

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger

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The figure of Henry Kissinger remains one of the most controversial and debated personalities in modern political history. As a pivotal architect of U.S. foreign policy from the late 1960s through the 1970s, Kissinger's actions have been scrutinized for their ethical implications, strategic efficacy, and human cost. The British-American author and journalist Christopher Hitchens, renowned for his sharp wit, rigorous analysis, and unwavering commitment to moral accountability, became one of the most vocal critics of Kissinger. His relentless pursuit of justice and truth culminated in a metaphorical "trial" of Kissinger's legacy, where he examined allegations of war crimes, complicity in atrocities, and violations of international law. This article explores the intricate debate surrounding Henry Kissinger's actions, Hitchens' role in challenging his legacy, and the broader implications of holding powerful figures accountable for their decisions.

Background: Henry Kissinger's Political Career and Controversies

Early Life and Rise to Power

Henry Kissinger, born in 1923 in Fürth, Germany, emigrated to the United States in 1938 fleeing Nazi persecution. He became a prominent academic and diplomat, eventually serving as National Security Advisor and Secretary of State under Presidents Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford. His strategic approach to Cold War diplomacy, including détente with the Soviet Union and opening relations with China, marked significant shifts in U.S. foreign policy.

Key Policies and Actions

Kissinger's tenure was characterized by several pivotal and contentious policies, such as:

- The Vietnam War: Expansion and sustained bombing campaigns, notably in Cambodia and Laos.
- Chile and Latin America: Support for coups and authoritarian regimes,

including the overthrow of Salvador Allende in Chile.

- East Timor: Tacit approval of Indonesia's invasion and annexation.
- Reconciling with the Soviet Union and China: Strategic diplomacy aimed at Cold War stabilization.

Allegations of War Crimes and Moral Criticism

Critics accuse Kissinger of complicity in numerous atrocities, including:

- The bombing of Cambodia and Laos: Responsible for thousands of civilian deaths.
- Support for Latin American coups: Contributing to repression, torture, and death squads.
- East Timor invasion: Overlooking and tacitly endorsing Indonesian atrocities.

These accusations have fueled calls for accountability, with many labeling him a war criminal.

Christopher Hitchens: The Voice of Moral Accountability

Who Was Christopher Hitchens?

Christopher Hitchens (1949–2011) was a prolific writer, critic, and public intellectual. Known for his provocative style and uncompromising stance on moral and political issues, Hitchens engaged in debates about religion, politics, and ethics. His commitment to truth and justice often placed him at odds with figures he considered morally culpable.

Hitchens' Philosophical and Ethical Approach

Hitchens believed that moral responsibility extended beyond national borders and political expediency. He maintained that individuals in positions of power must be held accountable for their actions, especially when these actions result in human suffering. His approach combined rigorous historical analysis with a moral imperative to confront injustice.

Hitchens' Campaign Against Kissinger

Hitchens publicly condemned Kissinger for what he viewed as crimes against humanity. He argued that Kissinger's policies, especially in Southeast Asia and Latin America, constituted war crimes and moral violations. Hitchens sought to elevate these issues to public consciousness, framing his critique as a moral obligation.

The Trial of Henry Kissinger: A Metaphorical Courtroom

Conceptual Framework of the "Trial"

Hitchens' "trial" of Kissinger was not a formal court proceeding but a moral and intellectual indictment. It aimed to hold Kissinger accountable in the court of public opinion and history, emphasizing ethical responsibility over legal technicalities.

Charges Brought Against Kissinger

Hitchens articulated several key charges, including:

1. War Crimes: Involvement in civilian bombings, massacres, and supporting oppressive regimes.
2. Crimes Against Humanity: Indirect responsibility for deaths, torture, and suffering caused by policies he endorsed.
3. Breach of International Law: Violations of sovereignty, humanitarian law, and the principles of non-intervention.

Evidence and Arguments Presented by Hitchens

Hitchens compiled extensive evidence, including:

- Declassified documents revealing direct involvement.
- Eyewitness testimonies from victims and whistleblowers.
- Historical analysis of policy decisions leading to atrocities.

