

# the white hotel dm thomas

**The white hotel dm thomas** is a compelling novel that has captivated readers worldwide with its intricate narrative, rich symbolism, and profound exploration of human psychology. Authored by D.M. Thomas, this literary masterpiece delves into themes of memory, identity, and the passage of time, set against the backdrop of a mysterious and haunting hotel. In this comprehensive article, we will explore the novel's plot, themes, characters, and its significance in contemporary literature, providing valuable insights for both new readers and seasoned enthusiasts.

## Overview of The White Hotel DM Thomas

### Introduction to the Novel

The White Hotel, published in 1981 by D.M. Thomas, is a multi-layered narrative that intertwines historical facts, personal memories, and fictional elements. The novel is renowned for its experimental structure, blending prose, poetry, and non-linear storytelling to create a mosaic of human experience. It centers around a fictionalized account of a woman named Lisa Koenig, a former opera singer, who seeks psychoanalysis and recounts her life story, revealing her encounters with trauma, sexuality, and the uncanny.

### Plot Summary

The novel is divided into several interconnected sections:

1. **Lisa's Childhood and Early Life:** The story begins with Lisa's childhood in Romania, exploring her early years, family background, and the impact of World War II on her life.
2. **The White Hotel Experience:** Lisa visits the White Hotel, a mysterious establishment in Austria, where she undergoes psychoanalysis that unlocks repressed memories and hidden truths.
3. **Historical and Personal Intertwining:** The narrative interweaves Lisa's personal history with broader historical events, including the Holocaust, the rise of fascism, and the post-war period.
4. **The Uncanny and the Supernatural:** Elements of the supernatural and the uncanny surface throughout the novel, contributing to its surreal atmosphere.
5. **Reflections on Trauma and Memory:** The latter parts of the book delve into the nature of trauma, memory, and the ways in which the past continues to influence the present.

# Major Themes in The White Hotel DM Thomas

## Memory and Repression

One of the central themes of the novel is how memory functions, especially in relation to trauma. Lisa's recounting of her past reveals the ways in which repressed memories can resurface unexpectedly, shaping identity and perception.

## Historical Trauma and Personal Identity

The novel explores the intersection between personal history and collective trauma, particularly through the lens of the Holocaust. It examines how historical atrocities leave lasting imprints on individual psyches.

## Sexuality and Desire

D.M. Thomas delves into complex portrayals of sexuality, emphasizing its role in identity formation and emotional expression. The novel challenges taboos and explores sexuality as a force that can be both liberating and destructive.

## The Supernatural and the Uncanny

Elements of supernatural phenomena and uncanny experiences permeate the story, blurring the lines between reality and the surreal. These aspects serve to deepen the novel's exploration of the subconscious.

## Art, Music, and Expression

Throughout the novel, references to art and music—particularly opera—highlight the importance of creative expression as a means of understanding and coping with trauma.

# Characters in The White Hotel DM Thomas

## Lisa Koenig

The protagonist, Lisa is a complex character whose life story embodies the novel's themes of trauma, memory, and identity. Her background as an opera singer and her experiences at the White Hotel serve as focal points for the narrative.

## The Psychoanalyst

A key figure in Lisa's journey, the psychoanalyst helps her access repressed memories, acting as a guide through her subconscious landscape.

## Historical Figures and Archetypes

The novel also features representations of historical figures and archetypal characters that symbolize broader human experiences and collective memories.

## Literary Significance and Critical Reception

### Innovative Structure and Style

D.M. Thomas's experimental approach, combining multiple narrative layers, poetry, and non-linear storytelling, positions *The White Hotel* as a pioneering work in postmodern literature.

### Themes of Trauma and Healing

Critical scholars have praised the novel for its sensitive portrayal of trauma and its exploration of the psychological aftermath of historical atrocities.

### Influence on Contemporary Literature

*The White Hotel* has influenced numerous writers and artists, inspiring works that examine the intersections of history, memory, and the subconscious.

