

the owl service book

The Owl Service Book

The Owl Service book, a literary masterpiece by Alan Garner, stands as a profound exploration of folklore, history, and human nature woven into a compelling narrative that continues to captivate readers decades after its initial publication. Published in 1967, the novel draws inspiration from Welsh mythology and local legends, blending them seamlessly into a modern setting to create a haunting and thought-provoking story. Its rich symbolism, layered storytelling, and historical depth have cemented its place as a classic of young adult and adult literature alike. This article delves into the origins, themes, characters, and cultural significance of The Owl Service book, examining why it remains an enduring work of literary art.

Origins and Background of The Owl Service

Author's Background and Inspiration

Alan Garner, a British author renowned for his works rooted in folklore and mythology, wrote The Owl Service as a reflection of his fascination with Welsh legends and landscape. Garner's childhood in Cheshire, near the Welsh border, exposed him to local myths and rural traditions, which heavily influenced his writing. The Owl Service draws specifically from the Welsh myth of Blodeuwedd, a woman transformed into an owl as punishment, symbolizing themes of betrayal, transformation, and the supernatural.

Garner's interest in archaeology, history, and folklore is evident throughout the novel. His meticulous research into local legends and ancient traditions provides an authentic backdrop that elevates the narrative beyond simple storytelling into a meaningful exploration of cultural memory and folklore's role

in shaping identity.

Historical and Cultural Context

The novel was written during a period of social change in Britain, amidst the 1960s cultural revolution. Garner's work reflects a tension between modernity and tradition, emphasizing the importance of understanding one's roots and cultural heritage. The rural setting, traditional crafts, and mythological references serve as a counterpoint to rapidly changing social landscapes, highlighting the value and fragility of cultural memory.

Furthermore, the 1960s saw a renewed interest in folklore and myth, partly as a reaction against industrialization and modernization. The Owl Service fits within this broader cultural movement, serving both as a nostalgic homage and a critical commentary on the loss of traditional knowledge.

Plot Summary and Structure

Overview of the Narrative

The novel revolves around three teenagers—Holly, Roger, and Alison—who discover an ancient ceramic service decorated with owl motifs. The service is linked to a local legend and a mysterious curse. As they become involved with the pottery, strange and supernatural events begin to unfold, blurring the lines between myth and reality.

The story is structured around the discovery and usage of the owl-decorated dishes, which act as a catalyst for unfolding the mythic cycle. The narrative alternates between the present-day teenagers' experiences and the ancient myth of Blodeuwedd, creating a layered storytelling approach that enriches the reader's understanding of the legend's relevance.

Key Events and Turning Points

- **Discovery of the Owl Service:** Holly, Roger, and Alison find the ceramic pieces in a disused mill, sparking their fascination with the legend.
- **The First Occurrence:** Strange occurrences begin after the teenagers use the dishes during a dinner, symbolizing the awakening of the mythic forces.
- **The Unveiling of the Legend:** As the story progresses, the characters learn about the myth of Blodeuwedd, paralleling their own struggles and conflicts.
- **The Curse Unfolds:** The narrative reaches a climax where the supernatural influence intensifies, leading to emotional and psychological upheavals.
- **Resolution and Reflection:** The novel concludes with a reflection on the cyclical nature of myths and personal history, emphasizing the importance of understanding cultural roots.

Themes and Symbolism in The Owl Service

Main Themes Explored

- **Myth and Reality:** The novel blurs the boundaries between mythological legend and everyday life, illustrating how stories shape identity and perception.
- **Tradition versus Modernity:** It explores the tension between preserving cultural heritage and embracing change, particularly in rural communities.
- **Transformation and Identity:** Characters undergo personal transformations, mirroring mythic motifs of change, rebirth, and concealment.
- **Power of Folklore:** The story demonstrates how folklore can influence behavior and serve as a

warning or moral lesson.

- **Gender and Relationships:** The novel examines gender roles and relationships, especially through the myth of Blodeuwedd, emphasizing themes of betrayal and loyalty.