He argued that Kissinger's actions demonstrated a reckless disregard for human life and dignity.

Key Cases and Incidents Discussed in the “Trial”

The Vietnam War and the Bombing of Cambodia and Laos

Hitchens highlighted the secret and extensive bombing campaigns in Cambodia and Laos, which resulted in massive civilian casualties. He emphasized that these actions violated principles of proportionality and civilian immunity.

The Chilean Coup and Support for Pinochet

Hitchens noted Kissinger’s role in enabling and supporting the military coup that ousted Salvador Allende, leading to a brutal dictatorship under Augusto Pinochet. The subsequent repression, torture, and disappearances were central to the moral indictment.

East Timor Invasion

Hitchens pointed out the U.S. government’s tacit approval of Indonesia’s invasion of East Timor in 1975, which caused thousands of deaths and long-term suffering.

Latin American Repression

Support for paramilitary regimes and death squads in countries like Argentina and Guatemala was also scrutinized.

Counterarguments and Defense of Kissinger

Realpolitik and Strategic Necessity

Supporters argue that Kissinger’s actions were driven by Cold War strategic

interests, aiming to contain Soviet influence and prevent global chaos. They contend that:

- His policies prevented larger conflicts.
- Some atrocities were unintended or collateral damage.

Legal and Moral Debates

Others claim that applying contemporary standards retroactively is unfair, and that Kissinger acted within the context of the geopolitical realities of his time.

Recognition of Achievements

Some point to the diplomatic breakthroughs he facilitated, such as the opening of China, as evidence of his effectiveness.

Implications of the “Trial” and Broader Moral Questions

Accountability of Power

Hitchens’ “trial” raises questions about whether powerful leaders can or should be held morally responsible for their actions, especially in the context of national security and Cold War geopolitics.

Historical Justice

The debate underscores the importance of historical accountability and the need to confront uncomfortable truths about state actions.

Legacy and Memory

The case of Kissinger exemplifies how history judges figures differently based on moral perspectives, political narratives, and societal values.

Modern Relevance

The discussion remains pertinent today as new allegations of misconduct surface against contemporary leaders, emphasizing the ongoing debate about justice and morality in international affairs.

Conclusion: The Moral Legacy of Christopher Hitchens' Campaign

Christopher Hitchens' "trial" of Henry Kissinger epitomizes the enduring struggle to hold powerful individuals accountable for their actions, especially when those actions cause widespread human suffering. While legal avenues for prosecuting former statesmen are often limited due to political considerations, moral and public accountability remain vital. Hitchens believed that moral clarity and historical truth are essential in ensuring justice, regardless of political consequences. His relentless critique of Kissinger serves as a reminder that moral responsibility does not expire with time and that silence or apathy in the face of injustice only perpetuates cycles of violence and impunity. Ultimately, the "trial" symbolizes the ongoing quest to confront uncomfortable truths and uphold the principles of human dignity in international affairs.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main focus of Christopher Hitchens's book 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger'?

The book critically examines Henry Kissinger's role in various controversial foreign policies and war crimes, accusing him of complicity in atrocities such as the Vietnam War and other human rights abuses.

How does Christopher Hitchens portray Henry Kissinger in his book?

Hitchens portrays Kissinger as a morally culpable figure responsible for numerous war crimes and unethical decisions, framing his actions as a betrayal of ethical and diplomatic principles.

Why has 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger' gained

popularity among readers interested in politics and human rights?

The book's in-depth critique of a prominent political figure and its exploration of issues like war crimes, diplomacy, and accountability resonate with audiences concerned about justice and historical accountability.

What impact did Christopher Hitchens aim to achieve with 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger'?

Hitchens sought to hold Kissinger accountable for alleged war crimes, raise awareness about the ethical implications of foreign policy decisions, and provoke public discourse on justice and historical responsibility.

Has 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger' faced any controversy or criticism?

