

war of independence croatia

War of Independence Croatia was a pivotal chapter in the modern history of Croatia, marking its definitive struggle for sovereignty and self-determination in the early 1990s. This conflict, often referred to as the Croatian War of Independence, was a complex and multifaceted struggle that shaped the nation's political, social, and cultural landscape. The war not only resulted in the reaffirmation of Croatia's independence but also left a lasting legacy that continues to influence the country's identity today. This comprehensive article explores the origins, key events, consequences, and legacy of the Croatian War of Independence, providing an in-depth understanding of this significant period in Croatian history.

Introduction to the Croatian War of Independence

The Croatian War of Independence was fought from 1991 to 1995 between Croatian forces seeking independence and the Yugoslav People's Army (JNA), alongside Serbian paramilitary groups aiming to maintain Yugoslavia's unity under Serbian dominance. The conflict was rooted in longstanding ethnic tensions, political upheaval, and aspirations for sovereignty following the decline of communist Yugoslavia.

Historical Background

The Dissolution of Yugoslavia

Yugoslavia, a multi-ethnic federation, began to disintegrate in the late 1980s amid economic crisis, rising nationalism, and political instability. Croatia, with its significant Croat population and cultural distinctiveness, pushed for greater autonomy, which eventually led to calls for independence.

Rise of Nationalism and Ethnic Tensions

The late 1980s and early 1990s saw a surge in nationalist rhetoric from various republics, especially Serbia and Croatia. Serbian leaders, led by Slobodan Milošević, aimed to create a Greater Serbia, often at the expense of Croat and other non-Serb populations. This escalation fueled ethnic tensions and violence.

Key Events Leading to the War

Several pivotal events precipitated the outbreak of open conflict:

1. **Declaration of Independence (June 25, 1991):** Croatia formally declared independence from Yugoslavia, prompting opposition from Serb authorities.
2. **Siege of Vukovar (1991):** One of the bloodiest battles, Vukovar was besieged by JNA and Serb paramilitary forces, resulting in extensive destruction and loss of life.
3. **International Recognition and Conflict Escalation:** Croatia's declaration was recognized by some countries, but Serbia and the JNA resisted, leading to intensified fighting.

The Course of the War

The Croatian War of Independence was characterized by fierce battles, sieges, ethnic cleansing, and attempts at international diplomacy. It can be segmented into several phases:

Initial Clashes and Siege Warfare (1991)

Following Croatia's declaration of independence, Serbian forces and the JNA launched attacks on Croatian territory, aiming to carve out Serb-controlled regions known as "Republic of Serbian Krajina." Key battles included:

- Siege of Vukovar
- Fighting in Dalmatia and Bosnia border areas
- Occupation of key towns like Karlovac and Gospić

International Involvement and Peace Efforts (1992)

Despite ongoing violence, international diplomacy sought a resolution:

- European Community's attempts at peace negotiations
- Establishment of UN Protected Areas

- Ceasefire agreements, which were often fragile

Counteroffensives and Territorial Reclamation (1993–1995)

Croatian forces launched military operations to regain lost territory, notably:

1. **Operation Maslenica (1993):** A successful offensive to regain the northern Dalmatian area.
2. **Operation Storm (August 1995):** A decisive military campaign that liberated most Serb-held territories in Croatia, leading to a major turning point in the war.

Key Figures and Military Leaders

Several prominent figures played crucial roles during the war:

- **Franjo Tuđman:** The first President of Croatia, a key political leader advocating for independence.
- **General Janko Bobetko:** An influential military commander.
- **Slobodan Milošević:** Serbian leader whose policies contributed to the conflict.
- **General Ante Gotovina:** Notable for his role in Operation Storm.

Casualties and Humanitarian Impact

The Croatian War of Independence resulted in significant human suffering:

1. Estimated casualties: over 20,000 deaths, including civilians and soldiers.
2. Displacement: hundreds of thousands of Croats and Serbs fled their homes.

3. Destruction of infrastructure: cities, towns, and cultural heritage were heavily damaged.

International Response and Recognition

The international community played a mixed role during the conflict:

Recognition of Croatian Independence

- Croatia's independence was recognized by the European Community in January 1992, followed by the United States and other countries.

United Nations Involvement

- The UN deployed peacekeeping forces and established protected zones to mitigate violence.
- The UN's role was criticized for being limited in stopping the conflict.