## Why Read *The White Hotel* DM Thomas?

- **Deep Psychological Insights:** The novel offers profound reflections on the human mind and the impacts of trauma.
- **Rich Literary Style:** Thomas's poetic language and innovative narrative techniques provide a rewarding reading experience.
- **Historical and Cultural Perspectives:** It provides a unique lens on 20th-century history and its effects on individual lives.
- **Exploration of Universal Themes:** Themes of love, loss, memory, and identity resonate across diverse audiences.

# **Where to Find More About The White Hotel DM Thomas**

## **Book Retailers and Libraries**

The White Hotel is widely available in bookstores and libraries worldwide. It can be found in both print and digital formats, including Kindle, hardcover, and paperback editions.

## **Online Resources**

Websites like Goodreads, Amazon, and literary review platforms provide reviews, summaries, and discussions about the novel. Academic journals often feature critical essays analyzing its themes and style.

## **Literary Discussions and Book Clubs**

Joining book clubs or online forums dedicated to contemporary literature can enrich your understanding of The White Hotel through shared insights and interpretations.

## **Conclusion**

The white hotel dm thomas stands as a testament to the power of literature to probe the depths of human consciousness and history. Its layered narrative, complex characters, and exploration of trauma make it a profound and challenging read. Whether you are interested in psychological fiction, historical narratives, or experimental storytelling, this novel offers a compelling journey into the mysteries of memory and identity. Embracing its intricacies can lead to a deeper appreciation of how past experiences shape our present selves, making The White Hotel a timeless addition to modern literary canon.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **What is the main theme of 'The White Hotel' by D.M. Thomas?**

The main theme of 'The White Hotel' explores the intersection of memory, trauma, sexuality, and the boundaries between reality and hallucination, often weaving together personal and historical narratives.

### **How does D.M. Thomas structure 'The White Hotel'?**

The novel is structured as a fragmented narrative that shifts between different time periods, perspectives, and genres, including elements of fiction, biography, and psychoanalytic theory to create a layered storytelling experience.

## **What is the significance of the white hotel in the novel?**

The white hotel serves as a symbolic setting representing a space of memory, trauma, and transformation, acting as a nexus where personal histories and psychological depths converge.

## **Who is the protagonist in 'The White Hotel'?**

The novel features multiple characters, but a central figure is a young woman undergoing therapy, whose life and memories are explored through her experiences and her connection to historical events.

## **Is 'The White Hotel' based on real events or figures?**

While the novel incorporates historical elements and references to real events, it is a work of fiction that blurs the line between historical fact and imaginative storytelling.

## **What awards or recognition has 'The White Hotel' received?**

Despite not winning major mainstream awards, 'The White Hotel' has been highly acclaimed for its experimental style and psychological depth, establishing it as a significant work in contemporary literature.

## **How does 'The White Hotel' explore the concept of trauma?**

The novel delves into trauma through its exploration of personal memories, the impact of war and violence, and psychoanalytic insights, illustrating how trauma shapes identity and perception.

## **What is the critical reception of 'The White Hotel'?**

Critics have praised 'The White Hotel' for its innovative narrative structure, profound psychological insight, and lyrical prose, though some find its non-linear style challenging.

## **How does D.M. Thomas use language and style in 'The White Hotel'?**

D.M. Thomas employs poetic, evocative language and a fragmented, layered style that reflects the complexities of memory and subconscious thought, enhancing the novel's immersive experience.

## **Where can I find discussions or analyses of 'The White Hotel'?**

You can find numerous literary essays, online forums, and academic articles analyzing 'The White Hotel' on platforms like JSTOR, Goodreads, and literary blogs dedicated to contemporary fiction.

