

positron emission tomography book

positron emission tomography book is a term that encompasses a wide range of resources dedicated to understanding one of the most advanced imaging techniques in modern medicine. Whether you are a medical student, radiologist, nuclear medicine specialist, or researcher, having a comprehensive book on positron emission tomography (PET) can significantly enhance your knowledge, skills, and application of this powerful diagnostic tool. From foundational principles to clinical applications and recent technological advancements, PET books serve as essential references that bridge theory and practice.

Understanding Positron Emission Tomography

What is PET?

Positron Emission Tomography (PET) is a non-invasive imaging modality that provides detailed images of metabolic and physiological processes within the body. Unlike traditional imaging techniques such as CT or MRI, which primarily show anatomy, PET allows clinicians to observe cellular activity and biochemistry, making it invaluable for diagnosing diseases like cancer, neurological disorders, and cardiovascular conditions.

Historical Development of PET

The development of PET technology dates back to the 1950s and 1960s, with significant breakthroughs in the 1970s and 1980s that improved image resolution and tracer development. The evolution of PET has been driven by advances in detector technology, radiotracer synthesis, and computational imaging, transforming it into a routine clinical tool in many medical centers worldwide.

Core Content of a PET Book

Principles of PET Imaging

A comprehensive PET book begins with the fundamental physics:

- Radioactive decay and positron emission
- Principles of coincidence detection

- Image reconstruction algorithms
- Quantitative analysis and standardized uptake values (SUVs)

Understanding these principles is essential for interpreting PET images accurately and troubleshooting technical issues.

Radiotracers and Their Applications

Radiotracers are the cornerstone of PET imaging. A typical PET book offers detailed descriptions of various tracers:

1. **Fluorodeoxyglucose (FDG):** The most widely used tracer for oncology, neurology, and cardiology.
2. **Other tracers:** Such as amino acids (e.g., FET), neuroreceptor ligands, and hypoxia markers.

It discusses their pharmacokinetics, biodistribution, and clinical indications.

Imaging Protocols and Techniques

PET books cover standardized imaging protocols, including:

- Patient preparation and safety considerations
- Tracer administration and timing
- Image acquisition settings
- Attenuation correction and image processing

These protocols ensure high-quality, reproducible results.

Clinical Applications of PET

Oncology

One of the primary uses of PET is in cancer detection, staging, and monitoring. A PET book elucidates:

- Detection of primary and metastatic tumors

- Assessing treatment response
- Guiding biopsy and surgical planning

FDG-PET has revolutionized oncology by enabling whole-body imaging of metabolic activity, often before structural changes are visible.

Neurology

In neurology, PET is invaluable for:

- Alzheimer's disease and other dementias
- Epilepsy localization
- Parkinson's disease and movement disorders
- Neuroreceptor mapping

The book explains how different tracers can help differentiate between various neurological conditions.

Cardiology

PET's role in cardiology includes:

- Myocardial perfusion imaging
- Viability assessment in ischemic heart disease
- Metabolic imaging to evaluate myocardial metabolism

This section highlights protocols for cardiac PET and interpretation criteria.

Technological Advances and Future Directions

Hybrid Imaging Systems

Modern PET/CT and PET/MRI systems combine metabolic and anatomical imaging, enhancing diagnostic accuracy. A PET book discusses:

- Advantages over standalone PET

- Technical considerations in hybrid imaging
- Clinical applications and emerging trends

Novel Radiotracers and Imaging Agents

Research continues into new tracers targeting specific molecules, receptors, and metabolic pathways. Chapters often explore:

- Development of tracers for immune response
- Theranostic agents combining therapy and diagnostics
- Challenges in tracer synthesis and regulation

Artificial Intelligence and Quantitative Imaging

The integration of AI into PET imaging aims to improve image reconstruction, quantification, and interpretation. A PET book might cover:

- Machine learning algorithms for lesion detection
- Automated segmentation and reporting
- Data management and big data analytics in nuclear medicine

Choosing the Right PET Book

For Beginners

Look for books that explain fundamental physics, basic principles, and clinical applications without excessive technical jargon.

For Advanced Practitioners

Select resources that delve into detailed protocols, radiotracer chemistry, and cutting-edge research.

