

clown manifesto

clown manifesto: An In-Depth Exploration of the Philosophy, History, and Impact of Clown Culture

The clown manifesto is more than just a collection of humorous antics and colorful costumes; it embodies a profound philosophy that challenges societal norms, celebrates individuality, and explores the complex spectrum of human emotion. Rooted in centuries-old traditions, the clown persona has evolved from ancient ritualistic figures to modern embodiments of satire, comedy, and social commentary. Understanding the clown manifesto is essential for appreciating the cultural significance of clowns in contemporary society, as well as recognizing their influence on art, psychology, and social movements.

What Is the Clown Manifesto?

The clown manifesto refers to a set of principles, beliefs, and attitudes that define the role, purpose, and ethics of the clown in various contexts. It is both a philosophical statement and a practical guide for performers and enthusiasts alike. Although there is no single, universally accepted clown manifesto, several influential writings and movements have contributed to shaping the modern understanding.

Origins of the Clown Philosophy

Clowning has ancient roots, with figures like the jesters of medieval Europe, the fool archetype in Shakespearean plays, and the comedic performers of traditional Asian theater. These characters often served as societal mirrors, highlighting absurdities and offering insights through humor.

In the 20th century, the emergence of modern clowning, particularly through figures like Joseph Grimaldi, Emmett Kelly, and the “whiteface” clowns of circuses, helped formalize a set of ideals emphasizing authenticity, empathy, and social critique.

The Core Principles of the Clown Manifesto

While interpretations vary, several core principles underpin most clown philosophies:

1. Embrace Authenticity and Vulnerability

Clowns often wear exaggerated makeup and costumes, yet their true power lies in their

honesty and openness. The clown manifesto advocates for embracing one's true self, including imperfections and vulnerabilities, as a source of strength and connection.

2. Celebrate Humor as a Tool for Connection

Humor is a universal language that bridges differences. Clowns use comedy to foster empathy, break down barriers, and create shared human experiences.

3. Challenge Societal Norms and Conventions

Clowns serve as societal critics, highlighting absurdities and injustices through satire and parody. The clown manifesto encourages questioning authority, tradition, and social expectations.

4. Promote Joy and Healing

Clowns aim to bring happiness and comfort, especially in settings like hospitals and community events. Their role includes healing emotional wounds through laughter and play.

5. Cultivate Creativity and Spontaneity

Clowning thrives on improvisation, imagination, and risk-taking. The manifesto emphasizes the importance of staying open to new ideas and experiences.

6. Foster Inclusivity and Respect

Clowns should be inclusive, respectful, and sensitive to diverse audiences and contexts, ensuring their performances uplift rather than harm.

The History of the Clown Movement and Its Manifesto

Understanding the evolution of the clown movement reveals how its manifesto has adapted over time, reflecting societal changes and artistic innovations.

Ancient Roots and Early Traditions

Ancient cultures, including Egypt, Greece, and China, featured comedic and ritualistic figures resembling modern clowns. These figures often carried symbolic meanings, serving as societal critics or spiritual guides.

The Medieval Jester and Court Fool

In medieval Europe, jesters played a vital role in royal courts. They wielded humor as a form of political commentary, often protected by their unique social position. Their role embodied the idea of challenging authority through satire.

19th and 20th Century Clowning

The development of circus clowning in the 1800s, with iconic figures like Joseph Grimaldi and Bozo the Clown, established performance standards emphasizing visual humor, slapstick, and audience interaction.

Modern clown movements, influenced by psychological and theatrical theories, began to emphasize deeper emotional expression, authenticity, and social critique, culminating in the “Clown as a Mirror of Society” philosophy.

The Birth of the Clown Manifesto

The formalization of the clown manifesto emerged in the late 20th century, driven by performers and theorists seeking to articulate the deeper purpose of clowning beyond mere entertainment. Influential texts, like the “Clown as a Catalyst for Change” by Philippe Gaulier and others, argue that clowns have a moral and philosophical role in society.