Yes, critics have debated the book's arguments and evidence, with some questioning the accuracy of certain claims, but it remains influential in discussions about Kissinger's legacy.

In what ways does Hitchens's writing style contribute to the impact of 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger'?

Hitchens's combative, articulate, and well-researched writing style amplifies the book's persuasive power, engaging readers and emphasizing the moral urgency of holding powerful figures accountable.

How does Christopher Hitchens connect 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger' to broader debates about justice and impunity?

He uses the book to highlight issues of accountability for political leaders involved in war crimes, raising questions about whether justice is achievable for those in positions of power.

What relevance does 'The Trial of Henry Kissinger' have in today's discussions on human rights and international law?

The book remains relevant as it encourages ongoing dialogue about the importance of justice for state-sponsored atrocities and the need to scrutinize the actions of global leaders.

Additional Resources

Christopher Hitchens and the Trial of Henry Kissinger: An In-Depth Analysis

The name Christopher Hitchens is synonymous with sharp wit, unrelenting criticism, and a profound commitment to intellectual rigor. Among the many topics he passionately dissected, few were as contentious and complex as the legacy of Henry Kissinger, the former U.S. Secretary of State and National Security Advisor. Hitchens's advocacy for bringing Kissinger to account—culminating in the symbolic "trial" of the diplomat—serves as a compelling case study in the intersection of journalism, morality, and international politics. This article explores the nuances of Hitchens's crusade against Kissinger, the context of the trial, and the broader implications for accountability in foreign policy.

Understanding Christopher Hitchens: The Man Behind the Critique

Who Was Christopher Hitchens?

Christopher Hitchens (1949–2011) was a British-American author, journalist, and public intellectual renowned for his erudition, provocative style, and fearless debates. His body of work spans politics, religion, literature, and international affairs. A former Marxist turned outspoken critic of religion, Hitchens's ideological journey was marked by a relentless pursuit of truth and justice, often challenging popular narratives and authority figures.

Hitchens's charisma and incisive arguments made him a polarizing figure—adored by many for his clarity and honesty, and despised by others for his confrontational stance. His writings, particularly in books like *God Is Not Great* and *The Trial of Henry Kissinger*, exemplify his capacity to combine rigorous research with compelling rhetoric.

The Significance of Hitchens's Advocacy

Hitchens's commitment to holding powerful figures accountable was rooted in his moral convictions. His critique of Kissinger was not merely about policy disagreements but centered on allegations of war crimes, covert operations, and human rights abuses. Hitchens believed that history demanded justice, and he used his platform to elevate these issues into public consciousness.

The Context of the Trial: Why Henry Kissinger?

Henry Kissinger's Political Legacy

Henry Kissinger served as National Security Advisor from 1969 to 1975 and as Secretary of State from 1973 to 1977 under Presidents Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford. His tenure was marked by pivotal events:

- The Vietnam War and the expansion of U.S. military intervention.
- The clandestine bombing campaigns in Cambodia and Laos.
- The Chilean coup d'état in 1973, which led to Pinochet's dictatorship.
- Realpolitik diplomacy that prioritized strategic interests over human rights.

Kissinger's role in these events garnered both praise for strategic acumen and condemnation for ethical breaches. Critics accuse him of complicity in war crimes, support for authoritarian regimes, and covert operations that resulted in countless civilian casualties.

The Emergence of Allegations and Calls for Justice

Over decades, evidence and testimonies suggested that Kissinger's policies contributed to atrocities. Human rights organizations, scholars, and activists argued that his actions warranted legal scrutiny. While no international court formally charged him, symbolic trials and public condemnations became tools for moral reckoning.

Hitchens, among others, viewed Kissinger's role as emblematic of the impunity often granted to powerful figures in foreign policy. For Hitchens, this was an urgent moral issue—one that demanded public exposure and moral judgment.