Symbolic Elements and Their Meanings

- **Owls:** Central to the story, owls symbolize wisdom, mystery, and the supernatural, but also associated with death and the uncanny.
- **The Ceramic Service:** The decorated dishes serve as a tangible link to the myth, embodying tradition and the cyclical nature of history.
- **The Legend of Blodeuwedd:** Represents themes of betrayal, punishment, and transformation, echoing the characters' personal struggles.
- **The Mill:** An old, abandoned site symbolizing decay, history, and the passage of time.
- **Lighting and Darkness:** Used to signify knowledge, enlightenment, and the unknown, often contrasting in scenes to heighten tension.

Characters and Their Significance

Holly

Holly is a thoughtful and sensitive girl who becomes deeply involved with the mythic elements of the story. Her connection to the legend suggests a desire for understanding and a recognition of cultural heritage. Holly's introspective nature allows her to perceive the deeper symbolic meanings behind the events.

Roger

Roger is practical and pragmatic, often serving as a foil to Holly's introspection. His character embodies skepticism but also a capacity for growth as he confronts the supernatural and personal truths.

Alison

Alison is a complex character who struggles with her identity and relationships. Her arc reflects themes of betrayal and longing, paralleling the myth of Blodeuwedd and highlighting gender dynamics within the narrative.

Supporting Characters

- The Mill Keeper: Represents the older generation, keeper of tradition and local legend.
- The Parents: Embody societal attitudes towards tradition, change, and modernity.
- The Mythical Figures: Embody archetypal traits that influence the main characters' actions and decisions.

Literary Style and Critical Reception

Garner's Narrative Technique

Alan Garner employs a lyrical, poetic prose style that richly describes the setting and inner worlds of his characters. His use of symbolism and layered storytelling invites multiple interpretations, making

the novel a complex and rewarding read.

The novel's structure—alternating between present and mythic past—creates a sense of timelessness and emphasizes the cyclical nature of stories and history. Garner's detailed descriptions of rural landscapes and traditional crafts lend authenticity and atmosphere to the narrative.

Critical Response and Legacy

Upon publication, *The Owl Service* received acclaim for its originality and depth. Critics praised Garner's ability to weave folklore into a compelling modern story, elevating the genre of mythic fiction. Over the years, it has been recognized as a significant work that bridges literary fiction, folklore, and young adult literature.

The novel's influence extends beyond literature into theater, with adaptations for stage and radio, and it continues to be studied for its themes and symbolism. Its enduring popularity attests to its universal themes and the timeless appeal of folklore-inspired storytelling.

Cultural Impact and Adaptations

Influence on Literature and Popular Culture

The Owl Service has inspired numerous writers interested in folklore and myth, impacting works that explore similar themes. Its blend of myth and modernity has influenced fantasy literature and young adult fiction.

In the realm of popular culture, the novel has been referenced or adapted into various media, including radio dramas, theatrical productions, and even visual arts. Its themes resonate with contemporary

audiences interested in heritage, identity, and the mystical.

Adaptations and Legacy

- Stage adaptations: Several theatrical productions have interpreted the story, emphasizing its mythic and symbolic layers.
- Radio and audio: Garner's story has been adapted into radio plays, preserving its atmospheric qualities.
- Educational use: The novel is often included in curricula exploring folklore, mythology, and literature's role in cultural identity.

The Owl Service book remains a vital cultural artifact, demonstrating how stories rooted in tradition can be reimagined to explore universal human concerns.

Conclusion: The Enduring Significance of The Owl Service

The Owl Service book by Alan Garner is more than a mere retelling of Welsh mythology; it is a profound meditation on the relationship between tradition and modernity, the power of storytelling, and the enduring influence of folklore on human consciousness. Garner's masterful blending of myth, history, and psychological insight creates a layered narrative that continues to resonate with readers across generations. Its rich symbolism and thematic depth invite reflection on cultural heritage and personal identity, making it a timeless work that challenges and enriches its audience.