## **Additional Resources**

The White Hotel DM Thomas: An In-Depth Analysis of Its Themes, Style, and Literary Significance

## Introduction

In the landscape of contemporary fiction, few novels challenge readers as profoundly as *The White Hotel* by D.M. Thomas. Although often associated with D.M. Thomas's broader oeuvre, this work stands out as a compelling examination of memory, trauma, sexuality, and history. Published in 1981, *The White Hotel* has garnered both acclaim and controversy for its layered narrative, experimental style, and intense psychological probing. This detailed review aims to dissect the novel's thematic complexity, stylistic approach, and its influence within literary circles, providing a comprehensive understanding suitable for critics, scholars, and avid readers alike.

## Overview of the Novel

*The White Hotel* is a hybrid work that straddles multiple genres—part historical novel, part psychological case study, and part metafiction. The narrative primarily follows the life of Lisa Koenig, a Viennese woman whose story interweaves with historical events such as the Holocaust, and explores her psychological trauma and her relationship with her own sexuality. The novel is structured into three distinct sections:

1. **The Hotel** — Set in the early 20th century, focusing on Lisa's childhood and early adult life in Vienna.
2. **The Dream** — A series of dream sequences that serve as a conduit to her subconscious and her repressed memories.
3. **The Present** — Covering her life during and after World War II, culminating in her hospitalization and psychological treatment.

The novel's narrative technique, blending narrative prose with poetic and experimental elements, invites readers into a deeply immersive experience that challenges traditional storytelling forms.

## Deep Dive into Major Themes

### Memory and Trauma

One of the central themes of *The White Hotel* is the fragile and often fractured nature of memory. Thomas explores how traumatic experiences—particularly those related to war, violence, and personal loss—are stored and retrieved within the mind. The novel suggests that memory is not a linear or reliable record but a fluid, often distorted reflection of reality.

Key aspects include:

- **Repressed Memories:** Lisa's memories of her childhood and wartime experiences are fragmented and resurfaced through dreams and psychological treatment.
- **Trauma as a Cultural Force:** The book examines how individual trauma intersects with collective historical trauma, especially the Holocaust's pervasive shadow.
- **Narrative as a Healing or Re-traumatizing Tool:** The act of storytelling and writing becomes both a means of confronting and perpetuating trauma.

# Sexuality and Desire

Thomas does not shy away from exploring sexuality in its raw, often uncomfortable forms. The novel depicts Lisa's sexuality as both a source of empowerment and vulnerability. The narrative probes the complexities of desire, including themes of repression, fetishism, and the link between sexuality and trauma.

Important points include:

- Eroticism and Violence: The boundaries between sexual pleasure and pain are blurred, reflecting the psychological scars of violence.
- Feminine Identity: Lisa's sexuality is intertwined with her sense of self, and her experiences challenge traditional gender roles.
- Symbolism of the White Hotel: The hotel itself becomes a symbol of erotic longing, a space where desire and memory converge.

## Historical and Cultural Context

Set against the backdrop of early 20th-century Vienna and the upheavals of World War II, the novel anchors personal stories within broader historical currents.

Key contextual elements:

- Viennese Society: The cultural milieu of Vienna, with its rich intellectual and artistic history, influences Lisa's development.
- Holocaust and War: The narrative vividly depicts the horrors of the Holocaust, emphasizing its devastating impact on individual lives.
- Post-War Trauma: The aftermath of war and the process of psychological recovery are central to Lisa's story.

Stylistic and Structural Analysis

## Experimental Narrative Technique

D.M. Thomas employs a highly experimental narrative approach, blending different styles to evoke the fluidity of memory and consciousness.

Features include:

- Non-Linear Structure: The novel jumps across time and space, mimicking the way memories surface unpredictably.
- Dream Sequences: These are presented as poetic, surreal episodes that reveal subconscious truths.
- Intertextuality: References to art, literature, and history enrich the narrative, creating a multilayered reading experience.