The "Trial" of Henry Kissinger: Concept and Reality

The Symbolic Nature of the Trial

In 2001, Christopher Hitchens organized what he called a "trial" of Henry Kissinger in New York City. This was not a legal proceeding but a symbolic event designed to hold Kissinger accountable in the court of public opinion.

and moral conscience. The event aimed to:

- Present evidence of alleged war crimes.
- Critically evaluate Kissinger's policies.
- Offer a moral judgment that transcended legal technicalities.

The trial involved a jury composed of journalists, activists, academics, and intellectuals who listened to testimonies, examined evidence, and delivered a verdict—despite the absence of formal legal authority.

The Proceedings and Arguments

The trial featured testimonies from witnesses, including victims' families, experts, and historians. Hitchens's presentation was meticulous, citing declassified documents, eyewitness accounts, and scholarly analyses. The core charges included:

- Complicity in genocides and civilian massacres.
- Support for oppressive regimes and authoritarian rulers.
- Covert operations that resulted in widespread suffering.

Hitchens argued that Kissinger's actions violated fundamental moral principles and that impunity in such cases perpetuates a cycle of violence.

Impact and Reception

Although the trial was symbolic, it drew significant media attention and sparked debates about justice, accountability, and the legacy of U.S. foreign policy. Critics questioned whether a non-legal event could have meaningful impact, but supporters argued it served as a moral rebuke and educational tool.

Some viewed the trial as a necessary step to confront historical injustices committed by powerful statesmen, while others dismissed it as political theater. Nonetheless, it succeeded in elevating the discussion around war crimes and moral responsibility.

Analysis of Hitchens's Arguments and Evidence

The Strengths of Hitchens's Case

Hitchens's meticulous research and passionate rhetoric lent credibility to his claims. His use of declassified documents and testimonies revealed a pattern of strategic and often morally questionable decisions by Kissinger. Key strengths included:

- Documented Evidence: Hitchens drew from CIA files, diplomatic cables, and testimonies to substantiate allegations.
- Moral Clarity: He framed the debate around human rights and moral responsibility rather than geopolitics alone.
- Public Engagement: His ability to communicate complex issues compellingly mobilized public opinion.

The Criticisms and Limitations

Despite his thorough approach, critics argued that:

- The event lacked legal legitimacy, reducing it to moral posturing.
- The charges, while serious, were difficult to prove definitively in a court of law.
- Some questioned whether the event risked oversimplifying complex geopolitical realities.

Hitchens responded by emphasizing the importance of moral judgment outside the legal system, especially when justice is elusive.

The Broader Implications

Hitchens's trial exemplifies the challenge of achieving accountability for state actions. It highlights the tension between legal processes and moral imperatives. The event also underscores the enduring debate over whether states and their leaders should be held morally responsible for their actions, regardless of legal statutes or international jurisdiction.

The Legacy of Hitchens's Campaign and the Ongoing Debate

Impact on Public Discourse

Hitchens's advocacy invigorated discussions about human rights, justice, and the legacy of Cold War geopolitics. It prompted many to reconsider the

morality of U.S. foreign policy and the importance of holding leaders accountable.

Legal and Political Challenges

Despite the symbolic nature of the trial, actual legal proceedings against Kissinger have never materialized. Political considerations, diplomatic immunity, and the complexities of international law have impeded formal justice. This raises questions about the efficacy of moral campaigns in effecting legal accountability.

The Continuing Relevance

The debate surrounding Kissinger remains relevant today, especially as new allegations of misconduct and war crimes emerge in various conflicts. The Hitchens-led trial serves as a reminder that moral judgment and historical accountability are vital components of a just society.

Conclusion: The Moral Call to Action

The efforts of Christopher Hitchens to scrutinize and symbolically prosecute Henry Kissinger exemplify the enduring human quest for justice amid the often opaque realm of international diplomacy. While legal avenues may be limited, moral and public accountability remain essential in confronting the darker chapters of history. Hitchens's work challenges us to consider the responsibilities of power and the importance of moral clarity in shaping a more just world.

In the end, the "trial" of Henry Kissinger is more than a symbolic act; it is a call to remember, reflect, and act against injustices committed by those who wield great influence. It underscores the necessity for vigilance, moral courage, and the ongoing struggle to ensure that history does not repeat its darkest deeds without consequence.