Recommended Titles

Some of the most respected PET books include:

- *Positron Emission Tomography: Basic Sciences* by Peter E. Valk
- *Introduction to PET Imaging* by Peter S. Conti
- *Principles and Practice of PET and PET/CT* by Richard L. Wahl and James R. Murray

Conclusion

A **positron emission tomography book** is an indispensable resource for anyone involved in the field of nuclear medicine and medical imaging. It provides a comprehensive overview of the scientific principles, technological innovations, clinical applications, and future trends of PET. Whether you're seeking foundational knowledge or advanced insights, the right PET book can serve as a guide throughout your professional journey, helping you harness the full potential of this remarkable imaging modality to improve patient care and advance medical research.

Frequently Asked Questions

What topics should a comprehensive PET scan book cover for beginners?

A beginner-friendly PET scan book should cover the fundamental principles of positron emission tomography, image acquisition techniques, clinical applications, interpretation of PET images, and safety considerations.

Are there recommended textbooks or reference books for learning about PET imaging?

Yes, popular books include 'Positron Emission Tomography: Basic Science and Clinical Practice' by Peter E. Valk, and 'Molecular Imaging: Principles and Practice' which provide in-depth knowledge on PET technology and clinical applications.

What are the latest advancements in PET imaging discussed in recent books?

Recent books highlight advancements such as hybrid PET/CT and PET/MRI systems, novel radiotracers for specific diseases, quantitative imaging

techniques, and developments in artificial intelligence for image analysis.

Can a PET book help radiology residents improve their diagnostic skills?

Absolutely. A well-structured PET book offers case studies, image interpretation guidelines, and clinical correlations that enhance residents' understanding and diagnostic accuracy in nuclear medicine.

Is there a specialized book on radiotracers used in PET imaging?

Yes, books like 'Radiotracers for PET and SPECT' provide detailed information on various radiotracers, their synthesis, biodistribution, and specific clinical uses in PET imaging.

Additional Resources

Positron Emission Tomography Book: A Comprehensive Guide to Understanding and Utilizing PET Imaging Literature

In the rapidly advancing field of medical imaging, positron emission tomography (PET) stands out as a transformative technology, offering unparalleled insights into physiological and biochemical processes within the human body. As the discipline continues to evolve, so too does the wealth of knowledge encapsulated in specialized literature. The positron emission tomography book has become an essential resource for clinicians, researchers, radiologists, and students seeking to deepen their understanding of PET technology, its applications, and recent innovations. This article explores the significance, content, and importance of PET books, providing a detailed overview of what these texts offer and why they are indispensable in the modern medical landscape.

The Role of Books in PET Education and Practice

Why Are Specialized Books on PET Important?

Positron emission tomography is a complex modality that integrates physics, chemistry, biology, and clinical medicine. Mastering its nuances requires comprehensive, authoritative resources. Books dedicated to PET serve several key functions:

- **Educational Foundation:** They provide foundational knowledge for newcomers and students entering nuclear medicine, radiology, or biomedical engineering.
- **Clinical Guidance:** For practicing clinicians, PET books offer protocols, case studies, and interpretation guidelines essential to accurate diagnosis.

- Research and Innovation: Researchers benefit from detailed discussions of radiotracers, imaging techniques, and emerging technologies.
- Standardization: Texts often include consensus guidelines and best practices, promoting consistency across institutions.

In essence, PET books are bridges between theory and practice, enabling professionals to harness the full potential of this imaging modality.

Core Content of a Positron Emission Tomography Book

Fundamental Principles and Physics

A typical PET book begins with an in-depth exploration of the physical principles underpinning the technology:

- Radioactive Decay and Positron Emission: Explanation of how radionuclides decay, emitting positrons.
- Positron Annihilation and Gamma Ray Production: Detailing the process where emitted positrons annihilate with electrons, producing gamma photons detectable by the scanner.
- Detection Systems: Overview of scintillation detectors, photomultiplier tubes, and modern solid-state detectors.
- Image Reconstruction Algorithms: Techniques such as filtered back projection and iterative methods, vital for generating clear images.

Understanding these basics is crucial for interpreting images accurately and troubleshooting technical issues.