As a literary work, The Owl Service exemplifies how myths can serve as mirrors to our own lives, revealing truths about ourselves and our societies. Its impact extends beyond literature into the cultural fabric, inspiring adaptations, scholarly analysis, and ongoing discussions about the importance of preserving and understanding our

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main theme of 'The Owl Service' by Alan Garner?

The main themes include mythology, the cyclical nature of history, and the complex interplay of family secrets and identity.

How does 'The Owl Service' incorporate Welsh mythology?

The novel draws on Welsh legends, particularly the story of Blodeuwedd, to explore themes of transformation, betrayal, and the supernatural.

Who are the main characters in 'The Owl Service'?

The story centers around Gwyn Williams, his sister Claire, and their friends Roger and Alison, as well as the mysterious figure of the Welsh myth embodied in the owl figurines.

What is the significance of the owl figurines in the novel?

The owl figurines symbolize the mythological story of Blodeuwedd and serve as a catalyst for the unfolding events, representing themes of transformation and fate.

Why is 'The Owl Service' considered an important work in children's literature?

It is celebrated for its sophisticated exploration of myth, history, and psychology, appealing to both young adults and older readers with its depth and literary quality.

How does Alan Garner use setting to enhance the story in 'The Owl Service'?

Garner uses the rural Welsh landscape and the old house to create an atmospheric backdrop that

underscores the themes of tradition, mystery, and the supernatural.

What awards or recognitions has 'The Owl Service' received?

The novel has received critical acclaim, including the Carnegie Medal in 1967, recognizing its significance in children's and young adult literature.

How do the characters in 'The Owl Service' deal with the themes of guilt and responsibility?

The characters grapple with their roles in the unfolding events, often confronting their own guilt and the consequences of their actions as the mythic cycle repeats.

What impact has 'The Owl Service' had on modern fantasy and myth-inspired literature?

It has influenced many writers by demonstrating how myth and history can be woven into contemporary storytelling, inspiring a resurgence of myth-based narratives in young adult fiction.

Additional Resources

The Owl Service Book is a captivating novel that has secured its position as a classic of modern Welsh literature and a significant work in the realm of fantasy and historical fiction. Written by the acclaimed author Alan Garner, this novel intricately weaves folklore, history, and mystery into a compelling narrative that has enthralled readers since its publication in 1967. Garner's masterful storytelling, combined with his richly detailed setting and complex characters, makes The Owl Service more than just a story—it is an experience that invites reflection on tradition, identity, and the power of myth.

An Overview of The Owl Service

Plot Summary

At its core, *The Owl Service* revolves around a group of teenagers—Hannah, Alison, and Roger—who find themselves drawn into the mysterious legacy of a 19th-century Welsh legend. The novel begins with the discovery of a peculiar Welsh ceramic bowl, decorated with owl motifs, which becomes a central symbol throughout the story. As the teenagers become increasingly obsessed with the bowl and the legend it represents, they unwittingly reenact the tragic events of a love triangle from the past, blurring the lines between myth and reality.

The narrative oscillates between the present day and the 19th-century story of Gwyon, Marged, and the tragic love affair that led to a curse. Garner's dual timeline approach deepens the sense of mystery and underscores themes of cyclical history, fate, and the enduring power of folklore. As the characters' lives intertwine with the legend, they confront their own identities and the consequences of their actions.

Themes and Symbolism

One of the novel's most striking features is its rich use of symbolism and themes:

- Myth and Folklore: The legend of Blodeuwedd and the cursed love story forms the backbone of the narrative, emphasizing how myths shape cultural identity and personal destiny.
- Tradition vs. Modernity: The novel explores the tension between ancient customs and contemporary life in 1960s Britain, reflecting societal changes and the persistence of tradition.
- Cycle of Violence and Revenge: The recurring nature of the legend suggests that history, especially tragic history, tends to repeat itself unless consciously broken.
- Identity and Transformation: The characters' journeys involve self-discovery and facing their own

darker impulses, paralleling the mythic themes.