End of the War and Aftermath

The conflict officially ended with the signing of the Erdut Agreement and the Dayton Accords, leading to the reintegration of Croatian territory and the establishment of a new political order.

Significant Outcomes

- Re-establishment of Croatian sovereignty.
- The displacement of Serb populations from certain areas.
- International war crimes trials, including at the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY).
- Reconstruction and economic recovery efforts in Croatia.

Legacy of the Croatian War of Independence

The war left a profound legacy on Croatian society and politics:

National Identity and Unity

- The conflict fostered a strong sense of national identity and patriotism.
- Commemorations and memorials honor the victims and heroes.

Legal and Political Reforms

- Croatia underwent substantial reforms to join the European Union and NATO.
- War crimes trials contributed to justice and reconciliation.

Challenges and Reconciliation

- Ethnic tensions and minority rights remain sensitive issues.
- Efforts continue towards regional stability and reconciliation with Serbia and other neighbors.

Conclusion

The Croatian War of Independence was a defining moment that shaped the nation's destiny. It was a conflict marked by resilience, sacrifice, and the pursuit of self-determination. Today, Croatia stands as an independent nation proud of its history, yet aware of the importance of peace, reconciliation, and building a future rooted in democracy and respect for human rights. Understanding this pivotal chapter is essential to appreciating Croatia's journey from conflict to stability and its ongoing efforts to foster regional cooperation and European integration.

Keywords for SEO Optimization

- War of independence Croatia
- Croatian War of Independence
- Croatia history
- Croatia conflict 1990s
- Croatian independence movement
- Operation Storm
- Vukovar siege
- Croatia military history
- Yugoslav wars

- Croatian war casualties

Frequently Asked Questions

What was the main cause of the Croatian War of Independence?

The main cause was Croatia's desire to gain independence from Yugoslavia amid political and ethnic tensions following the breakup of Yugoslavia in the early 1990s.

When did the Croatian War of Independence begin and end?

The conflict started in 1991 and officially ended in 1995 with the signing of the Erdut Agreement and the Croatian military operations that restored control over the remaining territories.

What role did international organizations play during the Croatian War of Independence?

International organizations, including the United Nations, mediated peace efforts, deployed peacekeeping missions, and facilitated the peaceful reintegration of territories, while also imposing sanctions and advocating for human rights.

What were the major military operations during Croatia's fight for independence?

Key operations included Operation Storm (1995), which was pivotal in regaining territory, as well as earlier battles like the Siege of Vukovar and the Battle of Zagreb.

How did the Croatian War of Independence impact the country's demographics?

The war caused significant displacement, with many Croatian Serbs fleeing or being expelled from their homes, leading to demographic shifts and long-term ethnic tensions.

What were the consequences of the war for Croatia's

international recognition?

Croatia declared independence in 1991, and after conflict and international diplomacy, it was fully recognized as an independent state by the international community, including the European Union and NATO, in the mid-1990s.

How is the Croatian War of Independence remembered today?

It is commemorated with memorials, national holidays like Victory and Homeland Thanksgiving Day, and is a central part of Croatia's national identity and history education.

What were the major human rights concerns during the Croatian War of Independence?

The conflict involved reports of ethnic cleansing, war crimes, and atrocities committed by various parties, leading to ongoing war crimes trials and efforts for justice and reconciliation.

What was the significance of Operation Storm in the Croatian War of Independence?

Operation Storm was a decisive military offensive in 1995 that effectively ended the conflict, restored Croatian control over territories held by Serb forces, and is considered a turning point in Croatia's path to sovereignty.

How did the Croatian War of Independence influence the country's post-war recovery and EU accession?

The war's end allowed Croatia to focus on reconstruction, democratization, and reforms necessary for EU integration, which it achieved in 2013, marking a significant step in its post-war recovery process.

Additional Resources

War of Independence Croatia: A Comprehensive Overview

The War of Independence Croatia stands as a pivotal chapter in the nation's history, embodying the struggle for sovereignty, national identity, and territorial integrity. This complex conflict, which unfolded predominantly between 1991 and 1995, was driven by a confluence of political, ethnic, and social factors that culminated in Croatia's declaration of independence from Yugoslavia. To fully appreciate the significance of this war, it is essential to explore its historical context, key events, military campaigns, international involvement, and the profound aftermath that shaped modern

Croatia.