Types of Clowning and Their Manifestos

Different styles of clowning reflect varied interpretations of the clown manifesto. Here are some prominent types:

1. Whiteface Clown

Characterized by a white face makeup, this clown embodies authority, elegance, or

seriousness, often contrasted with humorous or absurd behavior. The manifesto emphasizes mastery of craft and emotional depth.

2. Auguste Clown

Known for exaggerated features and playful chaos, the Auguste clown embodies spontaneity, mischief, and innocence. The core belief is to inspire joy through unpredictability.

3. Tramp or Hobo Clown

Portraying marginalized figures, these clowns highlight societal issues such as poverty and neglect, aligning with the manifesto's call for social critique and empathy.

4. Contemporary and Experimental Clowning

Modern performances often blend theatrical, political, and improvisational elements, emphasizing personal expression, activism, and breaking traditional boundaries.

The Impact of the Clown Manifesto on Society and Art

The principles articulated in the clown manifesto have far-reaching effects across multiple domains.

Clowning in Therapy and Healing

- The use of clown therapy in hospitals and mental health settings demonstrates the manifesto's emphasis on healing through humor.
- Clowns like Patch Adams have popularized the role of laughter in medical care.

Clowning as Social and Political Commentary

- Protest clowns and political satire embody the challenge to authority and societal norms.
- The clown manifesto inspires activists to use humor as a form of resistance.

Clown Art and Performance Innovation

- Contemporary artists incorporate clown principles into theater, dance, and visual arts.
- The manifesto encourages innovation, spontaneity, and emotional authenticity in artistic expression.

Promoting Inclusivity and Diversity

- Modern clown movements advocate for representation and respect across cultures and identities, aligning with the manifesto's principles of inclusivity.

How to Adopt the Clown Manifesto in Daily Life

Living by the clown manifesto extends beyond performance; it offers a framework for personal growth and social engagement.

Practical Steps:

1. Practice Authenticity: Embrace your true self, imperfections included.
2. Use Humor Mindfully: Foster connections and promote positivity.
3. Challenge Norms: Question assumptions and advocate for change.
4. Engage in Creative Play: Explore new ideas and spontaneous actions.
5. Show Respect and Empathy: Respect diverse perspectives and experiences.

The Future of the Clown Manifesto

As society continues to evolve, so too will the clown manifesto. Emerging trends include:

- Digital clowning and virtual performances expanding accessibility.
- Intersectional approaches emphasizing diversity and inclusion.
- Clowning as a tool for social activism and mental health advocacy.
- Integration of technology and multimedia to deepen emotional impact.

The core principles—authenticity, humor, social critique, healing, creativity, and respect—remain central to the ongoing evolution of the clown philosophy.

Conclusion: Embracing the Spirit of the Clown Manifesto

The clown manifesto is a powerful testament to the enduring relevance of the clown as a symbol of truth, joy, and social reflection. It encourages individuals and communities to embrace authenticity, challenge societal norms, and foster empathy through humor and creativity. Whether in the circus ring, therapy sessions, or daily interactions, the principles of the clown manifesto serve as a reminder that laughter and vulnerability are vital tools for navigating the complexities of life. By understanding and embodying these ideals, we can cultivate a more compassionate, open, and resilient society—one smile at a time.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the Clown Manifesto?

The Clown Manifesto is a set of principles and ideas that promote the role of clowns as agents of humor, satire, and social commentary, emphasizing authenticity, creativity, and challenging societal norms.

Who authored the Clown Manifesto?

The Clown Manifesto was created by contemporary performers and artists advocating for the evolution of clowning, with contributions from various creators rather than a single author.

How does the Clown Manifesto impact modern performance art?

It encourages performers to embrace vulnerability, satire, and improvisation, fostering innovative and socially conscious clown acts that resonate with modern audiences.

What are the core principles of the Clown Manifesto?

Core principles include authenticity, subversion of expectations, emotional honesty, social critique, and the use of humor to provoke thought.