Radiotracers and Pharmacokinetics

Another core component covers the chemistry and biology of radiotracers:

- Common PET Radiotracers: Such as Fluorodeoxyglucose (FDG), Oxygen-15, Nitrogen-13, and Copper isotopes.
- Tracer Development: Principles behind designing tracers that target specific biological pathways.
- Pharmacokinetics: How tracers distribute, metabolize, and clear from the body, influencing image timing and interpretation.
- Radiotracer Production: Methods for synthesizing and quality controlling radiotracers, often detailed in dedicated chapters.

This section is essential for understanding how PET images reflect underlying physiological processes.

Clinical Applications and Procedures

PET books extensively cover the myriad ways PET imaging is used in medicine:

- Oncology: Tumor detection, staging, treatment response assessment.

- Neurology: Alzheimer's disease, epilepsy, neurodegenerative disorders.
- Cardiology: Myocardial perfusion, viability studies.
- Infectious Diseases: Localization of infections and inflammatory processes.

They typically include:

- Imaging Protocols: Patient preparation, radiotracer dosing, acquisition parameters.
- Interpretation Skills: Differentiating benign from malignant lesions, recognizing artifacts.
- Case Studies: Real-world examples illustrating typical findings and pitfalls.

Hybrid Imaging and Technological Advances

Modern PET imaging often involves hybrid modalities, particularly PET/CT and PET/MRI:

- PET/CT: Combines metabolic and anatomical data for precise localization.
- PET/MRI: Offers superior soft tissue contrast, useful in neuro and pediatric imaging.

Books dedicated to PET regularly discuss:

- Fusion Techniques: Image registration and correction methods.
- Advantages and Limitations: Of each modality, guiding modality selection.
- Emerging Technologies: Total-body PET scanners, time-of-flight (TOF) imaging, and novel radiotracers.

Navigating a PET Book: Structure and Features

Typical Layout and Design

A well-structured PET book often includes:

- Introductory Chapters: Covering basic physics and history.
- Technical Sections: Detailing hardware, software, and image processing.
- Clinical Chapters: Focused on specific applications and case examples.
- Appendices and Guidelines: Providing protocols, safety standards, and regulatory considerations.

Visual aids such as diagrams, flowcharts, and high-resolution images enhance comprehension.

Supplementary Resources

Modern PET books often supplement traditional chapters with:

- Online Material: Video tutorials, interactive quizzes, and image

repositories.

- Software Demonstrations: Tutorials on image reconstruction and analysis tools.
- Updated Editions: Reflecting latest research, guidelines, and technological innovations.

These resources help readers stay current and develop practical skills.

The Evolution and Future Directions of PET Literature

Historical Development of PET Books

Early PET texts focused primarily on physics and basic principles. Over time, as clinical applications expanded, books incorporated more case-based content and guidelines. The rise of hybrid imaging modalities and novel radiotracers spurred the development of specialized chapters, making PET literature increasingly comprehensive.

Emerging Topics in PET Literature

The future of PET books is geared toward integrating cutting-edge research:

- Total-Body PET: Explores the potential of whole-body imaging for rapid, high-sensitivity scans.
- Artificial Intelligence: Incorporating machine learning algorithms for image reconstruction and diagnosis.
- Personalized Medicine: Using PET to tailor treatments based on metabolic and molecular profiles.
- Radiomics and Quantitative Imaging: Extracting detailed data from scans for predictive analytics.

As these innovations unfold, PET books will evolve to include new chapters, methodologies, and clinical insights.

Choosing the Right PET Book: Factors to Consider

For students, clinicians, or researchers selecting a PET book, consider:

- Target Audience: Introductory texts for newcomers versus advanced, research-focused volumes.
- Scope and Depth: Whether the book covers physics, clinical applications, or technical innovations.
- Author Expertise: Reputable authors with clinical and research experience.
- Update Frequency: Editions that reflect the latest standards and technologies.
- Supplementary Materials: Availability of online resources, case studies, and practical guides.

A well-chosen PET book can serve as a lifelong reference, supporting continuous learning and clinical excellence.

Conclusion

The positron emission tomography book remains a cornerstone resource in the field of medical imaging. Its comprehensive coverage—from fundamental physics to advanced clinical applications—empowers practitioners to utilize PET technology effectively. As innovations continue to shape the future of molecular imaging, these books will adapt, incorporating new radiotracers, hybrid modalities, and computational techniques. For anyone involved in PET—from students to seasoned radiologists—a dedicated, authoritative book is an invaluable guide in navigating this complex, exciting domain. Investing in the right literature not only enhances understanding but ultimately improves patient care through more accurate diagnoses and innovative treatments.