Historical Background and Context

Yugoslavia's Formation and Ethnic Diversity

- The Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia was established after World War II, uniting six republics: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, and Slovenia.
- Croatia, with its rich cultural heritage and a population comprising Croats, Serbs, and other ethnic groups, played a vital role within Yugoslavia but also faced ethnic tensions.
- The federal structure aimed to balance ethnic interests but often led to grievances, especially among Croats who sought greater autonomy.

Growing Nationalism and Political Tensions

- The late 1980s witnessed a resurgence of nationalistic sentiments across Yugoslavia, fueled by economic decline, political instability, and differing visions for the federation.
- Croatia's push for greater independence gained momentum, especially after Slobodan Milošević's rise to power in Serbia, which was perceived as a threat to Croatian sovereignty.
- The 1990 elections in Croatia resulted in a government led by Franjo Tuđman and the Croatian Democratic Union (HDZ), advocating for independence.

Declaration of Independence

- On June 25, 1991, Croatia declared independence from Yugoslavia, a move that was not universally recognized and faced opposition from the Yugoslav federal government and Serb minority factions.
- The declaration was part of a broader movement among several republics seeking sovereignty, leading to the disintegration of Yugoslavia.

Pre-War Developments and Escalation

Serb Opposition and Autonomous Regions

- The Serb minority in Croatia, with support from the Yugoslav People's Army

(JNA), opposed Croatian independence.

- Autonomous Serb regions, notably Krajina and Eastern Slavonia, sought to remain within Yugoslavia or form their own entities.
- Tensions escalated as Serb insurgents, with military backing, began establishing parallel authorities.

Outbreak of Violence and Initial Clashes

- The conflict officially ignited in 1991, with clashes between Croatian forces and Serb insurgents.
- The JNA played a significant role, often acting in support of Serb militias, which complicated the conflict.
- Cities like Vukovar, Sisak, and Dubrovnik experienced early fighting, with Vukovar's siege becoming a symbol of Croatian resilience.

International Reactions and Diplomatic Efforts

- The international community, including the European Community and the United Nations, called for ceasefires and negotiations.
- However, diplomatic efforts initially failed to halt hostilities, leading to a protracted and brutal conflict.

The Military Campaigns and Major Battles

Key Operations and Strategies

- Croatian forces, primarily composed of newly formed military units and local militias, engaged in defensive and offensive operations.
- The Croatian Army (HV) was gradually organized and equipped, supported by diaspora communities and international aid.
- The conflict featured sieges, urban warfare, and attempts to secure key territories.

Vukovar Siege (1991)

- One of the most devastating battles, the Siege of Vukovar lasted over three months.
- The city was encircled by Serb forces, and after intense fighting, it fell in November 1991.
- The siege resulted in significant civilian casualties and widespread destruction, symbolizing Croatian suffering.

Operation Storm (1995)

- The decisive military campaign, launched on August 4, 1995, by Croatian forces, aimed to retake Serb-held territories.
- It was one of the largest European land operations since World War II and resulted in the swift collapse of Serb resistance in Croatia.
- The operation led to the liberation of most of the occupied territories, effectively ending the war.

Other Significant Battles and Campaigns

- Siege of Dubrovnik: The historic city was besieged in late 1991, causing international outrage and highlighting the war's humanitarian toll.
- Operation Maslenica (1993): A successful Croatian offensive to regain territory in northern Dalmatia.
- Eastern Slavonia Re-integration (1996): The peaceful reintegration of the last Serb-held area into Croatian control.

International Involvement and Peace Processes

Role of the United Nations and International Organizations

- The UN deployed peacekeeping forces (UNPROFOR) to monitor ceasefires and facilitate humanitarian aid.
- The UN's efforts faced challenges, especially in preventing ethnic violence and establishing a stable peace.

Peace Agreements and Dayton Accords

- The Zagreb Agreement (1995) marked a turning point, leading to ceasefire and negotiations.
- The Dayton Accords (1995) primarily addressed Bosnia but influenced regional stability, indirectly impacting Croatia's peace process.

International Recognition and Croatia's Path to Sovereignty

- Croatia gained widespread international recognition in 1992, including from the European Community and the United States.
- Recognition solidified Croatia's status as an independent nation and paved the way for integration into European and global institutions.

Humanitarian Impact and War Crimes

Casualties and Displacement

- The war resulted in approximately 20,000 deaths, including civilians, military personnel, and ethnic minorities.
- Hundreds of thousands of people were displaced, with many seeking refuge abroad or in safer parts of Croatia.