Is the Clown Manifesto related to any specific cultural or political movements?

Yes, it often aligns with anti-establishment, punk, and social justice movements, using clowning as a tool for activism and raising awareness.

Can anyone follow the Clown Manifesto to become a better performer?

Absolutely, it provides guidelines for performers to develop genuine, impactful, and innovative clown acts, regardless of their experience level.

How does the Clown Manifesto challenge traditional clowning stereotypes?

It encourages clowns to break free from clichéd characters and routines, promoting authenticity, personal expression, and societal critique instead.

Are there any famous performers associated with the Clown Manifesto?

Several contemporary artists and performers have embraced its principles, including those involved in experimental theater and street performance communities.

What role does the Clown Manifesto play in modern social activism?

It empowers clowns to serve as social commentators and activists, using humor and satire to highlight issues like inequality, injustice, and political corruption.

Where can I learn more about the Clown Manifesto?

You can explore performance art platforms, contemporary clowning communities online, or publications dedicated to experimental theater and social activism in the arts.

Additional Resources

Clown Manifesto: Unmasking the Art, Philosophy, and Cultural Significance of the Modern Clown

Introduction: The Enigmatic World of the Clown

Clowns have long been captivating audiences with their exaggerated mannerisms, vibrant costumes, and playful antics. Yet, beneath the surface lies a complex universe—one that

intertwines comedy, tragedy, social critique, and personal identity. The Clown Manifesto serves as a philosophical declaration, aiming to redefine, elevate, and contextualize clowning in contemporary culture. This comprehensive exploration delves into its origins, core principles, artistic practices, societal implications, and its enduring relevance.

Origins and Evolution of the Clown

Historical Roots

- Ancient Beginnings: Clown-like figures date back to ancient Egypt, Greece, and China, serving as jesters, fools, and spiritual symbols.
- Medieval Jesters and Minstrels: Court entertainers who wielded humor to critique authority, often operating under a protective veneer of absurdity.
- Commedia dell'arte: 16th-century Italian theatrical form featuring stock characters like Arlecchino, who embodied chaos and wit.
- Modern Circus Clowns: Emerged in the 19th century, notably with Joseph Grimaldi, who popularized slapstick comedy and visual excess.

Evolution into Cultural Symbols

- Entertainment Industry: From vaudeville to TV and film, clowns became household figures.
- Psychological Archetypes: Used to explore themes of innocence, chaos, and the uncanny.
- Contemporary Challenges: The rise of "creepy clown" phenomena and horror adaptations have complicated the cultural perception.

The Core Principles of the Clown Manifesto

The Clown Manifesto is a philosophical and artistic blueprint designed to elevate clowning beyond mere entertainment. It advocates for authenticity, social critique, vulnerability, and transformative power.

1. Authenticity and Self-Expression

- Embrace Personal Identity: Clowns should reflect genuine aspects of their personality, fears, and experiences.
- Reject Stereotypes: Moving beyond traditional caricatures to create nuanced, relatable characters.
- Vulnerability as Strength: Showing emotion openly fosters connection and authenticity.

2. Subversion and Social Critique

- Mirror Society: Clowns serve as societal mirrors, highlighting absurdities, hypocrisies, and injustices.
- Challenge Norms: Use humor and absurdity to question authority, social conventions, and cultural taboos.
- Activism: Leverage clowning as a form of protest or awakening consciousness.

3. Playfulness and Creativity

- Boundless Imagination: Encourage improvisation, experimentation, and spontaneous interactions.
- Humor as a Tool: Use satire, irony, and slapstick to entertain and provoke thought.
- Innovative Practices: Incorporate multimedia, performance art, and new technologies.

4. Empathy and Connection

- Audience Engagement: Foster genuine interactions that transcend superficial entertainment.
- Inclusivity: Create spaces where all feel welcome and valued.
- Healing Power: Use humor to address trauma, mental health, and social divisions.