[Positron Emission Tomography Book](#)

positron emission tomography book: Positron Emission Tomography Dale L. Bailey, David W. Townsend, Peter E. Valk, Michael N. Maisey, 2005-07-04 Essential for students, science and medical graduates who want to understand the basic science of Positron Emission Tomography (PET), this book describes the physics, chemistry, technology and overview of the clinical uses behind the science of PET and the imaging techniques it uses. In recent years, PET has moved from high-end research imaging tool used by the highly specialized to an essential component of clinical evaluation in the clinic, especially in cancer management. Previously being the realm of scientists, this book explains PET instrumentation, radiochemistry, PET data acquisition and image formation, integration of structural and functional images, radiation dosimetry and protection, and applications in dedicated areas such as drug development, oncology, and gene expression imaging. The technologist, the science, engineering or chemistry graduate seeking further detailed information about PET, or the medical advanced trainee wishing to gain insight into the basic science of PET will find this book invaluable. This book is primarily repackaged content from the Basic Science section of the 'big' Valk book on PET. It contains new, completely revised and unchanged chapters covering the basic sciences section of the main book - total 18 chapters: 2 new (chapters 1, 16) 8 completely revised (chapters 4, 5, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18) 3 minor corrections (chapters 2, 6, 11) 5 unchanged (chapters 3, 7, 9, 10, 12)

positron emission tomography book: Emission Tomography Miles N. Wernick, John N. Aarsvold, 2004-12-07 PET and SPECT are two of today's most important medical-imaging methods, providing images that reveal subtle information about physiological processes in humans and animals. Emission Tomography: The Fundamentals of PET and SPECT explains the physics and engineering principles of these important functional-imaging methods. The technology of emission tomography is covered in detail, including historical origins, scientific and mathematical foundations, imaging systems and their components, image reconstruction and analysis, simulation techniques, and clinical and laboratory applications. The book describes the state of the art of emission tomography, including all facets of conventional SPECT and PET, as well as contemporary topics such as iterative image reconstruction, small-animal imaging, and PET/CT systems. This book is intended as a textbook and reference resource for graduate students, researchers, medical

physicists, biomedical engineers, and professional engineers and physicists in the medical-imaging industry. Thorough tutorials of fundamental and advanced topics are presented by dozens of the leading researchers in PET and SPECT. SPECT has long been a mainstay of clinical imaging, and PET is now one of the world's fastest growing medical imaging techniques, owing to its dramatic contributions to cancer imaging and other applications. Emission Tomography: The Fundamentals of PET and SPECT is an essential resource for understanding the technology of SPECT and PET, the most widely used forms of molecular imaging.*Contains thorough tutorial treatments, coupled with coverage of advanced topics*Three of the four holders of the prestigious Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Medical Imaging Scientist Award are chapter contributors*Include color artwork

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positron emission tomography book: Positron Emission Tomography Peter E. Valk, Dominique Delbeke, Dale L. Bailey, David W. Townsend, Michael N. Maisey, 2006-10-16 This book provides a contemporary reference to the science, technology and clinical applications of PET and PET/CT. The book is designed to be used by residents and fellows training in medical imaging specialties as well as imaging experts in private or academic practice who need to become familiar with this technology and its applications. It is also for use by those whose specialties carry over to PET and PET/CT, referring physicians such as oncologists, cardiologists, neurologists and surgeons. Developed as an offshoot/update of the clinical practice portion of the main book, edited by PE Valk et al, published in 2003 (Positron Emission Tomography: basic science and clinical practice), this offshoot covers the second half of the main book only, dealing with mainly the clinical research and practice. Most of the book comprises chapters updated from the Clinical practice portion of the main Valk book. It contains 6 brand new chapters and 22 completely revised and updated chapters from the main Valk book.

positron emission tomography book: Principles and Practice of Positron Emission Tomography Richard L. Wahl, 2002-01 Written by the best-known authority in positron emission tomography (PET), this comprehensive text is the first definitive reference in the field in almost twenty years. The book thoroughly explains the principles, clinical applications, and economic aspects of positron emission tomography today, enabling readers to make well-informed cost/benefit decisions and use PET as an effective diagnostic tool. Coverage includes extensive discussions of current oncologic, neurologic, psychiatric, and cardiac applications. An entire section gives readers a preview of emerging applications of PET in gene therapy, nephrology, pediatrics, infection/inflammation imaging, skeletal imaging, and pulmonary medicine. An appendix provides specific protocols for clinical PET imaging.