Ethnic Cleansing and War Crimes

- The conflict was marked by atrocities committed by various sides, including ethnic cleansing, mass executions, and destruction of cultural heritage.
- The International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY) prosecuted numerous individuals for war crimes committed during this period.

Refugees and Post-War Reconciliation

- Po

War Of Independence Croatia

war of independence croatia: *Croatia Between War and Independence* Dušan Bilandžić, 1991

war of independence croatia: *Croatia Between War and Independence* Boze Covic, 1992

war of independence croatia: A Guide to Intra-state Wars Jeffrey S. Dixon, Meredith Reid Sarkees, 2015-10-22 This title describes how civil war is defined and categorized and presents data and descriptions for nearly 300 civil wars waged from 1816 to the present. Analyzing trends over time and regions, this work is the definitive source for understanding the phenomenon of civil war.

war of independence croatia: Croatia Investment and Business Guide Volume 1

Strategic and Practical Information IBP, Inc., 2014-09-16 Croatia Investment and Business Guide Volume 2 Business, Investment Opportunities and Incentives

war of independence croatia: Croatia Company Laws and Regulations Handbook

Volume 1 Strategic Information and Basic Laws IBP USA,

war of independence croatia: Croatia Investment and Business Guide Volume 1

Strategic and Practical Information IBP USA, 2013-08 Croatia Investment and Business Guide - Strategic and Practical Information

war of independence croatia: *Croatia Between War and Independence* Dušan Bilandžić, 1991

war of independence croatia: Croatia Country Study Guide Volume 1 Strategic Information and Developments IBP USA, 2013-08 Croatia Country Study Guide - Strategic Information and Developments Volume 1 Strategic Information and Developments

war of independence croatia: *Croatia Customs, Trade Regulations and Procedures Handbook*

Volume 1 Strategic and Practical Information IBP USA, 2013-08 2011 Updated Reprint. Updated Annually. Croatia Customs, Trade Regulations and Procedures Handbook

war of independence croatia: The History of Lika, Croatia: Land of War and Warriors

John R. Oreskovich, 2019 This is a history of Lika, a region of Croatia known for its soldiers and poverty. It is the only known history of Lika in English. What follows is a history of Lika which the author has divided into four epochs, the first, ancient Lika, when Lika was part of the Roman Empire. The second is Slav-Croatian Lika that existed prior to the arrival of the Ottomans, when Lika was integrated into the European feudal system. The third section is the Turkish wars, when the Habsburgs and their army controlled Lika. The fourth and last section is from the 19th century to the present, when the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, the country that became Yugoslavia, replaced Austrian rule in Lika. The author's family is from the Lika region of western Croatia--

war of independence croatia: Rick Steves Croatia & Slovenia Rick Steves, 2023-08-01 Stroll along Dubrovnik's ancient walls, hike the idyllic Julian Alps, and set sail on the glimmering Adriatic: with Rick Steves, Croatia and Slovenia are yours to explore! Inside Rick Steves Croatia & Slovenia you'll find: Comprehensive coverage for spending a week or more in Croatia and Slovenia, with side trips to Montenegro and Bosnia-Herzegovina Rick's strategic advice on how to get the most out of your time and money, with rankings of his must-see favorites Top sights and hidden gems, from Roman ruins in the heart of bustling Split to stunning waterfalls and mountains in Slovenia How to connect with culture: Taste wines at a vineyard in Hvar, tour museums and Baroque churches in Zagreb, and sample fresh seafood at an open-air market in Dubrovnik Beat the crowds, skip the lines, and avoid tourist traps with Rick's candid, humorous insight The best places to eat, sleep, and relax with a glass of local wine Self-guided walking tours of lively towns and interesting museums Detailed maps for exploring on the go Useful resources including a packing list, Slovenian and Croatian phrases, a historical overview, and recommended reading Over 800 bible-thin pages include everything worth seeing without weighing you down Complete, up-to-date information on Zagreb, Plitvice Lakes National Park, Istria, Split, Hvar, Korcula, Dubrovnik, the Bay of Kotor, Mostar, Sarajevo, Ljubljana, Lake Bled, the Julian Alps, Logarska Dolina and the Northern Valleys, Ptuj, Maribor, the Karst, Piran, and more Make the most of every day and every dollar with Rick Steves Croatia & Slovenia.