[Christopher Hitchens The Trial Of Henry Kissinger](#)

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: The Trial of Henry Kissinger Christopher Hitchens, 2001 In this incendiary book, Hitchens takes the floor as prosecuting counsel and mounts a devastating indictment of Henry Kissinger, whose ambitions and ruthlessness have directly resulted in both individual murders and widespread, indiscriminate slaughter.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: SUMMARY - The Trial of Henry Kissinger by Christopher Hitchen Shortcut Edition, 2021-05-29 * Our summary is short, simple and pragmatic. It allows you to have the essential ideas of a big book in less than 30 minutes. *As you read this summary, you will discover how Henry Kissinger, Nixon's Secretary of State and a respected adviser around the world, was the instigator of numerous massacres, kidnappings, torture and other misdeeds of all kinds. Christopher Hitchens, an English author and journalist, reveals the evidence to support how the eminent gray eminence of American presidents pulled the strings of unscrupulous diplomacy from 1968 to 1977. *You will also discover that : Henry Kissinger led diplomatic actions in support of several dictatorships responsible for large-scale genocides; The United States prioritized its national interest and Realpolitik in the resolution of conflicts in Indochina, Bangladesh, Cyprus and East Timor; Henry Kissinger remains an indisputable specialist in so-called two-track secret diplomacy, which he uses both to serve his country and his own interests; If applied, international criminal law would bring about the downfall not only of the former Secretary of State, but also of entire sections of the American executive branch in the 1970s. *It is a real charge against Kissinger, backed up by excerpts from memoranda and telegrams, that Christopher Hitchens is making. So much so that with all the written evidence available and all that is yet to come, it is incomprehensible that a Secretary of State of the world's greatest power could have carried out such actions with impunity. Six cases have been sifted through, those in which Kissinger holds significant responsibility and which have led many innocent people to their deaths in the name of reason of state. *Buy now the summary of this book for the modest price of a cup of coffee!

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: The WikiLeaks Files WikiLeaks, 2015-08-25 WikiLeaks came to prominence in 2010 with the release of 251,287 top-secret State Department cables, which revealed to the world what the US government really thinks about national leaders, friendly dictators, and supposed allies. It brought to the surface the dark truths of crimes committed in our name: human rights violations, covert operations, and cover-ups. The WikiLeaks Files exposes the machinations of the United States as it imposes a new form of imperialism on the world, one founded on tactics from torture to military action, to trade deals and soft power, in the perpetual pursuit of expanding influence. The book also includes an introduction by Julian Assange examining the ongoing debates about freedom of information, international surveillance, and justice. An introduction by Julian Assange-writing on the subject for the first time-exposes the ongoing debates about freedom of information, international surveillance, and justice.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: RIEPILOGO - The Trial Of Henry Kissinger / Il processo a Henry Kissinger di Christopher Hitchen Shortcut Edition, Leggendo questo riassunto, scoprirete come Henry Kissinger, Segretario di Stato di Nixon e stimato consigliere in tutto il mondo, sia stato il mandante di numerosi massacri, rapimenti, torture e altri misfatti di ogni genere. Christopher Hitchens, scrittore e giornalista inglese, rivela le prove a sostegno di come l'eminenza grigia dei presidenti americani abbia tirato le fila di una diplomazia senza scrupoli dal 1968 al 1977. Scoprirete anche che : Henry Kissinger ha condotto azioni diplomatiche a sostegno di diverse dittature responsabili di genocidi su larga scala; gli Stati Uniti hanno dato priorità al loro interesse nazionale e alla Realpolitik nella risoluzione dei conflitti in Indocina, Bangladesh, Cipro e Timor Est; Henry Kissinger rimane un indiscusso specialista della cosiddetta diplomazia segreta a due binari, che utilizza sia per servire il proprio Paese che i propri interessi; Se applicato, il diritto penale internazionale porterebbe alla caduta non solo dell'ex Segretario di Stato, ma anche di interi settori dell'esecutivo americano degli anni Settanta. È un'accusa reale quella che Christopher Hitchens rivolge a Kissinger, supportata da estratti di memorandum e telegrammi. Tanto che, con tutte le prove scritte disponibili e con quelle che ancora devono arrivare, è incomprensibile che un Segretario di Stato della più grande potenza mondiale abbia potuto compiere impunemente tali azioni. Sono stati passati al setaccio sei casi, quelli in cui Kissinger ha una responsabilità significativa e che hanno portato molte persone innocenti alla morte

