enjoyable.” —The Wall Street Journal “Superb.” —Times Higher Education

out of the past film noir: *The Big Lebowski* Jenny Jones, 2012-09-15 Whether contending with nihilists, botching a kidnapping pay-off, watching as his beloved rug is micturated upon, or simply bowling and drinking Caucasians, the Dude—or El Duderino if you’re not into the whole brevity thing—abides. As embodied by Jeff Bridges, the main character of the 1998 Coen brothers’ film *The Big Lebowski* is a modern hero who has inspired festivals, burlesque interpretations, and even a religion (Dudeism). Film author and curator Jenny M. Jones tells the full story of the Dude, from how the Coen brothers came up with the idea for a modern LA noir to never-been-told anecdotes about the film’s production, its critical and commercial reception, and, finally, how it came to be such an international cult hit. Achievers, as *Lebowski* fans call themselves, will discover many hidden truths, including why it is that Walter Sobchak (John Goodman) is so obsessed with Vietnam, what makes Theodore Donald “Donny” Kerabatsos (Steve Buscemi) so confused all the time, how the film defies genre, and what unexpected surprise Bridges got during filming of the Gutterballs dream sequence. (Hint: it involved curly wigs and a gurney.) Interspersed throughout are sidebars, interviews with members of the film’s cast and crew, scene breakdowns, guest essays by prominent experts on *Lebowski* language, music, filmmaking techniques, and more, and hundreds of photographs—including many of artwork inspired by the film.

out of the past film noir: *The Cinema Book* Bloomsbury Publishing, 2019-07-25 The *Cinema Book* is widely recognised as the ultimate guide to cinema. Authoritative and comprehensive, the third edition has been extensively revised, updated and expanded in response to developments in cinema and cinema studies. Lavishly illustrated in colour, this edition features a wealth of exciting new sections and in-depth case studies. Sections address Hollywood and other World cinema

histories, key genres in both fiction and non-fiction film, issues such as stars, technology and authorship, and major theoretical approaches to understanding film.

out of the past film noir: [Heritage Signature Vintage Movie Poster Auction #636](#) , 2006 Vente d'affiches de cinéma les 12 et 13 juillet 2006 à Dallas, Texas, USA.

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