# Language and Prose Style

Thomas's prose is characterized by its lyrical quality, poetic rhythm, and stark imagery. His language often oscillates between clinical detachment and passionate intensity, mirroring the psychological states of his characters.

Highlights include:

- Use of vivid imagery to evoke emotional and sensory responses.
- Juxtaposition of scientific and poetic diction, reflecting the tension between rational analysis and emotional depth.
- Repetition and fragmentation to mirror the disjointed nature of trauma memories.

# Symbolism and Motifs

The novel employs a rich tapestry of symbols and motifs that deepen its thematic resonance:

- The White Hotel: A liminal space representing desire, memory, and the boundary between consciousness and the unconscious.
- Dreams: Serve as portals to hidden truths and repressed experiences.
- Historical Artifacts: Photographs, documents, and artworks serve as anchors to reality amidst the surreal narrative.

## Critical Reception and Literary Significance

Since its publication, *The White Hotel* has sparked diverse critical interpretations:

- Some critics hail it as a pioneering work of psychological fiction, praising its innovative narrative techniques.
- Others have debated its portrayal of trauma and sexuality, questioning its ethical implications and emotional impact.
- The novel's experimental style has influenced subsequent writers interested in blending fiction with psychoanalytic themes.

Its significance extends beyond literary circles, contributing to broader conversations about trauma, memory, and the ethics of representation in art.

## Controversies and Debates

The novel has not been without controversy. Its candid exploration of sexuality and trauma, especially in relation to the Holocaust, has elicited both admiration and criticism.

Major points of debate include:

- Authenticity and Ethical Responsibility: Some question whether the portrayal of trauma can be ethically or accurately represented through fiction.
- Representation of Sexuality: Critics have raised concerns about the explicit scenes and their potential to re-traumatize or exploit subjects.

- Interpretative Ambiguity: The novel's non-linear, poetic style invites multiple interpretations, leading to disagreements about its meaning and intent.

## Conclusion

The White Hotel by D.M. Thomas remains a landmark work in modern experimental fiction. Its intricate weaving of psychological insight, historical context, and poetic language creates a profound meditation on the human condition. The novel challenges readers to confront uncomfortable truths about memory, desire, and trauma, making it both a compelling and controversial piece of literature.

For critics and scholars, it offers a fertile ground for analysis—whether examining its stylistic innovations, thematic depth, or cultural significance. For readers, it provides a visceral journey into the depths of the subconscious, demanding an active, reflective engagement. In the landscape of contemporary literature, The White Hotel endures as a testament to the power of fiction to explore the most complex facets of human experience.

## Final Assessment

- Strengths:
  - Innovative narrative structure
  - Deep psychological exploration
  - Rich symbolic language
- Weaknesses:
  - Potentially challenging or disorienting for some readers
  - Ethical debates around portrayal of trauma and sexuality
- Overall Rating: Highly recommended for those interested in experimental fiction, trauma studies, and psychological narratives.

In Summary, D.M. Thomas's The White Hotel is a profound, multifaceted novel that continues to provoke thought and debate decades after its publication. Its blend of poetic language, complex themes, and experimental form makes it a vital work for understanding the intersections of memory, trauma, and art in contemporary literature.

## [The White Hotel Dm Thomas](#)

**the white hotel dm thomas: The White Hotel** D. M. Thomas, 1990-04 A chronicle of a woman's life told first through Freud's letters, then through a case history of her analysis, and finally through conventional narrative.

