

melville bartleby the scrivener

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Herman Melville's "Bartleby, the Scrivener" is a quintessential American short story that explores themes of isolation, despair, individuality, and the dehumanizing effects of modern capitalism. Published in 1853, the narrative remains a powerful reflection on the human condition, societal expectations, and the complexities of empathy. At its core, the story presents the enigmatic character of Bartleby, whose passive resistance and mysterious demeanor challenge conventional notions of productivity and morality. This article delves into the story's plot, characters, themes, and its enduring significance in American literature.

Overview of "Bartleby, the Scrivener"

Summary of the Plot

"Bartleby, the Scrivener" is narrated by an unnamed lawyer who runs a small law office on Wall Street. The lawyer employs three scriveners – Turkey, Nippers, and Bartleby – each with their own quirks and flaws. Initially, Bartleby is introduced as a diligent and meticulous worker, but his behavior begins to shift when he responds to the lawyer's request with the famous phrase, "I would prefer not to." Over time, Bartleby's passive refusal to perform tasks escalates, ultimately leading to his eviction and subsequent death in prison.

The story unfolds through the lawyer's observations and reflections, revealing the complex relationship between employer and employee, and raising questions about morality, duty, and the limits of compassion. The lawyer's attempts to understand and help Bartleby are ultimately thwarted by the latter's obstinate refusal to conform.

Major Characters

- The Narrator (The Lawyer): A compassionate yet pragmatic man who owns the law office and serves as the story's moral center.
- Bartleby: The enigmatic scrivener whose passive resistance and mysterious background symbolize deeper societal issues.
- Turkey: An aging scrivener prone to emotional outbursts and overwork.
- Nippers: A young, irritable scrivener with a nervous disposition.
- Ginger Nut: A young boy employed to run errands, serving as a minor but

symbolic character.

Thematic Analysis of "Bartleby, the Scrivener"

1. The Dehumanizing Effects of Capitalism

Melville's story critically examines the ways in which the burgeoning capitalist society dehumanizes individuals. The scriveners are portrayed as cogs in a machine, their identities reduced to mere functions within the office. Bartleby's refusal to conform underscores the personal toll of this mechanization, highlighting how the relentless pursuit of productivity can strip individuals of their humanity.

Key points:

- The office environment is sterile and impersonal.
- The scriveners' roles are monotonous, emphasizing the mechanization of clerical work.
- Bartleby's passive resistance symbolizes a rejection of this dehumanization.

2. The Nature of Resistance and Nonconformity

Bartleby's famous refrain, "I would prefer not to," embodies passive resistance. Unlike active rebellion, Bartleby's refusal is subtle yet profound, challenging authority and societal expectations.

Discussion points:

- The difference between passive and active resistance.
- Bartleby as a symbol of individual nonconformity.
- Society's inability to handle nonconformity constructively.

3. Isolation and Alienation

Throughout the story, Bartleby's aloofness and withdrawal reflect deep-seated feelings of alienation. His indifferent attitude and eventual death in prison symbolize the tragic consequences of societal neglect.

Themes explored:

- The loneliness inherent in modern life.
- The failure of empathy in social institutions.
- The tragic consequences of misunderstood or ignored individual suffering.

4. Morality and Compassion

The lawyer's moral dilemma centers around his conflicting impulses—his desire to help Bartleby versus his need to maintain his business. The story questions whether true compassion can exist within a capitalist framework.

Points of reflection:

- The limitations of charity and benevolence.
- The moral responsibilities of society towards marginalized individuals.
- The irony of the lawyer's attempts to help Bartleby ultimately failing.

Symbolism in "Bartleby, the Scrivener"

1. Bartleby's Refrain: "I would prefer not to"

This phrase encapsulates passive resistance and the refusal to comply with societal expectations. It symbolizes individual autonomy and the limits of authority.