The ceramic owl bowl itself is a potent symbol—representing beauty, mystery, and the inescapable influence of history and myth on the present.

Literary Style and Narrative Structure

Language and Tone

Garner's prose is evocative and richly descriptive, capturing the Welsh landscape and the emotional landscapes of the characters with precision. His language is layered, often poetic, creating an immersive atmosphere that enhances the novel's mythic qualities. Garner employs a tone that oscillates between the lyrical and the ominous, aligning well with the novel's themes of mystery and foreboding.

Structure and Pacing

The novel's dual timeline structure—alternating between the 19th-century legend and the 20th-century teenagers—serves to build suspense and deepen thematic resonance. Garner skillfully interweaves these timelines, gradually revealing connections and secrets. The pacing is deliberate, allowing readers to savor the details of Welsh folklore, the characters' inner worlds, and the symbolic significance of objects like the owl bowl.

Character Analysis

Hannah

Hannah is a quiet, introspective girl with a keen interest in folklore and traditional crafts. Her connection to the legend deepens as she becomes increasingly involved with the bowl and its history. She embodies curiosity and a desire to understand her roots, often acting as the moral compass of the story.

Alison

Alison is more impulsive and emotionally driven. Her fascination with the legend and her desire for adventure lead her into dangerous emotional territory. Her character explores themes of rebellion and the longing for connection.

Roger

Roger is the outsider among the teenagers—more rational and skeptical, yet ultimately drawn into the mythic cycle. His interactions with Hannah and Alison reveal underlying tensions and complex emotional layers.

The Historical Figures: Gwyon, Marged, and the Love Triangle

The 19th-century characters are portrayed with depth and nuance. Gwyon, a young man caught between societal expectations and personal desires, and Marged, whose tragic love story culminates

in a curse, serve as foils and echoes to the modern characters' struggles. Garner imbues these figures with a sense of tragic inevitability, emphasizing how personal choices are intertwined with cultural narratives.

Critical Reception and Cultural Impact

Initial Reception

Upon publication, *The Owl Service* was praised for its originality, lyrical prose, and profound engagement with Welsh culture and folklore. Critics lauded Garner's ability to blend mythic elements with contemporary concerns, creating a story that resonated across generations.

Legacy and Influence

The novel has become a staple in educational curricula, especially within Welsh literature and fantasy genres. Its influence extends beyond literature into theater, with adaptations and stage productions exploring its themes. Garner's depiction of Welsh myth has also contributed to a broader appreciation of regional folklore in mainstream literature.

Adaptations

- Television: The BBC adapted the novel into a six-part series in 1969, which remains a significant adaptation, capturing the mood and mystique of the book.
- Stage: Various theater groups have staged adaptations, emphasizing its mythic and theatrical

qualities.

- Academic Analysis: The novel has been the subject of numerous scholarly articles examining its themes, symbolism, and cultural significance.

Pros and Cons

Pros:

- Deeply rooted in Welsh culture and folklore, offering rich cultural insights.
- Evocative language and poetic storytelling.
- Complex characters with psychological depth.
- Thought-provoking themes about tradition, history, and identity.
- Skillful blending of myth and modern narrative.

Cons:

- Dense and poetic language may be challenging for some readers.
- Non-linear structure requires careful reading and attention.
- Some may find the pacing slow, especially in the first half.
- The symbolism and mythic references might be obscure without some prior knowledge of Welsh legends.

Features and Unique Aspects

- Cultural Richness: The novel immerses readers in Welsh traditions, language, and landscape.
- Symbolism: Objects like the owl bowl serve as powerful symbols linking past and present.
- Mythic Depth: The retelling of Welsh legends gives the story a timeless quality.
- Psychological Complexity: Characters grapple with internal struggles that mirror the mythic themes.
- Dual Timelines: A narrative device that enriches the story's thematic layers.

Final Thoughts

The Owl Service by Alan Garner stands as a masterful exploration of how myth shapes identity and history influences present lives. Its poetic prose, complex characters, and deep cultural roots make it a rewarding read for those interested in folklore, psychological drama, and historical fantasy. While its dense symbolism and poetic language might pose a challenge for some readers, those willing to immerse themselves will find a richly layered story that invites multiple readings and interpretations.