5. Transformation and Liberation

- Clown as a Catalyst: Enable individuals to explore different facets of themselves.
- Breaking Boundaries: Encourage pushing limits of comfort, perceptions, and societal expectations.
- Liberation through Laughter: Promote joy and freedom as acts of resistance.

Artistic Practices in Clowning

Types of Clown Personas

- Whiteface Clown: Characterized by elaborate makeup, often embodying authority, wisdom, or seriousness contrasted with comedic acts.
- Auguste Clown: Typically more colorful, slapstick-oriented, embodying chaos and silliness.
- Character Clown: Unique personas crafted by performers to express specific themes or narratives.

Techniques and Skills

- Physical Comedy: Mastery of exaggerated movements, slapstick, and timing.
- Mask Work: Utilizing masks to explore different identities or emotional states.
- Improvisation: Adapting spontaneously to audience reactions and environment.
- Storytelling: Weaving narratives that resonate emotionally and intellectually.

Performance Settings

- Circus: Traditional platform emphasizing spectacle and skill.
- Street Performance: Interactive, accessible, and spontaneous engagement.
- Theatre and Avant-Garde: Experimental spaces for deeper thematic exploration.
- Therapeutic Clowning: Hospitals and care settings to promote healing and hope.

Societal and Cultural Implications

Clowning as Social Commentary

- Clowns have historically been agents of satire, critiquing societal norms through humor.
- Contemporary clown activists use performance to challenge issues like inequality, oppression, and environmental crises.

The “Creepy Clown” Phenomenon

- The late 2010s saw a surge in “creepy clown” sightings, fueled by media sensationalism.
- This phenomenon reflects societal fears, media influence, and the duality of the clown archetype—both harmless and sinister.
- The Clown Manifesto encourages reclaiming the clown's positive, transformative potential amidst this darkening perception.

Clowning in Popular Culture

- Films like *It* and *The Joker* have redefined the clown's image, blending tragedy and horror.
- The manifesto advocates for a reclaiming of the clown as a symbol of joy, resistance, and authenticity, counteracting negative stereotypes.

Clowning and Mental Health

- Clowns often serve as therapeutic figures in hospitals (e.g., Clown Doctors).
- The Clown Manifesto promotes using clowning to foster emotional resilience, empathy, and healing.

Challenges and Criticisms

Commercialization and Commodification

- The risk of turning authentic clowning into commercial entertainment devoid of deeper meaning.
- The importance of maintaining integrity and philosophical grounding.

Cultural Appropriation

- Respecting cultural origins and avoiding stereotypes.
- Engaging with diverse traditions responsibly.

Safety and Ethical Considerations

- Ensuring performance environments are safe for both performers and audiences.
- Navigating boundaries to prevent discomfort or harm.

The Future of the Clown and the Manifesto's Role

Evolving Artistic Expressions

- Integration with digital art, virtual reality, and social media platforms.
- Hybrid performances blending clowning with other art forms.

Social Impact and Activism

- Clowning as a tool for social justice, mental health awareness, and community building.
- The manifesto encourages performers to view their craft as a form of activism and societal reflection.

Education and Training

- Developing curricula rooted in the principles of authenticity, empathy, and critique.
- Cultivating new generations of clown artists committed to the manifesto's ideals.

Reclaiming the Archetype

- Moving beyond stereotypes to create diverse, nuanced clown personas.
- Emphasizing the clown's role as a catalyst for change, joy, and self-discovery.

Conclusion: The Enduring Power of the Clown

The Clown Manifesto is more than a set of guidelines; it is a call to embrace the clown as a vital, multifaceted force of cultural, social, and personal transformation. By championing authenticity, social critique, empathy, and creative innovation, modern clowns can challenge perceptions, heal wounds, and inspire change. As society continues to grapple with complexity and chaos, the clown's role as a mirror—both humorous and profound—remains indispensable. Through this manifesto, the clown is reimagined not just as a performer, but as a philosopher, activist, and agent of liberation in an increasingly polarized world.