2. The Office Environment

The office is a microcosm of the larger capitalist system – organized, efficient, yet emotionally cold. It reflects the mechanization of labor and the suppression of individuality.

3. The Dead Letter Office

Bartleby's death in the prison's dead letter office signifies the neglect of human needs and the failure of societal institutions to respond to personal tragedy.

Interpretations and Critical Perspectives

1. A Reflection of Melville's Personal Struggles

Some scholars interpret "Bartleby" as a reflection of Melville's own feelings of alienation and frustration with the societal changes of his time. The story mirrors the artist's struggle to find meaning amidst a rapidly industrializing world.

2. An Allegory of the Human Condition

Many interpret Bartleby as an allegory for existential despair. His passive resistance becomes a metaphor for the human tendency to withdraw in the face of an incomprehensible or indifferent universe.

3. A Critique of Capitalism

The story critiques the dehumanizing effects of capitalism, emphasizing how the system reduces individuals to mere functions and suppresses authentic human expression.

4. Psychological and Philosophical Readings

- Existentialism: Bartleby's refusal to participate reflects existential themes of choice, absurdity, and alienation.
- Psychoanalysis: His behavior can be seen as a manifestation of repressed trauma or mental illness.

Enduring Significance of "Bartleby, the Scrivener"

1. Influence on Literature and Culture

Melville's story has influenced countless writers and thinkers, inspiring discussions on nonconformity, resistance, and the human spirit.

Notable references include:

- The term “Bartleby” as a symbol of passive resistance.
- Its influence on modernist and existentialist literature.

2. Relevance in Contemporary Society

Today, “Bartleby” resonates in discussions about workplace alienation, mental health, and societal indifference. The story prompts reflection on how modern institutions can neglect individual well-being.

3. Educational and Philosophical Value

The story serves as a valuable pedagogical tool for exploring complex themes related to ethics, psychology, and social responsibility.

Conclusion

Herman Melville’s “Bartleby, the Scrivener” remains a profound exploration of individuality, resistance, and societal dehumanization. Through the enigmatic figure of Bartleby, the story raises enduring questions about the nature of work, compassion, and the human capacity for passive defiance. Its rich symbolism and thematic depth continue to inspire readers and scholars alike, making it a cornerstone of American literary heritage. As society grapples with issues of alienation and the moral obligations toward marginalized individuals, Melville’s story offers timeless insights into the complexities of human existence and the silent struggles that often go unnoticed beneath the surface of everyday life.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the central theme of Melville's 'Bartleby, the Scrivener'?

The story explores themes of alienation, the dehumanizing effects of capitalism, and the limits of individual agency within a bureaucratic system.

Who is Bartleby, and what is his significance in the

story?

Bartleby is a passive, enigmatic scrivener who gradually withdraws from society and work, symbolizing the struggle against societal indifference and the dehumanization of workers.

How does Melville portray the narrator in 'Bartleby, the Scrivener'?

The narrator is a compassionate but passive lawyer who is baffled by Bartleby's behavior, highlighting themes of empathy, helplessness, and societal complicity.

What is the role of the setting in 'Bartleby, the Scrivener'?

The story is set in a small, cramped office in New York City, which emphasizes the oppressive, monotonous environment that reflects the themes of alienation and dehumanization.

Why is Bartleby's famous phrase 'I would prefer not to' significant?

It exemplifies Bartleby's passive resistance and refusal to conform, symbolizing individual autonomy and quiet rebellion against authority.

How has 'Bartleby, the Scrivener' influenced modern discussions on workplace and mental health issues?

The story is often referenced in discussions about workplace alienation, depression, and the mental health struggles of employees in monotonous or oppressive environments.

What are some modern interpretations of Melville's 'Bartleby, the Scrivener'?

Modern interpretations view the story as a critique of capitalism, a meditation on existential despair, or an exploration of passive resistance and individualism in contemporary society.