war of independence croatia: Croatia Doing Business for Everyone Guide - Practical Information and Contacts IBP USA, 2012-01-01 Business in Croatia for Everyone: Practical Information and Contacts for Success

war of independence croatia: Croatia Business Law Handbook Volume 1 Strategic Information and Basic Laws IBP USA, 2013-08 Croatia Business Law Handbook - Strategic Information and Basic Laws

war of independence croatia: National Geographic Traveler - Croatia Rudolf Abraham, 2015-04-07 Off-the-beaten-path excursions, insider tips, not-to-be-missed lists, authentic experiences--Cover.

war of independence croatia: Croatia Robert Cooper, Michael Spilling, Debbie Nevins, 2019-12-15 Croatia is a country with a vast history that has survived times of war and conflict to now enjoy growth and prosperity. Today, Croatia is a place where tourists find and enjoy beautiful havens and stunning landscapes. This book offers readers the chance to see what life in Croatia is like, including details of its history, government, lifestyle, sport, and popular foods. Vivid photographs, detailed descriptions of key locations, and compelling sidebars will entice and encourage budding explorers.

war of independence croatia: The History of Croatia and Slovenia Christopher Deliso, 2020-11-06 This title provides a comprehensive introduction to the intertwined histories of Croatia and Slovenia, two Balkan nations and former members of the Yugoslav Federation. The recent histories of Croatia and Slovenia have been relatively stable, as both countries have merged successfully into modern Europe. But how did these countries arrive at such a place? The History of Croatia and Slovenia provides factual overviews of these countries' political systems, geographical

details, significant individuals, and more. The volume opens with the prehistoric and ancient roots of these states, though this history predates their modern ethnic and linguistic identities as we know them. Chapters cover the Roman period, followed by barbarian waves and the countries' subsequent absorption into the Venetian, Hungarian, and Holy Roman Empires. The modern period of national awakening in the nineteenth century, when the ethno-genesis of modern Croatia and Slovenia began, is covered in great detail. The volume additionally covers subsequent turbulent events such as WWI, WWII, the Holocaust, and Communist Yugoslavia and its civil wars of the 1990s, through the events of 2019. Written in approachable yet scholarly language, this volume is ideal for high school and university students, as well as any reader interested in Balkan or European history.

war of independence croatia: Culture and Customs of Croatia Marilyn Cvitanic, 2010-12-16 An expert guide to the present-day cultural life of Croatia and how it has been influenced by the nation's tumultuous past. Culture and Customs of Croatia offers an expert insider's look at a Balkan nation which, for the first time since the 12th century, is free to draw on its own traditions to determine its political, philosophical, and cultural identity. Culture and Customs of Croatia provides a comprehensive overview of Croatian art and culture with an emphasis on the historical factors contributing to contemporary Croatian life. An in-depth exploration of the country's past lays the groundwork for a discussion of a number of current issues, including progress towards EU membership, the expanding role of the Catholic Church, preservation of the country's World Heritage Sites, the growing popularity of the nation's Adriatic coastline as a beach vacation destination, and the complex, still reverberating legacy of the former Yugoslavia.

war of independence croatia: Wars of Law Tanisha M. Fazal, 2018-05-15 In Wars of Law, Tanisha M. Fazal assesses the unintended consequences of the proliferation of the laws of war for the commencement, conduct, and conclusion of wars over the course of the past one hundred fifty years. Fazal outlines three main arguments: early laws of war favored belligerents, but more recent additions have constrained them; this shift may be attributable to a growing divide between lawmakers and those who must comply with international humanitarian law; and lawmakers have been consistently inattentive to how rebel groups might receive these laws. By using the laws of war strategically, Fazal suggests, belligerents in both interstate and civil wars relate those laws to their big-picture goals. Why have states stopped issuing formal declarations of war? Why have states stopped concluding formal peace treaties? Why are civil wars especially likely to end in peace treaties today? In addressing such questions, Fazal provides a lively and intriguing account of the implications of the laws of war.