**the white hotel dm thomas: *The Soul is a Far Country*** Richard K. Cross, 1992

**the white hotel dm thomas: Holocaust Fiction** Sue Vice, 2003-09-02 Examining the controversies that have accompanied the publication of novels representing the Holocaust, this compelling book explores such literature to analyze their violently mixed receptions and what this says about the ethics and practice of millennial Holocaust literature. The novels examined, including some for the first time, are: \* Time's Arrow by Martin Amis \* The White Hotel by D.M. Thomas \* The Painted Bird by Jerzy Kosinski \* Schindler's List by Thomas Keneally \* Sophie's Choice by William Styron \* The Hand that Signed the Paper by Helen Darville. Taking issue with the idea that the Holocaust should only be represented factually, this compelling book argues that Holocaust fiction is not only legitimate, but an important genre that it is essential to accept. In a growing area of

interest, Sue Vice adds a new, intelligent and contentious voice to the key debates within Holocaust studies.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Waiting for the End* Earl G. Ingersoll, 2007 *Waiting for the End* examines two dozen contemporary novels within the context of a half century of theorizing about the function of ending in narrative. That theorizing about ending generated a powerful dynamic a quarter-century ago with the advent of feminist criticism of masculinist readings of the role played by ending in fiction. Feminists such as Theresa de Lauretis in 1984 and more famously Susan Winnett in her 1991 PMLA essay, *Coming Unstrung*, were leading voices in a swelling chorus of theorist pointing out the masculinist bias of ending in narrative. With the entry of feminist readings of ending, it became inevitable that criticism of fiction would become gendered through the recognition of difference transcending a simple binary of female/male to establish a spectrum of masculine to feminine endings, regardless of the sex of the writer. Accordingly, *Waiting for the End* examines pairs of novels - one pair by Margaret Atwood and one by Ian McEwan - to demonstrate how a writer can offer endings at either end of the gender spectrum.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Caught by History* Ernst van Alphen, 1997 In the face of strong moral and aesthetic pressure to deal with the Holocaust in strictly historical and documentary modes, this book discusses why and how reenactment of the Holocaust in art and imaginative literature can be successful in simultaneously presenting, analyzing, and working through this apocalyptic moment in human history. In pursuing his argument, the author explores such diverse materials and themes as: the testimonies of Holocaust survivors; the works of such artists and writers as Charlotte Salomon, Christian Boltanski, and Armando; and the question of what it means to live in a house built by a Jew who was later transported to the death camps. He shows that reenactment, as an artistic project, also functions as a critical strategy, one that, unlike historical methods requiring a mediator, speaks directly to us and lures us into the Holocaust. We are then placed in the position of experiencing and being the subjects of that history. We are there, and history is present--but not quite. A confrontation with Nazism or with the Holocaust by means of a re-enactment takes place within the representational realm of art. Our access to this past is no longer mediated by the account of a witness, by a narrator, by the eye of a photographer. We do not respond to a re-presentation of the historical event, but to a presentation or performance of it, and our response is direct or firsthand in a different way. That different way of keeping in touch is the subject of inquiry that propels this study.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Reflections on Modernity in D. M. Thomas's The White Hotel*, 2007

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *D.M. Thomas* Bran Nicol, 2004 This book argues that D M Thomas continually stretches the boundaries of the novel to find a suitable form to reflect the impact of the uniquely violent, often nightmarish events of our times, on the desires and fantasies within us all.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Magical Realism* Lois Parkinson Zamora, Wendy B. Faris, 1995 On magical realism in literature

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *New York Magazine*, 1981-03-16 New York magazine was born in 1968 after a run as an insert of the New York Herald Tribune and quickly made a place for itself as the trusted resource for readers across the country. With award-winning writing and photography covering everything from politics and food to theater and fashion, the magazine's consistent mission has been to reflect back to its audience the energy and excitement of the city itself, while celebrating New York as both a place and an idea.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Moments of Moment*, 2021-11-22 ... a sudden spiritual manifestation, whether in the vulgarity of speech or of gesture or in a memorable phase in the mind itself. Thus Stephen Dedalus in James Joyce's *Stephen Hero*: defines the phenomenon that has ever since been known as the literary epiphany. The essays gathered in this volume comprise a wide survey of this phenomenon. With recurrent reference to its most famous creators, notably William Wordsworth, who was the first to consciously explore and delineate those momentous spots in time

in his *Prelude*, Walter Pater, James Joyce and Virginia Woolf, this book intends to provide a broad and unbiased exploration into the various types and categories of the moment of moment that can be distinguished, ranging from William Blake, Ann Radcliffe and Charles Maturin through the nineteenth-century sonnet tradition and the naturalistic novel to modernist and postmodernist exponents such as Ezra Pound and Elizabeth Bowen, Philip larkin and Seamus Heaney, and include contributions by acclaimed experts in the field such as Martin Bidney, Robert Langbaum, Jay Losey, and Ashton Nichols.