Additional Resources

Melville's "Bartleby, the Scrivener": An Unsettling Tale of Alienation and Humanity

Herman Melville's "Bartleby, the Scrivener" stands as a profound and

enigmatic exploration of modern alienation, individual agency, and the often-ambiguous nature of human empathy. First published in 1853, this novella has since become a cornerstone of American literature, celebrated for its haunting tone, rich symbolism, and incisive critique of the burgeoning capitalist society of 19th-century America. At its core, the story challenges readers to confront uncomfortable questions about conformity, compassion, and the limits of understanding.

Overview of the Plot and Setting

Summary of Narrative

The tale is narrated by an unnamed lawyer who owns a small, somewhat antiquated law office in New York City. The lawyer employs three scriveners (copyists), each characterized by distinct traits: Turkey (an older, somewhat sluggish man), Nippers (a restless, irritable young man), and Ginger Nut (a young boy tasked with delivering snacks).

Enter Bartleby, a quiet, peculiar man who initially appears as an efficient and diligent worker. His job involves copying legal documents meticulously. However, as the story progresses, Bartleby begins to refuse tasks with the enigmatic phrase "I would prefer not to," signaling a deepening withdrawal from societal expectations and workplace norms.

Key Events

- Bartleby's initial efficiency and later refusal to work
- His refusal to leave the office when asked
- The lawyer's attempts to understand and help Bartleby
- The eventual eviction of Bartleby from the office
- Bartleby's incarceration and death in prison

Setting Significance

The office's confined, somewhat decaying environment mirrors the constrictive aspects of society that trap individuals like Bartleby. The city itself, bustling yet indifferent, underscores themes of urban alienation and anonymity.

Character Analysis

The Lawyer (Narrator)

As the story's lens, the lawyer embodies the compassionate but passive observer of societal failure. His initial benevolence is genuine, yet his inability to intervene effectively highlights the limits of empathy within a capitalist framework. His internal conflict—between duty and helplessness—resonates with modern notions of moral responsibility.

Bartleby

A complex, almost mythical figure, Bartleby is both an individual and a symbol. His quiet resistance manifests as passive non-cooperation, yet it also hints at a profound despair or disconnection from life itself.

Traits and Behavior

- Initial Diligence: Bartleby is initially a model employee, copying legal documents with precision.
- Passive Resistance: His repeated "I would prefer not to" becomes a refrain representing silent protest.
- Withdrawal and Isolation: He retreats into a state of indifference, refusing to engage with tasks or society.
- Symbolism: Bartleby embodies the dehumanizing effects of modern capitalism, where individuals become mere functions within a machine.

Supporting Characters

- Turkey: Represents aging complacency and the inefficiencies of routine work.
- Nippers: Embodies youthful agitation and restlessness, reflecting the tensions of ambition and fatigue.
- Ginger Nut: The young, innocent helper, symbolizes the naive or unknowing participant in the workplace.

Themes and Motifs

Alienation and Isolation

Melville's novella vividly depicts the alienation of the individual in a capitalist society. Bartleby's passive refusal to participate underscores a profound sense of disconnection from both work and life. His withdrawal is not overtly confrontational but deeply unsettling because it defies societal expectations of productivity and engagement.

Key Points

- The environment isolates Bartleby physically and psychologically.

- The lawyer's inability to understand or reach Bartleby exemplifies societal alienation.
- Bartleby's death symbolizes the tragic consequence of neglecting individual suffering.

The Nature of Humanity and Empathy

The story probes the limits of human empathy. The lawyer's initial concern gives way to passive tolerance, and ultimately to indifference. This progression raises questions about the capacity for genuine compassion in a society driven by self-interest.

Discussion

- Does the lawyer's inaction reflect moral failure or the constraints of societal indifference?
- Is Bartleby's passive resistance a form of protest or despair?
- The narrative challenges readers to consider their response to the suffering of others.