war of independence croatia: Radical Democracy and Its Limits David Matijasevich, 2019-08-26 Over the last several decades, many political theorists have touted the banner of "radical democracy" to view the agonistic—that is, non-coercive—struggle against power as the correct way forward for progressive political actors, rather than the antagonistic acquisition or use of it. The belief that such engagements respect the political equality of all and are thus more democratic lies at the heart of this trend; and yet, recent developments have shown that events with such agonistic beginnings, such as Occupy, the Arab Spring, and Hong Kong's Umbrella Movement have the clear potential of ending antagonistically. Comparing four historical cases of popular uprising that fluctuated between agonistic and antagonistic moments, this book establishes the circumstances under which such agonistic engagements with power can both take off and persist. Revealing the many limitations that agonistic politics is shown to face, Radical Democracy and its Limits makes a needed intervention into contemporary democratic theory and argues that radical democracy should not be held up as a model for those pursuing a more egalitarian future.

war of independence croatia: The Historical Geography of Croatia Borna Fuerst-Bjeliš, Nikola Glamuzina, 2021-03-28 This monograph gives a comprehensive but in-depth analysis of the territorial development of Croatia and historical processes of significant spatial impact. It covers the millennial time span – from prehistory till the present, through relevant periods, e.g., prehistory, antiquity, Middle Ages, period of Ottoman progression and retreat, Post-Ottoman period of development of the Central European railway network, the period of South Slavic political

associations (old and new Yugoslavia), and the post-Yugoslav period of independent Croatia. The book is highly illustrated with maps and figures. It is written by scholars from the region, based on the original research and the vast body of literature. It is one of the only books in English that interprets the overall development of the territory and cultural landscape of Croatia. Its scientific but comprehensive approach makes it of use to scholars, students and anyone interested in historical and geographical processes and features of Croatia and the Balkan region.

Related to war of independence croatia

War Play War online, explore new features, track rankings, and connect with the vibrant gaming community

War Play War online, explore new features, track rankings, and connect with the vibrant gaming community

Related to war of independence croatia

Row over Cyrillic script shows war echoes for Croatia's Serbs (Reuters12y) VUKOVAR, Croatia (Reuters) - The neat, freshly rebuilt houses in Vukovar testify to Croatia's determination to heal the scars of this town on the Danube after shelling from Serb rebels in the war of

Row over Cyrillic script shows war echoes for Croatia's Serbs (Reuters12y) VUKOVAR, Croatia (Reuters) - The neat, freshly rebuilt houses in Vukovar testify to Croatia's determination to heal the scars of this town on the Danube after shelling from Serb rebels in the war of

Croatian ultra-nationalist mega-gig exposes divided society (1mon) Last month's mega-gig by the ultra-nationalist singer Thompson - the stage name of Marko Perkovic - has dramatically exposed the polarised divisions deep within Croatian society

Croatian ultra-nationalist mega-gig exposes divided society (1mon) Last month's mega-gig by the ultra-nationalist singer Thompson - the stage name of Marko Perkovic - has dramatically exposed the polarised divisions deep within Croatian society

Memorial Unveiled for War Victims From Village Near Vukovar, Croatia

(balkaninsight11mon) The veterans minister joined officials and relatives in honouring dozens of residents of the village of Sotin near Vukovar who were taken away and killed during Croatia's bloody war of independence

Memorial Unveiled for War Victims From Village Near Vukovar, Croatia

(balkaninsight11mon) The veterans minister joined officials and relatives in honouring dozens of residents of the village of Sotin near Vukovar who were taken away and killed during Croatia's bloody war of independence

War victims found in mass grave in Croatia (Yahoo1y) STORY: A grim search is underway in Croatia for the remains of victims killed during war more than three decades ago. Earlier this month, investigators found the remains of 10 people at this garbage

War victims found in mass grave in Croatia (Yahoo1y) STORY: A grim search is underway in Croatia for the remains of victims killed during war more than three decades ago. Earlier this month, investigators found the remains of 10 people at this garbage

Feature - Row over Cyrillic script shows war echoes for Croatia's Serbs (Reuters12y) VUKOVAR, Croatia (Reuters) - The neat, freshly rebuilt houses in Vukovar testify to Croatia's determination to heal the scars of this town on the Danube after shelling from Serb rebels in the war of

Feature - Row over Cyrillic script shows war echoes for Croatia's Serbs (Reuters12y) VUKOVAR, Croatia (Reuters) - The neat, freshly rebuilt houses in Vukovar testify to Croatia's determination to heal the scars of this town on the Danube after shelling from Serb rebels in the war of

Related Articles

- [books on witches and witchcraft](#)
- [worthy book jamie kern lima](#)
- [men in black true](#)

[Back to Home](#)