Its enduring relevance speaks to Garner's skill in weaving timeless themes into a compelling narrative that continues to resonate with audiences. Whether approached as a piece of fantasy, a cultural artifact, or a psychological study, The Owl Service remains a significant and influential work in contemporary literature, offering insights into the enduring power of stories and legends that shape our understanding of ourselves and our history.

[The Owl Service Book](#)

the owl service book: The Owl Service Alan Garner, 1992 The Carnegie Medal-winning classic about a most unusual dinner service and the ancient, deadly magic it holds.

the owl service book: The Owl Service Alan Garner, 1999 In the attic above Alison's room she discovers a set of dusty old plates that seem to possess the key to a haunting mystery full of deadly magic.

the owl service book: Four British Fantasists Charles Butler, 2006-04-25 Four British Fantasists explores the work of four of the most successful and influential fantasy writers of the generation who rose to prominence in the second Golden Age of children's literature in Britain:

Susan Cooper, Alan Garner, Diana Wynne Jones, and Penelope Lively. Drawing on history, archeology, social geography, anthropology, and postcolonial theory, as well as literary criticism, Butler provides a series of new perspectives through which to view these writers' achievements. He begins by highlighting some points of biographic coincidence (e.g. all four authors were children during WWII, all were born within a year or two of each other, and all attended Oxford University in the early 1950s-when C. S. Lewis and J. R. R. Tolkien were publishing their seminal fantasies) and questions if these factors play any significant role in the development of these fantasy writers. The author then uses this question as the springboard for a case study in the assessment of biographical and literary influence. The book also considers the role played by Britain itself in determining the shape and preoccupations of these writers' fiction. Britain is a land with a long history in which contemporary life is constantly juxtaposed with evidence of the past in the form of ancient buildings, historic sites, and archeological remains. By placing the work of Cooper, Garner, Jones, and Lively in the context of British culture and of their own time, Butler provides a key to their fascination with history, mythology, and magic, and to the ways in which that fascination has found expression in their fiction. Students of children's literature and of fantasy literature as well as readers who are interested in the lives of these four subject authors will find this an insightful read.

the owl service book: *A Century of Welsh Myth in Children's Literature* Donna R. White, 1998-04-08 Myth, legend, and folklore have been entrenched in children's literature for several centuries and continue to be popular. Some of the most ancient traditional tales still extant come from the Celtic cultures of France and the British Isles, whose languages are among the oldest in Europe. Among these tales are four native Welsh legends collectively known as the Mabinogi, which were first translated into English in 1845 by Lady Charlotte Guest. Numerous children's books have been based on the Mabinogi since then, and many have received awards and critical acclaim. Because these books are written for children, they are not necessarily faithful retellings of the original tales. Instead, authors have had to select certain elements to include and others to exclude. This book examines how authors of children's fantasy literature from the 19th century to the present have adapted Welsh myth to meet the perceived needs of their young audience. The volume begins with a summary of the four principle tales of the Mabinogi: Pwyll Prince of Dyfed, Branwen Daughter of Llyr, Manawydan Son of Llyr, and Math Son of Mathonwy. Books based on the Mabinogi generally fall into two categories: retellings of the myths, and original works of fantasy partially inspired by the Welsh tales. Beginning with Sidney Lanier's *The Boy's Mabinogion*, the first part of this book examines versions of the myths published for children between 1881 and 1988. The second part discusses imaginative literature that borrows elements from the Mabinogi, including Alan Garner's *The Owl Service*, which won a Carnegie medal, and Lloyd Alexander's *Chronicles of Prydain*, the final volume of which received the ALA Newbery Award for outstanding children's book.