In essence, the clown is a symbol of the human condition—flawed, resilient, joyful, and ever-changing. The Clown Manifesto invites performers and audiences alike to unmask their true selves, celebrate absurdity, and find meaning in the chaos.

[Clown Manifesto](#)

clown manifesto: *The Clown Manifesto* P. Nalle Laanela, Stacey Sacks, 2015-07-10 Part clown manual, part storytelling and part rant - The Clown Manifesto covers the experiences, philosophies and methods of the clown performer/director/teacher Nalleslavski. A book for clowns, physical comedians, actors, musicians, jugglers, puppeteers, magicians, street performers and dancers. Whatever form your clowning takes - theatre, street theatre, comedy, burlesque, magic, circus - the mischievously named Nalleslavski Method gives you practical tools to create comedy material that

works universally, across cultural and language barriers.

clown manifesto: Pedagogy of the Clown Sean McCusker, 2023-08-28 This book discusses the tradition of clowning from an educational perspective, highlighting the resonant philosophies between the two professions and asking what one can learn from the other. Modern day clowning follows an age-old tradition, with a set of principles and beliefs expounded by proponents of the profession. Throughout the principles of clowning, themes of subversion, inversion, play and challenge recur. These same ideas have a place in the classroom, not as everyday practice but perhaps as a leitmotif. The book is therefore a call for educators to consider their position within the learning environment and to embody the clown spirit. By looking outside of traditional pedagogical thinking and training, this book demonstrates ideas and techniques from which educators can borrow or learn, allowing them to enhance their own methods and practices. It offers an opportunity to revisit the dynamics of the classroom through the recognition of the important role that the clown can play in society.

clown manifesto: The Manifesto Handbook Julian Hanna, 2020-01-31 The Manifesto Handbook describes the hidden life of an undervalued genre: the conduit for declarations of principle, advertisements for new “isms,” and provocations in pamphlet form. Often physically slight and small in scale, the manifesto is always grand in style and ambition. A bold, charismatic genre, it has founded some of the most important and revolutionary movements in modern history, from the declaration of wars and the birth of nations to the launch of countless social, political and artistic movements worldwide. Julian Hanna provides a brief genealogy of the genre, analyses its complex speaking position, traces the material process of manifesto making from production to dissemination, unpacks its extremist underbelly, and follows the twenty-first century resurgence of the manifesto as a re-politicised and reinvigorated digital form.

clown manifesto: Early Careers in Education Aidan Gillespie, 2021-02-19 This is the first book to bridge the divide between completing a professional course in education and entering into a practical career in education provision. Presented analysis of specific issues as well as overarching themes, it is must-have reading for those who have just commenced a career in education, or are just about to.

clown manifesto: From Heidegger to Performance Marie Hay, Martin Leach, 2024-12-17 In *Being and Time*, Martin Heidegger developed a way of considering human existence as ‘being there’, a process of interrelationships with aspects of the environment in which the very process itself constitutes the essence of human being. *From Heidegger to Performance* engages with this radical perspective and consider Heidegger’s thinking in relation to different senses of performance, from the familiar, such as theatrical contexts of dance, live art and theatre, to explorations of modes of being within these performative situations. The contributors engage with a wide variety of topics from clowning to questions of linguistic construction; from the phenomenology of objects in stage space to the ephemerality of performance; from the performance of personal memory to the anxiety of the moment of choice in performing a complex movement. This book explores the ways in which Heidegger’s work and ideas of performance and performativity intersect, across their various senses and usages and will be useful to scholars, teachers and students who are interested in thinking about performance, and themselves as performative, in new ways.