in nome della ragion di Stato.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Henry Kissinger* Jérémie Gallon, 2025-08-28 'Jérémie Gallon's reexamination of Kissinger's life and personality provides vital lessons for twenty-first century Europe' Michel Barnier, former French Prime Minister Jérémie Gallon paints an intriguing portrait of the 'master of Realpolitik', drawing lessons from Henry Kissinger's life and actions to explore the creation of a more coherent and resilient foreign policy, particularly in Europe. Chapters address themes, moments, and characters that shaped Kissinger's career, such as the Harvard years, the centrality of Realpolitik, Jewishness, even football, and his relationships with figures such as Nelson Rockefeller, Richard Nixon, Anwar Sadat, and Zhou Enlai - not to mention his mother Paula. This new English edition includes an additional chapter detailing the author's meeting with Kissinger in Connecticut ten days after Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February 2022. Gallon is as interested in the statesman as he is in the man himself, delving into the more glamorous and intimate aspects of his life, yet making no secret of Kissinger's contradictions and the moral accusations levelled against him.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Censored 2004* Peter Phillips, Project Censored, 2003-10-07 The yearly volumes of *Censored*, in continuous publication since 1976 and since 1995 available through Seven Stories Press, is dedicated to the stories that ought to be top features on the nightly news, but that are missing because of media bias and self-censorship. The top stories are listed democratically in order of importance according to students, faculty, and a national panel of judges. Each of the top stories is presented at length, alongside updates from the investigative reporters who broke the stories.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Kissinger and the Invasion of Cyprus* William Mallinson, 2016-08-17 Can Henry Kissinger be described as a serious statesman who altered the course of relations between states? Or was he a shallow impersonator of those whom he admired, and a geopolitical engineer who treated people as collateral fodder, reducing morality to the status of a strategic and tactical tool? Using the story of Kissinger's behaviour over Cyprus, backed up by recently revealed government documents, many critical, William Mallinson, former diplomat and leading authority on Cyprus' history, provides an incisive analysis and evaluation of Kissinger's approach, revealing a man who appears to have considered political strategy more important than law and ethics.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *The Trial of Henry Kissinger* Christopher Hitchens, 2014-07-01 Drawing on firsthand testimony, previously unpublished documentation and broad sweeps through material released under the Freedom of Information Act, Hitchens mounts a devastating indictment of a man whose ambition and ruthlessness have directly resulted in both individual murders and widespread, indiscriminate slaughter.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Howard Zinn on Democratic Education* Howard Zinn, Donaldo Macedo, 2016-01-08 Perhaps no other historian has had a more profound and revolutionary impact on American education than Howard Zinn. This is the first book devoted to his views on education and its role in a democratic society. *Howard Zinn on Democratic Education* describes what is missing from school textbooks and in classrooms-and how we move beyond these deficiencies to improve student education. Critical skills of citizenship are insufficiently developed in schools, according to Zinn. Textbooks and curricula must be changed to transcend the recitation of received wisdom too common today in schools. In these respects, recent Bush Administration and educational policies of most previous US presidents have been on the wrong track in meeting educational needs. This book seeks to redefine national goals at a time when public debates over education have never been more polarised--nor higher in public visibility and contentious debate. Zinn's essays on education-many never before published--are framed in this book by a dialogue between Zinn and Donaldo Macedo, a distinguished critic of literacy and schooling, whose books with Paulo Freire, Noam Chomsky and other authors have received international acclaim.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Dazed and Confused* Blaine T. Browne,