Resistance and Conformity

Bartleby's repeated "I would prefer not to" acts as a subtle form of resistance. Unlike overt rebellion, it is passive but persistent, highlighting how conformity can be challenged quietly.

Implications

- The novella suggests that resistance can take many forms, including silence.
- It critiques societal expectations that demand compliance at the expense of individual integrity.

Capitalism and Dehumanization

Set against the backdrop of a burgeoning capitalist economy, Melville's story critiques the reduction of human beings to mere cogs within a machine.

Aspects

- The law office symbolizes the mechanization of labor.
- Bartleby's refusal to conform questions the value system that equates worth with productivity.
- The office's decline reflects the dehumanizing effects of relentless work pressures.

Symbolism and Literary Devices

The Refrain “I would prefer not to”

This phrase is the novella’s most iconic element, embodying passive resistance and the limits of communication. Its monotony and ambiguity evoke a sense of bleakness and resignation.

The Office

Symbolizes the impersonal, mechanized world of work—confined, oppressive, and indifferent to individual needs.

Bartleby’s Death

Represents the tragic consequences of societal neglect, highlighting themes of isolation and the failure of empathy.

Narrative Style

Melville employs a detached, contemplative tone, blending irony with compassion. The use of a first-person narrator invites readers into the lawyer’s internal conflicts, fostering an intimate understanding of the story’s moral dilemmas.

Critical Interpretations and Legacy

Existential and Absurdist Readings

Many scholars interpret “Bartleby” through an existential lens, viewing Bartleby as a symbol of human absurdity and the struggle to find meaning in an indifferent universe.

Political and Social Critiques

The novella has been read as a critique of capitalism’s dehumanizing effects, emphasizing the need for compassion and social awareness.

Literary Significance

- Melville’s sparse prose and symbolic richness set a precedent for modernist narratives.

- The story's open-endedness invites diverse interpretations, making it a perennial subject of scholarly debate.

Influence on Literature and Culture

"Bartleby" has inspired countless adaptations, from plays to visual arts, and continues to influence discussions on workplace ethics, mental health, and social justice.

Modern Relevance

The themes of alienation, passive resistance, and societal neglect remain strikingly relevant today. In an era of rapid technological change, increasing mental health awareness, and debates on workers' rights, "Bartleby" offers a timeless reflection on the human condition.

Contemporary Applications

- The story prompts reflection on workplace culture and the importance of mental health.
- It encourages advocacy for humane treatment of marginalized or suffering individuals.
- Its symbolism resonates in discussions about automation, alienation, and societal indifference.

Conclusion: The Enduring Power of Melville's "Bartleby"

Melville's "Bartleby, the Scrivener" is more than a simple narrative; it is a profound meditation on the complexities of human existence within a system that often neglects individual dignity. Through its minimalist style, symbolic depth, and moral ambiguity, the novella challenges us to examine our own responses to those who withdraw or resist. It is a haunting reminder that beneath the veneer of civility and productivity lies the fragile, often overlooked humanity that demands compassion and understanding.

In the end, "Bartleby" endures as a masterpiece because it refuses easy answers, instead inviting ongoing reflection on the nature of empathy, resistance, and societal responsibility. Herman Melville's work remains a vital touchstone in the ongoing dialogue about what it means to be truly human in an increasingly impersonal world.