clown manifesto: Digressions and the Human Imagination Morten Nielsen, 2024-09-30 *Digressions and the Human Imagination* makes a significant contribution to our anthropological knowledge about human creativity. The creative force of the human imagination is widely considered as a key ingredient in understanding how social and cultural transformations occur. And yet, what we know about the nature of creative processes is surprisingly limited. Taking their cue from literary studies, the contributors to this volume explore digression as human creativity’s main impulse. They offer a series of experimental explorations of digression in different arenas of social life – literature, conversations, myths, humour, art, and wayfinding. In their examination of the relationship between creativity and digressive processes, the contributions challenge and eventually collapse conventional distinctions between ‘artistic’ and ‘scientific’ imaginaries. This book articulates with clarity the

freedom and joy of wandering off in new directions, but also the potentially transgressive and even revolutionary character that digression has when it is put to work through the creativity of the human imagination. It will be relevant for anthropologists and other scholars from across the humanities and social sciences with an interest in creativity.

clown manifesto: Shakespeare's Clown David Wiles, 2005-06-30 Focusing on the clown Will Kemp, this book shows how Shakespeare and other dramatists wrote specific roles as vehicles for him.

clown manifesto: Queer Ecopedagogies Joshua Russell, 2021-04-09 This volume builds on the momentum surrounding queer work within environmental education, while also encouraging new connections between environmental education research and the growing bodies of literature dedicated to queer deconstructions of categories such as "nature," "environment," and "animal." The book is composed of submissions that engage with existing literature from queer ecology, queer theory, and various explorations of sexuality and gender within the context of human-animal-nature relationships. The book deepens and diversifies environmental education by providing new theoretical and methodological insights for scholarship and practice across a variety of educational contexts. Queer pedagogies provide important critical points of view for educators who seek broader goals centred around social and ecological justice by encouraging counter-hegemonic views of bodies, nature, and community. The scope of this book is multi- or interdisciplinary in order to cast a wide net around what kinds of spaces, relationships, and practices are considered educational, pedagogical, or curricular. The volume includes chapters that are conceptual, theoretical, and empirical.

clown manifesto: Play, Creativity, and Social Movements Benjamin Shepard, 2012-05-23 As we play, we step away from stark reality to conjure up new possibilities for the present and our common future. Today, a new cohort of social activists are using it to create social change and reinvent democratic social relations. In contrast to work or routine, play must be free. To the extent that it is, it infuses a high-octane burst of innovation into any number of organizational practices and contexts, and invites social actors to participate in a low-threshold, highly democratic process of collaboration, based on pleasure and convivial social relations. Despite the contention that such activities are counterproductive, movements continue to put the right to party on the table as a part of a larger process of social change, as humor and pleasure disrupt monotony, while disarming systems of power. Through this book, Shepard explores notions of play as a social movement activity, considering some of the meanings, applications and history of the concept in relation to social movement groups ranging from Dada and Surrealism to Situationism, the Yippies to the Young Lords, ACT UP to the Global Justice, anti-gentrification, community and anti-war movements of recent years.

clown manifesto: The Stridentist Movement in Mexico Elissa Rashkin, 2009-01-01 Stridentism (estridentismo) was a literary, artistic, and cultural movement founded in Mexico in the 1920s by poets Manuel Maples Arce, Germán List Arzubide, and Salvador Gallardo, prose writer Arqueles Vela, painters Fermin Revueltas, Ramón Alva de la Canal, Leopoldo Méndez, and Jean Charlot, and sculptor Germán Cueto. This book is a wide-ranging study of Stridentism that emphasizes the multifaceted nature of its contributions and addresses key debates in this period of Mexican cultural history.

clown manifesto: Anarchism Elena Loizidou, 2022-09-08 The term anarchism derives from the Greek word ἀναρχία meaning 'without ruler or leader, and without law'. Although the roots of the word can be traced back to Ancient Greece, anarchism as a political ideology is relatively new. Anarchism developed as a political ideology at the end of the eighteenth century at the time of the emergence of the modern State. And, as is well known, anarchism developed both a politics and a way of life that did not include the State as its compass, support and structure. In contrast to the extensive contemporary literature about anarchist politics and ideas, this book focuses on the practices and attitudes that constitute what the author refers to as an anarchist 'art of life'. The book draws on archival material that records the life and actions of the anarchist Emma Goldman