2023-11-01 While historians have revisited every aspect of America history in the tumultuous 1960s, coverage of the following decade is sparse. As America reflects on the 50th anniversary of the 1970s, Blaine Browne reexamines the decade's major international, political, social, cultural, economic, and intellectual developments, giving special attention to how its developments continue to impact American life. He views the decade as a major transitional era, given the death of many of the promises and hopes of the Sixties, the collapse of the post-World War II consensus, and the uncertainties of a new age in which the America might well not enjoy the preeminent global position it had held for the previous quarter century. Growing fundamental economic challenges, as well as concerns about the viability of the nation's political leadership and democratic institutions added to these anxieties. A general angst permeated national life. Whether readers are reliving the years when they came of age or exploring the 1970s for the first time, *Dazed and Confused* will introduce the topics and cast of characters who defined this pivotal decade in American life.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: A strained partnership? Thomas Robb, 2015-11-01 This electronic version has been made available under a Creative Commons (BY-NC-ND) open access license. This is the first monograph-length study that charts the coercive diplomacy of the administrations of Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford as practised against their British ally in order to persuade Edward Heath's government to follow a more amenable course throughout the 'Year of Europe' and to convince Harold Wilson's governments to lessen the severity of proposed defence cuts. Such diplomacy proved effective against Heath but rather less so against Wilson. It is argued that relations between the two sides were often strained, indeed, to the extent that the most 'special' elements of the relationship, that of intelligence and nuclear co-operation, were suspended. Yet, the relationship also witnessed considerable co-operation. This book offers new perspectives on US and UK policy towards British membership of the European Economic Community; demonstrates how US détente policies created strain in the 'special relationship'; reveals the temporary shutdown of US-UK intelligence and nuclear co-operation; provides new insights in US-UK defence co-operation, and re-evaluates the US-UK relationship throughout the IMF Crisis.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: Nowhere to Hide Michael J. Kelly, 2005 This work tracks two dynamics: the evolution of genocide into an international crime and the erosion of sovereign immunity as a defense to prosecution. Both dynamics meet in the trials of Slobodan Milosevic for the Bosnian genocide at Srebrenica and Saddam Hussein for the Kurdish and Marsh Arab genocides. While one despot meets his fate before an international tribunal, the other will face justice before a domestic court of his own countrymen. Neither can hide behind the shield of sovereignty - dictators now have nowhere to hide.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: Guatemala, the Question of Genocide Elizabeth A. Oglesby, Diane M. Nelson, 2018-12-07 In Guatemala, it was called the trial of the century: the 2013 prosecution of former de facto head of state (1982-1983) General José Efraín Ríos Montt and his intelligence chief, General José Mauricio Rodríguez Sánchez, on charges of genocide and crimes against humanity against the Maya-Ixil people. Ríos Montt's seventeen-month reign was one of the bloodiest periods in Guatemala's history, with scorched earth massacres, the destruction of hundreds of Maya communities, and militarized resettlement of Mayas into model villages. Ríos Montt was convicted on all charges. Ten days later, a higher court vacated the verdict on dubious procedural grounds. Nevertheless, Guatemala's genocide trial, held in the domestic courts in the country where the crimes were committed, was precedent-setting. In this volume, Guatemalan and international scholars rigorously explore the complexities of the Guatemala experience and reflect upon the case's implications for understanding and prosecuting the category of genocide more broadly. Topics include: the nexus of racism and counterinsurgency in explaining Guatemala's genocide; the politics of Maya collective memory; the intersections of gender, sexuality, and ethnicity in genocide; the decades-long interconnections of national and transnational justice processes that brought the case to trial; and the limits and contributions of tribunal justice. This book was originally published as a special issue of the *Journal of Genocide Research*.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: Awakening Warrior Timothy L. Challans,