the owl service book: *Performative Identities in Culture* , 2024-07-22 This book's primary task is to test the contemporary value of performance and performativity. *Performative Identities in Culture: From Literature to Social Media* undertakes this task via a host of chapters on a vast spectrum of performativity-related topics such as: literature (British, American, Welsh), film, art, social media, and sports. Within these contexts, the book raises a number of questions relevant today. How is minority culture constructed and performed in literature? How can one manifest identity in multicultural contexts? How has performativity been transformed in audiovisual media, like film, video games and social media? And, can the digital itself be performative?

the owl service book: *Folk Horror* Adam Scovell, 2017-10-24 Interest in the ancient, the occult, and the wyrd is on the rise. The furrows of Robin Hardy (*The Wicker Man*), Piers Haggard (*Blood on Satan's Claw*), and Michael Reeves (*Witchfinder General*) have arisen again, most notably in the films of Ben Wheatley (*Kill List*), as has the *Spirit of Dark of Lonely Water*, Juganets, cursed Saxon crowns, spaceships hidden under ancient barrows, owls and flowers, time-warping stone circles, wicker men, the goat of Mendes, and malicious stone tapes. *Folk Horror: Hours Dreadful And Things Strange* charts the summoning of these esoteric arts within the latter half of the twentieth century and beyond, using theories of psychogeography, hauntology, and topography to delve into the

genre's output in film, television, and multimedia as its sacred demon of ungovernableness rises yet again in the twenty-first century.

the owl service book: The Making of Modern Children's Literature in Britain Lucy Pearson, 2016-03-03 Lucy Pearson's lively and engaging book examines British children's literature during the period widely regarded as a 'second golden age'. Drawing extensively on archival material, Pearson investigates the practical and ideological factors that shaped ideas of 'good' children's literature in Britain, with particular attention to children's book publishing. Pearson begins with a critical overview of the discourse surrounding children's literature during the 1960s and 1970s, summarizing the main critical debates in the context of the broader social conversation that took place around children and childhood. The contributions of publishing houses, large and small, to changing ideas about children's literature become apparent as Pearson explores the careers of two enormously influential children's editors: Kaye Webb of Puffin Books and Aidan Chambers of Topliner Macmillan. Brilliant as an innovator of highly successful marketing strategies, Webb played a key role in defining what were, in her words, 'the best in children's books', while Chambers' work as an editor and critic illustrates the pioneering nature of children's publishing during this period. Pearson shows that social investment was a central factor in the formation of this golden age, and identifies its legacies in the modern publishing industry, both positive and negative.

the owl service book: Celtic Myth in Contemporary Children's Fantasy Dimitra Fimi, 2017-03-06 Runner-up of the Katherine Briggs Folklore Award 2017 Winner of the Mythopoeic Scholarship Award for Myth & Fantasy Studies 2019 This book examines the creative uses of "Celtic" myth in contemporary fantasy written for children or young adults from the 1960s to the 2000s. Its scope ranges from classic children's fantasies such as Lloyd Alexander's *The Chronicles of Prydain* and Alan Garner's *The Owl Service*, to some of the most recent, award-winning fantasy authors of the last decade, such as Kate Thompson (*The New Policeman*) and Catherine Fisher (*Darkhenge*). The book focuses on the ways these fantasy works have appropriated and adapted Irish and Welsh medieval literature in order to highlight different perceptions of "Celticity." The term "Celtic" itself is interrogated in light of recent debates in Celtic studies, in order to explore a fictional representation of a national past that is often romanticized and political.

the owl service book: British Working-Class Writing for Children Haru Takiuchi, 2017-08-21 This book explores how working-class writers in the 1960s and 1970s significantly reshaped British children's literature through their representations of working-class life and culture. Aidan Chambers, Alan Garner and Robert Westall were examples of what Richard Hoggart termed 'scholarship boys': working-class individuals who were educated out of their class through grammar school education. This book highlights the role these writers played in changing the publishing and reviewing practices of the British children's literature industry while offering new readings of their novels featuring scholarship boys. As well as drawing on the work of Raymond Williams and Pierre Bourdieu, and referring to studies of scholarship boys in the fields of social science and education, this book also explores personal interviews and previously-unseen archival materials. Yielding significant insights on British children's literature of the period, this book will be of particular interest to scholars and students in the fields of children's and working-class literature and of British popular culture.