and her associates, legal documents and writings by classical (Pierre Joseph Proudhon, Peter Kropotkin) and contemporary anarchists (David Graeber, Saul Newman, Ciarra Bottici), as well as contemporary groups such as the Clandestine Insurgent Rebel Clown Army and Occupy Wall Street. By studying the idiosyncrasies of this art of life, it argues, we are better able to appreciate how anarchism is not some future utopian oriented project, waiting to come into existence after a revolution, but rather exists in parallel to the life and politics offered by the State. *Anarchism: An Art of Living Without Law* will be of interest to graduate students and academics working on critical legal theory, political theory, sociology and cultural studies.

clown manifesto: *Send in the Clowns* David Bridel, Mike Funt, 2024-02-29 *Send in the Clowns* presents interviews with twenty-four pioneering humanitarian and activist clowns and thought leaders working in hospitals, refugee camps, orphanages and war zones, and at the sites of street protests and locations of social unrest across the world. This book is built around interviews with some of the world's leading practitioners of clowning for change, justice, and health outside of the entertainment mainstream, featuring artists and organizations including Patch Adams (US), the Dream Doctors Project (Israel), Clown Me In (Lebanon), and Doutores da Alegria (Brazil). Situating the topic in relation to indigenous and ritual clowning, investigating the various functions of the clown in early societies, and centering the discourse around interviews with key practitioners, the book explores a wide range of clown applications across the globe. This includes the special significance of the clown archetype in socially, politically, and culturally challenging situations, the successes and challenges of the art activists who are at the forefront of this movement, and the modern humanitarian clown's relationship to original forms of clowning that can be traced back through history. This is a vital resource for anyone studying, teaching, or practicing clown work in applied contexts, from health care to conflict resolution.

clown manifesto: *Space Invaders* Paul Routledge, 2017-07-20 *Space Invaders* argues for the importance of a radical geographic perspective in enabling us to make sense of protests and social movements around the world. Under conditions of increasing global economic inequalities, we are witnessing the flourishing of grassroots people's movements fighting for improved rights. Whether it be the alter-globalisation mobilisations of the turn of the century, the flurry of Occupy protests, or the current wave of anti-austerity mobilisations taking place, there is a geographical logic to all forms of protest whether that be through transforming landscapes, occupying enemy territory or developing solidarity and communication networks. Paul Routledge takes a primarily auto-ethnographical perspective, drawing upon his extensive experience over the past thirty years working with various forms of protest in Europe, Asia and Latin America, to provide an account of how a radical geographical imagination can inform our understanding and the prosecution of protest.

clown manifesto: *Civiltà del circo. Ediz. italiana e inglese* Piero Piani, 2007

clown manifesto: *Queer Political Performance and Protest* Benjamin Shepard, 2009-09-10 From the birth of the Gay Liberation through the rise of the AIDS Coalition to Unleash Power (ACT UP) in 1987, the global justice movement in 1994, the largest day of antiwar protest in world history in February 2003, the Republican National Convention protests in August 2004, and the massive immigrant rights rallies in the spring of 2006, the streets of cities around the world have been filled with a new theatrical model of protest. Elements of fun, creativity, pleasure, and play are cornerstones of this new approach toward protest and community building. No movement has had a larger influence on the emergence of play in social movement activity than the gay liberation and queer activism of the past thirty years. This book examines the role of play in gay liberation and queer activism, and the ways in which queer notions of play have influenced a broad range of social movements.

clown manifesto: *Dickens's Clowns* Jonathan Buckmaster, 2019-03-14 This book reappraises Dickens's *Memoirs of Joseph Grimaldi* and his imaginative engagement with its principal protagonist.

clown manifesto: *Clowns, Fools and Picaros*, 2007-01-01 By its very nature the clown, as

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on Shudder? (Decider3mon) Discover What's Streaming On: Is there anything more classic than a killer clown in a horror movie? Yes, actually: A killer clown that hides in a cornfield! That's the premise of Clown in a Cornfield,

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