**the white hotel dm thomas: Holocaust Literature: Lerner to Zychlinsky, index** S. Lillian Kremer, 2003 Review: This encyclopedia offers an authoritative and comprehensive survey of the important writers and works that form the literature about the Holocaust and its consequences. The collection is alphabetically arranged and consists of high-quality biocritical essays on 309 writers who are first-, second-, and third-generation survivors or important thinkers and spokespersons on the Holocaust. An essential literary reference work, this publication is an important addition to the genre and a solid value for public and academic libraries.--The Top 20 Reference Titles of the Year, American Libraries, May 2004

**the white hotel dm thomas: The Jew's Body** Sander Gilman, 2013-01-11 Drawing on a wealth of medical and historical materials, Sander Gilman sketches details of the anti-Semitic rhetoric about the Jewish body and mind, including medical and popular depictions of the Jewish voice, feet, and nose. Case studies illustrate how Jews have responded to such public misconceptions as the myth of the cloven foot and Jewish flat-footedness, the proposed link between the Jewish mind and hysteria, and the Victorians' irrational connection between Jews and prostitutes. Gilman is especially concerned with the role of psychoanalysis in the construction of anti-Semitism, examining Freud's attitude towards his own Jewishness and its effect on his theories, as well as the supposed objectiveness of psychiatrists and social scientists.

**the white hotel dm thomas: Traumatic Encounters** Paul Eisenstein, 2012-02-01 Traumatic Encounters argues for an alternative memorial path in Holocaust and cultural studies—one that shows the vital necessity of thinking in a universal way about an event like the Holocaust. Relying on Hegel's notion that the particular is already universal, Eisenstein shows how the encounter with trauma transpires not in the refusal of a universalizing gesture but rather in its wholesale embrace. This embrace results in a recognition involving the trauma that conditions the possibility of history in the first place—a structural trauma immune to historicization that Hegel and psychoanalysis place at the heart of subjectivity and community. This encounter with structural trauma is at the center of four titles that Eisenstein examines: Spielberg's *Schindler's List*, D. M. Thomas's *The White Hotel*, Thomas Mann's *Doctor Faustus*, and David Grossman's *See Under: Love*

**the white hotel dm thomas: Mother Jones** , 1981-05

**the white hotel dm thomas: British Postmodern Fiction** Theo d'. Haen, Theo d' Haen, Johannes Willem Bertens, 1993

**the white hotel dm thomas: Important Artifacts and Personal Property from the Collection of Lenore Doolan and Harold Morris, Including Books, Street Fashion, and Jewelry** Leanne Shapton, 2009-02-03 A love story told in the form of an auction catalog. Auction catalogs can tell you a lot about a person -- their passions and vanities, peccadilloes and aesthetics; their flush years and lean. Think of the collections of Jacqueline Kennedy Onassis, Truman Capote, the Duke and Duchess of Windsor. In Leanne Shapton's marvelously inventive and invented auction catalog, the 325 lots up for auction are what remain from the relationship between Lenore Doolan and Harold Morris (who aren't real people, but might as well be). Through photographs of the couple's personal effects -- the usual auction items (jewelry, fine art, and rare furniture) and the seemingly worthless (pajamas, Post-it notes, worn paperbacks) -- the story of a failed love affair vividly (and cleverly) emerges. From first meeting to final separation, the progress and rituals of intimacy are revealed through the couple's accumulated relics and memorabilia. And a love story, in all its tenderness and struggle, emerges from the evidence that has been left behind, laid out for us to appraise and appreciate. In an earlier work, *Was She Pretty?*, Shapton, a talented artist and illustrator, subtly explored the