the owl service book: Children's Books from Other Countries Carl M. Tomlinson, United States Board on Books for Young People, 1998 Every child is entranced by the magic of story, regardless of national boundaries. Many of the most memorable childhood stories have their origins in other countries. Exposing children to this multi-national body of literature introduces them to the great diversity of people and cultures that populate the world at a young age, enabling them to become more thoughtful and generous individuals. *Children's Books from Other Countries* is a complete and current guide to international children's literature. The concept of a bibliography of international children's literature is not new. In the past, many books have accomplished this task. The last two decades, however, have not yet produced a current reference source devoted to international children's books. *Children's Books from Other Countries* wonderfully rectifies this lack of attention.

An introductory essay provides an overview of the field including a discussion on the rationale of sharing international books with children, a brief history of the children's literature movement, related books and awards, and basic information about the International Board on Books for Young People (IBBY) and its American branch, the United States Board on Books for Young People (USBBY). An annotated bibliography contains over 700 titles from 29 different countries printed between 1950 and 1996. All titles are available in English; many have been translated and others have originated in other English-speaking countries. The titles are organized by genre and have been selected for their high quality. They are primarily targeted for children ages 0-14, although a few outstanding young adult titles are included. Winners of the Mildred Batchelder Award and the Hans Christian Andersen Medal are listed in the appendix. Indexes include Author-Title Index, Country of Origin Index, and Subject Index. Affordable and readable, this timely resource is certainly a must for librarians and teachers, and other professionals working with children. Sponsored by the United State

the owl service book: The Ultimate Teen Book Guide Daniel Hahn, Leonie Flynn, Susan Reuben, 2007-12-26 Covering such genres as fantasy, horror, chick lit, graphic novels, sci-fi, and mystery, an all-encompassing, must-have resource profiles more than 700 of the best books for teens, from the classics to the latest bestsellers. Simultaneous.

the owl service book: More Book Lust Nancy Pearl, 2009-09-29 Whether you're searching for the perfect read for yourself or for a friend, More Book Lust offer eclectic recommendations unlike those in any other reading guide available. In this followup to the bestselling Book Lust, popular librarian, Nancy Pearl, offers a fresh collection of 1,000 reading recommendations in more than 120 thematic, intelligent and wholly entertaining reading lists. For the friend wanting to leave her job: Living Your Dream offers good armchair dreaming books about people who have left stodgy jobs to do what they love. Are you a budding chef? Fiction For Foodies includes books that sneak in a recipe or two along with a tantalizing plot. For the James Bond wannabe: Crime is a Globetrotter features crime novels set in various locations around the world such as Tibet, Sweden, and Sicily. In the book's introduction, Pearl jokes, "If we were at a twelve-step meeting together, I would have to stand up and say, 'Hi, I'm Nancy P., and I'm a readaholic.'" Booklist magazine plays off this obsession while echoing a sentiment of Nancy Pearl's fans everywhere: "A self-confessed 'readaholic,' Pearl lets us benefit from her addiction. May she never seek recovery." Indeed.

the owl service book: The Oxford Companion to Fairy Tales Jack Zipes, 2015-09-10 In over 1,000 entries, this acclaimed Companion covers all aspects of the Western fairy tale tradition, from medieval to modern, under the guidance of Professor Jack Zipes. It provides an authoritative reference source for this complex and captivating genre, exploring the tales themselves, the writers who wrote and reworked them, and the artists who illustrated them. It also covers numerous related topics such as the fairy tale and film, television, art, opera, ballet, the oral tradition, music, advertising, cartoons, fantasy literature, feminism, and stamps. First published in 2000, 130 new entries have been added to account for recent developments in the field, including J. K. Rowling and Suzanne Collins, and new articles on topics such as cognitive criticism and fairy tales, digital fairy tales, fairy tale blogs and websites, and pornography and fairy tales. The remaining entries have been revised and updated in consultation with expert contributors. This second edition contains beautifully designed feature articles highlighting countries with a strong fairy tale tradition, covering: Britain and Ireland, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, North America and Canada, Portugal, Scandinavian countries, Slavic and Baltic countries, and Spain. It also includes an informative and engaging introduction by the editor, which sets the subject in its historical and literary context. A detailed and updated bibliography provides information about background literature and further reading material. In addition, the A to Z entries are accompanied by over 60 beautiful and carefully selected black and white illustrations. Already renowned in its field, the second edition of this unique work is an essential companion for anyone interested in fairy tales in literature, film, and art; and for anyone who values the tradition of storytelling.