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positron emission tomography book: Positron Emission Tomography Timothy H. Witney, Adam J. Shuhendler, 2023-11-25 This detailed volume explores key concepts and experimental design related to Positron Emission Tomography (PET) imaging that have revolutionized our understanding of human biology. The first part focuses on recent advances in radiotracer probe development to enable the detection of materials, from large macromolecules to complicated drug-like structures. The next section describes how key physiological and pathophysiological processes can be interrogated and quantifiably measured with this imaging technique. Finally, chapters examine important technological developments in the field that are revolutionizing the way these innovative PET probes are utilized in the clinic. Written for the highly successful Methods in Molecular Biology series, chapters include introductions to their respective topics, lists of the necessary materials and reagents, step-by-step and readily reproducible laboratory protocols, as well as tips on troubleshooting and avoiding known pitfalls. Authoritative and practical, Positron Emission Tomography: Methods and Protocols serves as an ideal guide for researchers looking to

use imaging to revolutionize the way we diagnose and treat disease.

positron emission tomography book: *Handbook of Positron Emission Tomography* Steven Gray, 2015-01-06 Extensive information regarding the field of Positron Emission Tomography (PET) has been presented in this profound book. The aim of this book is to describe the technical basis and clinical applications of positron emission tomography, and their current

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positron emission tomography book: *Positron Emission Tomography* Birendra Kishore Das, 2014-12-04 This book provides basic information about the relatively new and evolving technology -positron emission tomography- for its clinical applications and practical guidance for the referring physicians. Chapters cover application of PET in various clinical settings including oncology, cardiology, and neurology with a focus on role in various cancers. Because most of the new PET equipments come as hybrid machines with CT or MRI, two chapters have been included at the end of the book to provide basic and comprehensive information about these two technologies. Molecular imaging is going to revolutionize the way we practice medicine in the future. It will lead to more accurate diagnosis of diseases and its extent which will lead to better management and better outcomes. In the history of medicine no imaging modality has ever become so popular for use in such a short time as has the PET technology. PET imaging is mostly used in oncology, neurology and cardiology but also finds application in other situations such as infection imaging. The main focus, of course, is in management of cancer patients. PET (PET-CT) is not only very sensitive as it can detect changes in abnormal biochemical processes at cellular level but in one go all such areas can be detected in a whole body scan. It can show response to therapy, eradication of the disease or recurrence during the follow-up period. One of the main differences between a PET scan and other imaging tests like CT scan or MRI is that the PET scan reveals the cellular level metabolic changes occurring in an organ or tissue. This is important and unique because disease processes begin with functional changes at the cellular level. A PET scan can detect these very early changes whereas a CT or MRI detect changes much later as the disease begins to cause changes in the structure of organs or tissues. Some cancers, especially lymphoma or cancers of the head and neck, brain, lung, colon, or prostate, in very early stage may show up more clearly on a PET scan than on a CT scan or an MRI. A PET scan can measure such vital functions as blood flow, oxygen use, and glucose metabolism, which can help to evaluate the effectiveness of a patient's treatment plan, allowing the course of care to be adjusted if necessary. Apart from its vital role in oncology it can estimate brain's blood flow and metabolic activity. A PET scan can help finding nervous system problems, such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis, transient ischemic attack (TIA), amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Huntington's disease, stroke, and schizophrenia. It can find changes in the brain that may cause epilepsy. PET scan is also increasingly being used to find poor blood flow to the heart, which may mean coronary artery disease. It can most accurately estimate the extent of damage to the heart tissue especially after a heart attack and help choose the best treatment, such as coronary artery bypass graft surgery, stenting or medical treatment. It can also contribute significantly in identifying areas exactly where radiotherapy is to be targeted avoiding unnecessary radiation exposure to surrounding tissue.