Melville Bartleby The Scrivener

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2015-08-19
Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street (1853) is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville, first serialized anonymously in two parts in the November and December editions of Putnam's Magazine, and reprinted with minor textual alterations in 1856. Numerous essays are published on what according to scholar Robert Milder is unquestionably the masterpiece of the short fiction in the Melville canon. The narrator of Bartleby the Scrivener is the Lawyer, who runs a law practice on Wall Street in New York. The Lawyer begins by noting that he is an elderly man, and that his profession has brought him into more than ordinary contact with what would seem an interesting and somewhat singular set of men the law-copyists, or scriveners. While the Lawyer knows many interesting stories of such scriveners, he bypasses them all in favor of telling the story of Bartleby, whom he finds to be the most interesting of all the scriveners. Bartleby is, according to the Lawyer, one of those beings of whom nothing is ascertainable, except from the original sources, and, in his case, those were very small. One day, the Lawyer has a small document he needs examined. He calls Bartleby in to do the job, but Bartleby responds: I would prefer not to. This answer amazes the Lawyer, who has a natural expectancy of instant compliance. He is so amazed by this response, and the calm way Bartleby says it, that he cannot even bring himself to scold Bartleby. Instead, he calls in Nippers to examine the document instead.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener: a Story of Wall-Street Herman Melville, 2016-05-28 Ever Felt Alone, Surrounded by People...' Bartleby the Scrivener explores the theme of isolation in American life and the workplace through actual physical loneliness and mental loneliness. Although all of the characters at the office are related by being co-workers, Bartleby is the only one whose name is known to us and seems serious, as the rest of characters have odd nicknames, such as Nippers or Turkey. This excludes him from being normal in the workplace. Bartleby's former job was at the Dead Letter Office that received mail with nowhere to go, representing the isolation of communication that Bartleby had at both places of work, being that he was given a separate work area for himself at the lawyer's office. Bartleby begins to never leave the office, but repeats what he does all day long, copying, staring, and repeating his famous words of I would prefer not to, leading readers to have another image of the repetition that leads to isolation on Wall Street and the American workplace.

melville bartleby the scrivener: *Bartleby the Scrivener a Story of Wall-Street* Herman Melville, 2008-10 Herman Melville was an 18th century American novelist, poet, essayist and short story writer. He is best known for his works Moby Dick and Typee. During his lifetime he was considered a failure, but after his death his worth as a writer was recognized. Bartleby is a novella, which first appeared in Putnam's Magazine. The narrator is an elderly lawyer who helps his clients with mortgages, titles and bonds. The lawyer's office has two employees Nippers and Turkey. Turkey is a drunk and Nippers has indigestion. The office is able to function because Nippers's indigestion is at a time when Turkey is sober and Turkey is hung over when Nippers is feeling better. Bartleby is hired in the hopes that his temperament will calm down the office. As the story progresses Melville brings a sense of the human condition as seen through the eyes of a lowly employee

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2016-06-28
Bartleby, the Scrivener is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville. The narrator of Bartleby the Scrivener is the Lawyer, who runs a law practice on Wall Street in New York. The Lawyer begins by noting that he is an elderly man, and that his profession has brought him into more than ordinary contact with what would seem an interesting and somewhat singular set of men the law-copyists, or scriveners. While the Lawyer knows many interesting stories of such scriveners, he bypasses them all in favor of telling the story of Bartleby, whom he finds to be the most interesting of all the scriveners. Bartleby is, according to the Lawyer, one of those beings of whom nothing is ascertainable, except from the original sources, and, in his case, those were very small.

One day, the Lawyer has a small document he needs examined. He calls Bartleby in to do the job, but Bartleby responds: I would prefer not to. This answer amazes the Lawyer, who has a natural expectancy of instant compliance. He is so amazed by this response, and the calm way Bartleby says it, that he cannot even bring himself to scold Bartleby. Instead, he calls in Nippers to examine the document instead.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, The Scrivener Herman Melville, 2019-07-18

Bartleby the Scrivener is the story of a quiet, hard working legal copyist who works in an office in the Wall Street area of New York City. One day Bartleby declines the assignment his employer gives him with the inscrutable I would prefer not. The utterance of this remark sets off a confounding set of actions and behavior, making the unsettling character of Bartleby one of Melville's most enigmatic and unforgettable creations.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2020-09-08

Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall-Street by Herman Melville The narrator, a casual business elderly lawyer, helps wealthy men deal with mortgages, deeds, and bonds, telling the story of the strangest man he has ever known Bartleby as a new addition to the narrator officer. The narrator has two staff: Nippers and Turkey. The claws suffer from dyspepsia and Turkey is drunk. But the office survived because in the morning Turkey was sane even though the claws were frustrated, and in the afternoon the claws calmed down even though Turkey was drunk. Bartleby answers questions about the ad, and the narrator hires a naive young man in hopes that his calmness will soothe the moods of other writers. One day when Bartleby was asked to proofread one of the papers he had copied, he simply replied, I don't want to, marks the first of many rejections. To the disappointment of the speaker and the frustration of the other employees, Bartleby was involved in fewer and fewer duties in the office. The narrator tries to reason with Bartleby several times and learns about him. But Bartleby always responds the same way when asked to work or to provide information about himself: I don't want to. On weekends, when a speaker stops in the office, he finds Bartle. B. lives at the office The stillness of Bartleby's life leaves the narrator at night and Sundays as desolate as a deserted city. He alternates between pity and disgust for Bartleby's bizarre behavior. Bartleby continued to deny his duties until eventually, he was inactive. But the narrator was unable to get him out. The scavenger has bizarre powers over his employer, and the narrator feels he can't do anything to hurt this homeless man. But his business peers become suspicious that Bartleby has turned up at the office as he is not at work, and the threat of a shattered reputation leads the narrator to do something. His attempts to get Bartleby away were in vain. Therefore, the speaker moved the office to a new location. But shortly thereafter, a new tenant of the narrator's old office came to him for help: Bartleby would not leave. When they drove him out of the office, Bartleby haunted the corridors. The narrator meets Bartleby in a final attempt to reason with him. But Bartleby rejected him. Fear of disturbing the anti-Bartleby group, the narrator did not have to work for a few days. When he returned, he learned that Bartleby had been taken to prison. At the prison, Bartleby appears to be fatter than usual. The friendliness of the speaker was rejected. The narrator offers a one-stop bribe to make sure Bartleby gets well fed. But when the narrator returned a few days later, Bartleby died, he didn't like to eat. Shortly after, the narrator heard rumors that Bartleby was working in the dead letter office. The narrator reflected that the dead letter would plunge everyone in Bartleby's mood into a darker darkness. The letters represent our death and the failure of our best intentions. Through Bartleby, the narrator sees the world as the miserable writer must have seen it. The closing words of the story are the narrator resigns and sighs in pain: Ah Bartlebia, man!

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2016-08-07

The narrator of the story is an unnamed lawyer with offices on Wall Street in New York City. He describes himself as doing a snug business among rich men's bonds and mortgages and title-deeds. He has three employees: First, Turkey; second, Nippers; third, Ginger Nut, each of whom is described. Turkey and Nippers are copyists or scriveners while Ginger Nut does delivery work or other assorted jobs around the office, and the lawyer decides his business needs a third scrivener. Bartleby responds to his advertisement and arrives at the office, pallidly neat, pitiably respectable,

incurably forlorn!

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2017-07-22 How is this book unique? Font adjustments & biography included Unabridged (100% Original content) Illustrated About Bartleby, the Scrivener by Herman Melville Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street (1853) is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville, first serialized anonymously in two parts in the November and December editions of Putnam's Magazine, and reprinted with minor textual alterations in his The Piazza Tales in 1856. Numerous essays are published on what according to scholar Robert Milder is unquestionably the masterpiece of the short fiction in the Melville canon.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, The Scrivener Herman Melville, 2020-02-16 It's a source of bafflement to me that Bartleby the Scrivener is not the most famous and celebrated book by Herman Melville. It's a flawless and ambiguous work of art. -Sophie Hannah; The Independent Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street (1853) is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville. In the story, a Wall Street lawyer hires a new clerk who, after an initial bout of hard work, refuses to make copies or do any other task required of him, with the words I would prefer not to. Numerous critical essays have been published about the story, which scholar Robert Milder describes as unquestionably the masterpiece of the short fiction in the Melville canon. Also included in this book is Benito Cereno (1855), another short story by Herman Melville, a fictionalized account about the revolt on a Spanish slave ship captained by Don Benito Cereno. Two Classic Melville Stories that Belong on Every Bookshelf!