the owl service book: The Rackham Journal of the Arts and Humanities , 1980

the owl service book: *Eleanor Cameron* Paul V. Allen, 2018-02-20 Eleanor Cameron (1912-1996) was an innovative and genre-defying author of children's fiction and children's literature criticism. From her beginnings as a librarian, Cameron went on to become a prominent and respected voice in children's literature, writing one of the most beloved children's science fiction novels of all time, *The Wonderful Flight to the Mushroom Planet*, and later winning the National Book Award for her time fantasy *The Court of the Stone Children*. In addition, Eleanor Cameron played an often vocal role in critical debates about children's literature. She was one of the first authors to take up literary criticism of children's novels and published two influential books of criticism, including *The Green and Burning Tree*. One of Cameron's most notable acts of criticism came in 1973, when she wrote a scathing critique of Roald Dahl's *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory*. Dahl responded in kind, and the result was a fiery imbroglio within the pages of the *Horn Book Magazine*. Yet despite her many accomplishments, most of Cameron's books went out of print by the end of her life, and her star faded. This biography aims to reinsert Cameron into the conversation by taking an in-depth look at her tumultuous early life in Ohio and California, her unforgettably forceful personality and criticism, and her graceful, heartfelt novels. The biography includes detailed analysis of the creative process behind each of her published works and how Cameron's feminism, environmentalism, and strong sense of ethics are reflected in and represented by her writings. Drawn from over twenty interviews, thousands of letters, and several unpublished manuscripts in her personal papers, *Eleanor Cameron* is a tour of the most exciting and creative periods of American children's literature through the experience of one of its valiant purveyors and champions.

the owl service book: *First Light* Erica Wagner, 2016-05-05 Described by Philip Pullman as 'the most important British writer of fantasy since Tolkien', Alan Garner has been enrapturing readers with works like *The Weirdstone of Brisingamen*, *The Owl Service*, *Red Shift* and *The Stone Book Quartet* for more than half a century. Now, a group of the writers and artists he has inspired over the years have come together to celebrate his life and work in *First Light*. This anthology includes original contributions from David Almond, Margaret Atwood, John Burnside, Susan Cooper, Helen Dunmore, Stephen Fry, Neil Gaiman, Elizabeth Garner, Paul Kingsnorth, Katherine Langrish, Helen Macdonald, Robert Macfarlane, Gregory Maguire, Neel Mukherjee, Philip Pullman, Ali Smith, Elizabeth Wein, Michael Wood and many, many more. Whether a literary essay, a personal response to Garner's writing or a story about the man himself, each piece is a tribute to his remarkable impact. Edited by the acclaimed journalist and novelist Erica Wagner, *First Light* will touch the heart of anyone who grew up reading Alan Garner.

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the ongoing pursuit by cultural geographers to provide a personal exploration of the pluralities of shared landscapes, whereby such an engagement with space and place aid our construction of cognitive maps of meaning that, in turn, manifest themselves as both individual and collective cultural experiences. Furthermore, touching upon our co-habiting of ghost topologies, *Remembering the Cultural Geographies of a Childhood Home* also encourages a critical exploration of children's spirituality amid the haunted cultural and geographical spaces and places of a house and its neighbourhood: the cellar, hallway, parlour, stairs, bedroom, attic, shops, cemeteries, and so on.

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