positron emission tomography book: Evidence-based Positron Emission Tomography Giorgio Treglia, Luca Giovannella, 2020-06-18 This open access book summarizes the findings of recent evidence-based articles (meta-analyses) on the use of positron emission tomography (PET) for various clinical indications. It is divided into five main sections, starting with an introduction to PET and meta-analysis. In turn, the second part addresses evidence-based PET in oncology, providing a broad overview of its use for different types of tumours. The remaining sections are focused on the use of PET in cardiology, in infectious and inflammatory diseases, and in neurology, respectively. Given its scope and the wealth of information it provides, the book will be an invaluable tool for clinicians with various specialties, as well as international scientific societies interested to the recent evidence-based data about PET.

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positron emission tomography book: Atlas of Clinical Positron Emission Tomography R. Wahl, S. Barrington, M. Maisey, 1999-07-30 Positron Emission Tomography (PET) is a rapidly developing subspecialty of nuclear medicine which, in a very short space of time, has been shown to have a significant impact on patient management. This comprehensive and up-to-date clinical atlas arises out of the combined experience from two leading PET centres during the formative years of clinical application. It is presented as a series of 'mini-lectures', illustrated by real-life case studies, clear concise teaching points and directions for further reading. In each section the authors have identified the key management issues in which clinical PET imaging can be used to good effect, selecting high-quality PET images to illustrate each important application, most especially in the field of oncology, but also in cardiology, neurology and psychiatry. They offer relevant clinical information on epidemiology, pathology and (in the case of cancer) staging methods in the chapter introductions. For each area of application, tabulated summaries of current clinical indications for PET scans and suggested algorithms are provided.

positron emission tomography book: Cardiac Positron Emission Tomography Markus Schwaiger, 1995-12-01

positron emission tomography book: Pediatric PET Imaging Martin Charron, 2006-11-22 Positron emission tomography (PET) has been at the forefront of functional and molecular imaging for a number of years. The future of diagnostic imaging depends upon the ability to change from imaging anatomy to examining the processes at work in the body. The fact that there are now monographs examining particular aspects of PET, such as this book on the examination of children, speaks to the newly won maturity of PET. The authors are to be congratulated for the timely appearance of this volume. In recent years, PET has transformed the contributions of nuclear medicine to the diagnosis, staging, and follow-up of patients with cancer. Children with cancer deserve the very best and most compassionate care that society can provide. Ultimately the greatest compassion we can offer as physicians is to provide the best possible care. Those charged with creating public policy in the context of diagnostic medicine must make common cause with physicians and other scientists to ensure that that best possible care is realized at the bedside. All of the evidence suggests that PET is central to such optimal cancer care. In addition to the distinguished cast of physicians and researchers who contributed to this book, I welcome the contributions from technologists who are a

key part of the interaction between the diagnostic process and the sick or potentially sick child. Good care is contingent upon putting parents and child at ease, and the technologist has a lead role in this.

positron emission tomography book: *Cardiac Positron Emission Tomography* Markus Schwaiger, 2012-12-06 It is the mark of an instructed mind to rest satisfied with the degree of precision which the nature of the subject admits, and not to seek exactness where only an approximation of the truth is possible. Aristotle With the development of imaging techniques, the in vivo study of human anatomy and physiology has become possible with increasing approximation of the truth. Advances have been made not only in data acquisition, but also in processing as well as visualization of functional and morphological data. Following the successful application of planar two-dimensional imaging approaches, more recently three-dimensional data acquisition and corresponding tomographic image reconstruction has become possible. With the rapid growth of computer support, advanced processing allows for user-friendly interaction with complex data sets. Classical x-ray imaging techniques have matured to excellent spatial resolution and contrast, which provide specific delineation of anatomical changes occurring in cardiovascular disease. In parallel, the use of tracer principles supported the successful introduction of nuclear medicine procedures for the functional characterization of physiology and pathophysiology. The application of such techniques were initially limited by relatively poor spatial resolution, but excelled in high sensitivity. 30 years, scintigraphic imaging emerged from and specificity. In the last rectilinear scanning to planar gamma camera imaging and single-photon xvi Preface emISSIO n tomography (SPECT). Based on these advances and the experimental success of autoradiography, the potential of scintigraphy as a clinical and research tool has been well appreciated.

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