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Melville, 2018-04-23 Bartleby the Scrivener is the story of a quiet, hard working legal copyist who works in an office in the Wall Street area of New York City. One day Bartleby declines the assignment his employer gives him with the inscrutable I would prefer not. The utterance of this remark sets off a confounding set of actions and behavior, making the unsettling character of Bartleby one of Melville's most enigmatic and unforgettable creations. We are delighted to publish this classic book as part of our extensive Classic Library collection. Many of the books in our collection have been out of print for decades, and therefore have not been accessible to the general public. The aim of our publishing program is to facilitate rapid access to this vast reservoir of literature, and our view is that this is a significant literary work, which deserves to be brought back into print after many decades. The contents of the vast majority of titles in the Classic Library have been scanned from the original works. To ensure a high quality product, each title has been meticulously hand curated by our staff. Our philosophy has been guided by a desire to provide the reader with a book that is as close as possible to ownership of the original work. We hope that you will enjoy this wonderful classic work, and that for you it becomes an enriching experience

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street (Hardcover) Herman Melville, 2018-08-27 Herman Melville's absurdist classic is printed anew in this presentable hardcover edition. First published in 1853, Bartleby, the Scrivener has been lauded as a superb - even perfect - example of short form fiction. In the years since its original publication, the text has received analysis in numerous essays and is commonly studied in school classrooms and university lectures. Variouslly interpreted as a dark office comedy or as an autobiography by the increasingly iconoclastic Melville, the story concerns the titular Bartleby, a 'scrivener' or clerk hired by the narrator who is a prosperous lawyer based in Manhattan. Despite starting very well, the quiet Bartleby begins to refuse to do tasks, and gradually his workload tapers to zero. Each refusal is paired with Bartleby's catchphrase: I would prefer not to.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Herman Herman Melville, 2016-04-10 Why buy our paperbacks? Unabridged (100% Original content) Printed in USA on High Quality Paper 30 Days Money Back Guarantee Standard Font size of 10 for all books Fulfilled by Amazon Expedited shipping BEWARE OF LOW-QUALITY SELLERS Don't buy cheap paperbacks just to save a few dollars. Most of them use low-quality papers & binding. Their pages fall off easily. Some of them even use very small font size of 6 or less to increase their profit margin. It makes their

books completely unreadable. About Bartleby, the Scrivener by Herman Melville Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street (1853) is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville, first serialized anonymously in two parts in the November and December editions of Putnam's Magazine, and reprinted with minor textual alterations in his *The Piazza Tales* in 1856. Numerous essays are published on what according to scholar Robert Milder is unquestionably the masterpiece of the short fiction in the Melville canon.

melville bartleby the scrivener: *HERMAN MELVILLE Bartleby, The Scrivener Annotated* Herman Melville, 2021-04-04 This story, in its most basic, stripped-down form, is a simple one: a successful lawyer, in need of assistance, hires a new scrivener (a kind of human Xerox machine) to join his small firm. Enter Bartleby, a quiet, initially efficient, anti-social little man. Bartleby proceeds to work well as a copyist, but refuses to help out with any other office tasks - or rather, he simply prefers not to. The lawyer and his other employees are shocked, but Bartleby just won't do what they ask. Bartleby is always in the office, either working or staring out the window at a facing wall, and it turns out that he actually lives in the office. Eventually, this refusal grows more bizarre, when Bartleby announces that he will no longer work as a copyist - but prefers simply to stay in the office and not do any work. Finally, he is firmly asked to leave...but he just doesn't. Rather than take any more drastic measures to get Bartleby out of his office, the lawyer actually picks up and moves his practice elsewhere. Another practice moves into the building, only to discover that Bartleby is still a fixture there. The new occupants complain to the Narrator, but he tells them the truth - Bartleby isn't his responsibility. At the end of their rope, the new occupants have the police arrest Bartleby. The story concludes with Bartleby in prison. He prefers not to do anything there, either, and even prefers not to eat. The Narrator goes to visit Bartleby, but unsurprisingly, he can't get through to the strange scrivener. Eventually, Bartleby wastes away and starves to death, leaving only the Narrator to mourn him. As a rather odd end note, the narrator informs us that Bartleby previously worked as a clerk in an obscure branch of the Post Office known as the Dead Letter Office, sorting through undeliverable mail. We have to wonder what kind of effect these dead letters must have had on his psyche. But still, Bartleby is a mystery left unsolved.