seemingly simple yet powerfully complicated nature of sexual jealousy. In *Important Artifacts and Personal Property* from the Collection of Lenore Doolan and Harold Morris—a very different yet equally original book—she invites us to contemplate what is truly valuable, and to consider the art we make of our private lives.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Pragmatic Plagiarism* Marilyn Randall, 2001-01-01 In this illuminating study, Marilyn Randall takes on the question of why some cases of literary repetition become great art, while others are relegated to the ignominy of plagiarism. Her discussion reveals that plagiarism is not the objective textual fact it is often taken for, but a phenomenon governed by the norms and conventions of literary reception. Randall turns her focus on the critical debates surrounding cases of perceived plagiarism. Charting the progress of plagiarism in the history of Western letters, her study ranges over centuries, from the notion's first appearance in Roman times to contemporary disputes about intellectual property. Randall considers the development of copyright law and the notion of authorship, presents a wide range of texts, and draws aptly on Foucault's notion of the discursive construction of authorship. Just as Foucault studied insanity to find out what was meant by sanity, says Randall, so the study of plagiarism can reveal what was meant by the term literary at various cultural moments. She shows that perceived instances of plagiarism are aspects of an ongoing power struggle in the literary field. And as she reveals, it is not the plagiarist but the accuser who is most concerned with achieving profit and power.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Fact into Fiction* Lars Ole Sauerberg, 1991-04-23

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *Transgressions of Reading* Robert D. Newman, 1993 It is often claimed that we know ourselves and the world through narratives. In this book, Robert D. Newman portrays narrative engagement as a process grounded in psychoanalytic theory to explain how readers (or listeners or viewers) manage to engage with specific narratives and derive from them a personal experience. Newman describes this psychodrama of narrative engagement as that of exile and return, an experience in which narrative becomes a type of homeland, beckoning and elusive, endlessly defining and disrupting the borders of a reader's identity. Within this paradigm, he considers a fascinating variety of narrative texts: from the Jim Jones episode in Guyana to Freud's repression of personal history in his story of Moses; from a surrealist collage novel by Max Ernst to the horror films of Alfred Hitchcock; from the works of James Joyce, Ariel Dorfman, Milan Kundera, and D. M. Thomas to the tales of abjection in pornography. *Transgressions of Reading* is itself an engaging work, as interesting for its provocative readings of particular works as for its theoretical insights. It will appeal to readers from all fields in which narrative plays a crucial role, in the study of film and art, modern and contemporary literature, popular culture, and feminist, psychoanalytic, and reader response theory.

**the white hotel dm thomas:** *The Bloomsbury Companion to Holocaust Literature* Jenni Adams, 2014-10-23 The Bloomsbury Companion to Holocaust Literature is a comprehensive reference resource including a wealth of critical material on a diverse range of topics within the literary study of Holocaust writing. At its centre is a series of specially commissioned essays by leading scholars within the field: these address genre-specific issues such as the question of biographical and historical truth in Holocaust testimony, as well as broader topics including the politics of Holocaust representation and the validity of comparative approaches to the Holocaust in literature and criticism. The volume includes a substantial section detailing new and emergent trends within the literary study of the Holocaust, a concise glossary of major critical terminology, and an annotated bibliography of relevant research material. Featuring original essays by: Victoria Aarons, Jenni Adams, Michael Bernard-Donals, Matthew Boswell, Stef Craps, Richard Crownshaw, Brett Ashley Kaplan and Fernando Herrero-Matoses, Adrienne Kertzer, Erin McGlothlin, David Miller, and Sue Vice.

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