2010-03-10 2007 CHOICE Outstanding Academic Title *Awakening Warrior* argues for a revolution in the ethics of warfare for the American War Machine—those political and military institutions that engage the world with physical force. Timothy L. Challans focuses on the systemic, institutional level of morality rather than bemoaning the moral shortcomings of individuals. He asks: What are the limits of individual moral agency? What kind of responsibility do individuals have when considering institutional moral error? How is it that neutral or benign moral actions performed by individuals can have such catastrophic morally negative effects from a systemic perspective? Drawing upon and extending the ethical theories of Kant, Dewey, and Rawls, Challans makes the case for an original set of moral principles to guide ethical action on the battlefield. ...[Challans's] call for reformation combined with a demand for a new set of moral principles to govern the ethical behavior on the battlefield is certain to garner the attention and ire of many readers and military leaders. — Parameters This is an important book that needs to be read and taken seriously. If it is, it could be as revolutionary as its subtitle suggests. — CHOICE

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *The Flawed Architect* Jussi M. Hanhimaki, 2004-09-09 Henry Kissinger dominated American foreign relations like no other figure in recent history. He negotiated an end to American involvement in the Vietnam War, opened relations with Communist China, and orchestrated détente with the Soviet Union. Yet he is also the man behind the secret bombing of Cambodia and policies leading to the overthrow of Chile's President Salvador Allende. Which is more accurate, the picture of Kissinger the skilled diplomat or Kissinger the war criminal? In *The Flawed Architect*, the first major reassessment of Kissinger in over a decade, historian Jussi Hanhimaki paints a subtle, carefully composed portrait of America's most famous and infamous statesman. Drawing on extensive research from newly declassified files, the author follows Kissinger from his beginnings in the Nixon administration up to the current controversy fed by Christopher Hitchens over whether Kissinger is a war criminal. Hanhimaki guides the reader through White House power struggles and debates behind the Cambodia and Laos invasions, the search for a strategy in Vietnam, the breakthrough with China, and the unfolding of Soviet-American détente. Here, too, are many other international crises of the period—the Indo-Pakistani War, the Yom Kippur War, the Angolan civil war—all set against the backdrop of Watergate. Along the way, Hanhimaki sheds light on Kissinger's personal flaws—he was obsessed with secrecy and bureaucratic infighting in an administration that self-destructed in its abuse of power—as well as his great strengths as a diplomat. We see Kissinger negotiating, threatening and joking with virtually all of the key foreign leaders of the 1970s, from Mao to Brezhnev and Anwar Sadat to Golda Meir. This well researched account brings to life the complex nature of American foreign policymaking during the Kissinger years. It will be the standard work on Kissinger for years to come.

christopher hitchens the trial of henry kissinger: *Kissinger* Niall Ferguson, 2015-09-29 SPECTATOR, NEW STATESMAN, TELEGRAPH, SUNDAY TIMES and FINANCIAL TIMES BOOKS OF THE YEAR 2015 No American statesman has been as revered and as reviled as Henry Kissinger. Hailed by some as the indispensable man, whose advice has been sought by every president from John F. Kennedy to George W. Bush, Kissinger has also attracted immense hostility from critics who have cast him as an amoral Machiavellian - the ultimate cold-blooded realist. In this remarkable new book, the first of two volumes, Niall Ferguson has created an extraordinary panorama of Kissinger's world, and a paradigm-shifting reappraisal of the man. Only through knowledge of Kissinger's early life (as a Jew in Hitler's Germany, a poor immigrant in New York, a GI at the Battle of the Bulge, an interrogator of Nazis, and a student of history at Harvard) can we understand his debt to the philosophy of idealism. And only by tracing his rise, fall and revival as an adviser to Kennedy, Nelson Rockefeller and, finally, Richard Nixon can we appreciate the magnitude of his contribution to the theory of diplomacy, grand strategy and nuclear deterrence. Drawing not only on Kissinger's hitherto closed private papers but also on documents from more than a hundred archives around the world, this biography is Niall Ferguson's masterpiece. Like his classic two-volume history of the House of Rothschild, Kissinger sheds dazzling new light on an entire era.

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