melville bartleby the scrivener: *Bartleby, the Scrivener* Herman Melville, 2020-09-28 The narrator is an elderly, unnamed Manhattan lawyer with a comfortable business in legal documents. He already employs two scriveners, Nippers and Turkey, to copy legal documents by hand, but an increase in business leads him to advertise for a third. He hires the forlorn-looking Bartleby in the hope that his calmness will soothe the irascible temperaments of the other two. An office boy nicknamed Ginger Nut completes the staff. At first, Bartleby produces a large volume of high-quality work, but one day, when asked to help proofread a document, Bartleby answers with what soon becomes his perpetual response to every request: I would prefer not to. To the dismay of the narrator and the irritation of the other employees, Bartleby performs fewer and fewer tasks and eventually none, instead spending long periods of time staring out one of the office's windows at a brick wall. The narrator makes several futile attempts to reason with Bartleby and to learn something about him; when the narrator stops by the office one Sunday morning, he discovers that Bartleby has started living there.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby the Scrivener (Large Print) Herman Melville, 2015-03-19 I am a rather elderly man. The nature of my avocations for the last thirty years has brought me into more than ordinary contact with what would seem an interesting and somewhat singular set of men, of whom as yet nothing that I know of has ever been written: -I mean the law-copyists or scriveners. I have known very many of them, professionally and privately, and if I pleased, could relate divers histories, at which good-natured gentlemen might smile, and sentimental souls might weep

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Herman Melville's most prescient story: what if a young man caught up in the rat race of commerce finally just said, I would prefer not to? The tale is one of the final works of fiction published by Melville before, slipping into despair over the continuing critical dismissal of his work after Moby-Dick, he abandoned publishing fiction. The work is presented here exactly as it was originally published in Putnam's magazine-to, sadly, critical disdain.

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melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby, the Scrivener Annotated Herman Melville, 2020-05-06 *Bartleby, the Scrivener: A Story of Wall Street* is a short story by the American writer Herman Melville, first serialized anonymously in two parts in the November and December 1853 issues of Putnam's Magazine, and reprinted with minor textual alterations in his *The Piazza Tales* in 1856. In the story, a Wall Street lawyer hires a new clerk who, after an initial bout of hard work, refuses to make copies or do any other task required of him, with the words I would prefer not to.

melville bartleby the scrivener: Bartleby Herman Melville, 2017-10-09 Bartleby is a kind of clerk, a copyist, who obstinately refuses to go on doing the sort of writing demanded of him. During the spring of 1851, Melville felt similarly about his work on Moby Dick. Thus, Bartleby can be seen to represent Melville's frustration with his own situation as a writer, and the story itself is about a writer who forsakes conventional modes because of an irresistible preoccupation with the most baffling philosophical questions. Bartleby can also be seen to represent Melville's relation to his commercial, democratic society.

melville bartleby the scrivener: BARTLEBY, the SCRIVENER by Herman Melville Herman Melville, 2017-07-18 How to recognize which books should read. The classic means forever then the classic books mean eternity. Good friends, good books and a cup of tea, this is my idea life. And You?

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